

SCHOOL OF LEGAL STUDIES

LL.M (Business and Corporate Law) Program

Handbook

Batch: 2020-2021

Rukmini Knowledge Park, Kattigenahalli, Yelahanka, Bangalore-560064 Phone No: 080 4696 6966,

Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust

www.reva.edu.in

Chancellor's Message

"Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world."

- Nelson Mandela.

There was a time when survival depended on just the realization of physiological needs. We are indeed privileged to exist in a time when 'intellectual gratification' has become indispensable. Information is easily attainable for the soul that is curious enough to go look for it. Technological boons enable information availability anywhere anytime. The difference, however, lies between those who look for information and those who look for knowledge.



It is deemed virtuous to serve seekers of knowledge and as educators it is in the ethos at REVA University to empower every learner who chooses to enter our portals. Driven by our founding philosophy of 'Knowledge is Power', we believe in building a community of perpetual learners by enabling them to look beyond their abilities and achieve what they assumed impossible.

India has always been beheld as a brewing pot of unbelievable talent, acute intellect, and immense potential. All it takes to turn those qualities into power is a spark of opportunity. Being at a University is an exciting and rewarding experience with opportunities to nurture abilities, challenge cognizance and gain competence.

For any University, the structure of excellence lies in the transitional abilities of its faculty and its facility. I'm always in awe of the efforts that our academic board puts in to develop the team of subject matter experts at REVA. My faculty colleagues understand our core vision of empowering our future generation to be ethically, morally, and intellectually elite. They practice the art of teaching with a student-cantered and transformational approach. The excellent infrastructure at the University, both educational and extracurricular, magnificently demonstrates the importance of ambience in facilitating focused learning for our students.

A famous British politician and author from the 19th century - Benjamin Disraeli, once said 'A University should be a place of light, of liberty and of learning'. Centuries later this dictum still inspires me, and I believe, it takes teamwork to build successful institutions. I welcome you to REVA University to join hands in laying the foundation of your future with values, wisdom, and knowledge.

Dr. P. Shyama RajuThe Founder and Hon'ble Chancellor, REVA University

Vice-Chancellor's Message

The last two decades have seen a remarkable growth in higher education in India and across the globe. The move towards inter- disciplinary studies and interactive learning have opened up several options as well as created multiple challenges. India is at a juncture where a huge population of young crowd is opting for higher education. With the tremendous growth of privatization of education in India, the major focus is on creating a platform for quality in knowledge enhancement and bridging the gap between academia and industry.



A strong believer and practitioner of the dictum "Knowledge is Power", REVA University has been on the path of delivering quality education by developing the young human resources on the foundation of ethical and moral values, while boosting their leadership qualities, research culture and innovative skills. Built on a sprawling 45 acres of green campus, this 'temple of learning' has excellent and state-of-the-art infrastructure facilities conducive to higher teaching-learning environment and research. The main objective of the University is to provide higher education of global standards and hence, all the programs are designed to meet international standards. Highly experienced and qualified faculty members, continuously engaged in the maintenance and enhancement of student-centric learning environment through innovative pedagogy, form the backbone of the University.

All the programs offered by REVA University follow the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with Outcome Based Approach. The flexibility in the curriculum has been designed with industry-specific goals in mind and the educator enjoys complete freedom to appropriate the syllabus by incorporating the latest knowledge and stimulating the creative minds of the students. Bench marked with the course of studies of various institutions of repute, our curriculum is extremely contemporary and is a culmination of efforts of great think-tanks - a large number of faculty members, experts from industries and research level organizations. The evaluation mechanism employs continuous assessment with grade point averages. We believe sincerely that it will meet the aspirations of all stakeholders – students, parents and the employers of the graduates and postgraduates of REVA University.

At REVA University, research, consultancy and innovation are regarded as our pillars of success. Most of the faculty members of the University are involved in research by attracting funded projects from various research level organizations like DST, VGST, DBT, DRDO, AICTE and industries. The outcome of the research is passed on to students through live projects from industries. The entrepreneurial zeal of the students is encouraged and nurtured through EDPs and EACs.

REVA University has entered into collaboration with many prominent industries to bridge the gap between industry and University. Regular visits to industries and mandatory internship with industries have helped our students. REVA University has entered into collaboration with

many prominent industries to bridge the gap between industry and University. Regular visits to industries and mandatory internship with industries have helped our students become skilled with relevant to industry requirements. Structured training programs on soft-skills and preparatory training for competitive exams are offered here to make students more employable. 100% placement of eligible students speaks the effectiveness of these programs. The entrepreneurship development activities and establishment of "Technology Incubation Centres" in the University extend full support to the budding entrepreneurs to nurture their ideas and establish an enterprise.

With firm faith in the saying, "Intelligence plus character –that is the goal of education" (Martin Luther King, Jr.), I strongly believe REVA University is marching ahead in the right direction, providing a holistic education to the future generation and playing a positive role in nation building. We reiterate our endeavour to provide premium quality education accessible to all and an environment for the growth of over-all personality development leading to generating "GLOBAL PROFESSIONALS".

Welcome to the portals of REVA University

Director's Message

At his best, man is the noblest of all animals; separated from law and justice he is the worst.

Aristotle

Ubi jus ibi remedium, where there is right there is remedy. Law is a powerful tool for bringing positive social change. The duty of legal professionals is to identify the rights and seek the remedies to make the real promise of "equal justice". The privilege of being a part of the legal profession compels us to promote the rule of law and its commitment to justice and equality.



Today, the best legal education must include an integration

of theory, doctrine, and practice and must be delivered by a diverse faculty to a diverse student body. Legal education is no longer restricted to the traditional core subjects but it has interaction with public policy, business, information technology, bio medical technology, socio-political issues, ethical issues, cyber space environmental issues among others. The scope of legal education again is transgressing to international realm and providing a global perspective to students is a must.

Our school's commitment is to provide all round excellence to make our students adept to chart their own paths through unique programs that cross traditional disciplinary boundaries and provide opportunities to learn by doing. At REVA School of Legal Studies, students will not just learn to practice law, but they would learn to shape it. It is our aim to inculcate rigorous analytical skills needed as practitioner or as a Stewart of social, political and legal change. We aspire to prepare future leaders, lawyers, legal journalists, managers, business heads to serve their clients, the justice system and the public with a high level of accomplishment and a commitment to the highest ideals of the legal profession. We recognize the essential role of human creativity, intelligence, and initiative in education and therefore we strive to channelize the energies of our students for productive and creative purposes to develop their professional capacity. As a law school, we are committed to a healthy and respectful environment of free intellectual inquiry and exchange, and the protection of freedom of thought.

BBA LL. B program is designed keeping in view the current demographic need highlighted above and possible future developments, both at national and global levels. The course is a unique amalgamation of two professional degrees BBA and LLB and therefore provides an edge to our students for their future endeavour. While students will learn intricacies of business, they will be equally well-versed in nuances of regulatory affairs and corporate laws. The scheme of instruction and curriculum is prepared by the Board of Studies consisting of notable scholars, academicians, lawyers, legal experts specialized in the field. Greater emphasis is laid on the practical aspects of legal education, internships, tutorials etc. School of Legal Studies intends to measure student's growth and development in the area of legal reasoning, analytical skills, refinement and conceptualization, assimilation of large amount of data and acquisition

of the breadth of understanding and depth in the areas that interest the students most. Students will have access to various electives and this flexibility will be supported by a rigorous core program involving theory, study of doctrines, case-laws, case studies and practical training involving writing of research reports, internships, moots etc. The curriculum caters and has relevance to Local, Regional, National and Global developmental needs. Maximum number of courses are integrated to cross- cutting issues with relevant to professional ethics, Gender, Human values Environment and Sustainability. This program is under CBCS and CAGP system where students have the opportunity to choose the subjects of their choice from wide era of subjects as soft core study and open elective.

The personal and professional interests in the above course are matched by our faculty's discipline- leading research providing manifestation of contemporary issues throughout the study period. Our well-qualified, experienced and committed faculty will guide you, monitor your progress, mould you and make your study interesting and fruitful. Exciting opportunities will be available to students to expand their practical know-how in the field through internships, judicial clerkships, participation on moot-courts, MUN's among others. The facilities for curricular and co-curricular activities in REVA University with dedicated supportive staff provide you conducive ambience for learning. The University fully understands that engagement with professionally relevant aspects in Business Administration as well as Legal Studies is what will make our graduates sought after future leaders in their respective fields.

I am sure the students choosing BA LLB in REVA University will enjoy the curriculum, learning environment as well as make the best use of the vast infrastructure and experienced teacher's guidance. We will strive to provide all needed comfort and congenial environment for your studies. I wish all students pleasant stay in REVA and grand success in their career.

Dr. Bharathi. S Director, School of Legal Studies

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RUKMINI EDUCATIONAL CHARITABLE TRUST

It was the dream of late Smt. Rukmini Shyama Raju to impart education to millions of underprivileged children as she knew the importance of education in the contemporary society. The dream of Smt. Rukmini Shyama Raju came true with the establishment of Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust (RECT), in the year 2002. Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust(RECT) is a Public Charitable Trust, set up in 2002 with the objective of promoting, establishing and conducting academic activities in the fields of Arts, Architecture, Commerce, Education, Engineering, Environmental Science, Legal Studies, Management and Science & Technology, among others. In furtherance of these objectives, the Trust has set up the REVA Group of Educational Institutions comprising of REVA Institute of Technology & Management (RITM), REVA Institute of Science and Management (RISM), REVA Institute of Management Studies (RIMS), REVA Institute of Education (RIE), REVA First Grade College (RFGC), REVA Independent PU College at Kattigenahalli, Ganganagar and Sanjaynagar and now REVA University. Through these institutions, the Trust seeks to fulfil its vision of providing world class education and create abundant opportunities for the youth of this nation to excel in the areas of Arts, Architecture, Commerce, Education, Engineering, Environmental Science, Legal Studies, Management and Science & Technology.

Every great human enterprise is powered by the vision of one or more extraordinary individuals and is sustained by the people who derive their motivation from the founders. The Chairman of the Trust is Dr. P. Shyama Raju, a developer and builder of repute, a captain of the industry in his own right and the Chairman and Managing Director of the DivyaSree Group of companies. The idea of creating these top notched educational institutions was born of the philanthropic instincts of Dr. P. Shyama Raju to do public good, quite in keeping with his support to other socially relevant charities such as maintaining the Richmond road park, building and donating a police station, gifting assets to organizations providing accident and trauma care, to name a few.

The Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust drives with the main aim to help students who are in pursuit of quality education for life. REVA is today a family of ten institutions providing education from PU to Post Graduation and Research leading to PhD degrees. REVA has well qualified experienced teaching faculty of whom majority are doctorates. The faculty is supported by committed administrative and technical staff. Over 15,000+ students study various courses across REVA's three campuses equipped with exemplary state-of-the-art infrastructure and conducive environment for the knowledge driven community.

ABOUT REVA UNIVERSITY

REVA University has been established under the REVA University Act, 2012 of Government of Karnataka and notified in Karnataka State Gazette No. 80 dated 27thFebruary, 2013. The University is empowered by UGC to award degrees any branch of knowledge under Sec.22 of the UGC Act. The University is a Member of Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. The main objective of the University is to prepare students with knowledge, wisdom and patriotism to face the global challenges and become the top leaders of the country and the globe in different fields.

REVA University located in between Kempegowda International Airport and Bangalore city, has a sprawling green campus spread over 45 acres of land and equipped with state-of-the-art infrastructure that provide conducive environment for higher learning and research. The REVA campus has well equipped laboratories, custom-built teaching facilities, fully air-conditioned library and central computer centre, the well planned sports facility with cricket ground, running track & variety of indoor and outdoor sports activities, facilities for cultural programs. The unique feature of REVA campus is the largest residential facility for students, faculty members and supportive staff.

REVA consistently ranked as one of the top universities in various categories because of the diverse community of international students and its teaching excellence in both theoretical and technical education in the fields of Engineering, Management, Law, Science, Commerce, Arts, Performing Arts, and Research Studies. REVA offers 28 Undergraduate Programmes, 22 Full-time and 2 Part-time Postgraduate Programmes, 18 Ph. D Programmes, and other Certificate/Diploma/Postgraduate Diploma Programmes in various disciplines.

The curriculum of each programme is designed with a keen eye for detail by giving emphasis on hands-on training, industry relevance, social significance, and practical applications. The University offers world-class facilities and education that meets global standards. The programs being offered by the REVA University are well planned and designed after detailed study with emphasis with knowledge assimilation, applications, global job market and their social relevance. Highly qualified, experienced faculty and scholars from reputed universities / institutions, experts from industries and business sectors have contributed in preparing the scheme of instruction and detailed curricula for this program. Greater emphasis on practice in

respective areas and skill development to suit to respective job environment has been given while designing the curricula. The Choice Based Credit System and Continuous Assessment Graded Pattern (CBCS – CAGP) of education has been introduced in all programs to facilitate Students to opt for subjects of their choice in addition to the core subjects of the study and prepare them with needed skills. The system also allows students to move forward under the fast track for those who have the capabilities to surpass others. These programs are taught by well experienced qualified faculty supported by the experts from industries, business sectors and such other organizations. REVA University has also initiated many supportive measures such as bridge courses, special coaching, remedial classes, etc., for slow learners so as to give them the needed input and build in them confidence and courage to move forward and accomplish success in their career. The University has also entered into MOUs with many industries, business firms and other institutions seeking their help in imparting quality education through practice, internship and also assisting students' placements.

REVA University recognizing the fact that research, development and innovation are the important functions of any university has established an independent Research and Innovation division headed by a senior professor as Dean of Research and Innovation. This division facilitates all faculty members and research scholars to undertake innovative research projects in engineering, science & technology and other areas of study. The interdisciplinarymultidisciplinary research is given the top most priority. The division continuously liaisons between various funding agencies, R&D Institutions, Industries and faculty members of REVA University to facilitate undertaking innovative projects. It encourages student research projects by forming different research groups under the guidance of senior faculty members. Some of the core areas of research wherein our young faculty members are working include Data Mining, Cloud Computing, Image Processing, Network Security, VLSI and Embedded Systems, Wireless Censor Networks, Computer Networks, IOT, MEMS, Nano- Electronics, Wireless Communications, Bio-fuels, Nano-technology for coatings, Composites, Vibration Energies, Electric Vehicles, Multilevel Inverter Application, Battery Management System, LED Lightings, Renewable Energy Sources and Active Filter, Innovative Concrete Reinforcement, Electro Chemical Synthesis, Energy Conversion Devices, Nano-structural Materials, Photo-electrochemical Hydrogen generation, Pesticide Residue Analysis, Nano materials, Photonics, Nana Tribology, Fuel Mechanics, Operation Research, Graph theory, Strategic Leadership and Innovative Entrepreneurship, Functional Development Management,

Resource Management and Sustainable Development, Cyber Security, General Studies, Feminism, Computer Assisted Language Teaching, Culture Studies etc.

The REVA University has also given utmost importance to develop the much required skills through variety of training programs, industrial practice, case studies and such other activities that induce the said skills among all students. A full-fledged Career Development and Placement (CDC) department with world class infrastructure, headed by a dynamic experienced Professor& Dean, and supported by well experienced Trainers, Counsellors and Placement Officers.

The University also has University-Industry Interaction and Skill Development Centre headed by a Senior Professor & Director facilitating skill related training to REVA students and other unemployed students. The University has been recognised as a Centre of Skill Development and Training by NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) under Pradhan Mantri Kaushal VikasYojana. The Centre conducts several add-on courses in challenging areas of development. It is always active in facilitating student's variety of Skill Development Training programs.

The University has collaborations with Industries, universities abroad, research institutions, corporate training organizations, and Government agencies such as Florida International University, Okalahoma State University, Western Connecticut University, University of Alabama, Huntsville, Oracle India Ltd, Texas Instruments, Nokia University Relations, EMC2, VMware, SAP, Apollo etc, to facilitate student exchange and teacher–scholar exchange programs and conduct training programs. These collaborations with foreign universities also facilitates students to study some of the programs partly in REVA University and partly in foreign university, viz, M.S in Computer Science one year in REVA University and the next year in the University of Alabama, Huntsville, USA.

The University has also given greater importance to quality in education, research, administration and all activities of the university. Therefore, it has established an independent Internal Quality division headed by a senior professor as Dean of Internal Quality. The division works on planning, designing and developing different quality tools, implementing them and monitoring the implementation of these quality tools. It concentrates on training entire faculty

to adopt the new tools and implement their use. The division further works on introducing various examination and administrative reforms.

To motivate the youth and transform them to become innovative entrepreneurs, successful leaders of tomorrow and committed citizens of the country, REVA organizes interaction between students and successful industrialists, entrepreneurs, scientists, and such others from time to time. As a part of this exercise great personalities such as Bharat RatnaProf. C. N. R. Rao, a renowned Scientist, Dr. N R Narayana Murthy, Founder and Chairman and Mentor of Infosys, Dr. K Kasturirangan, Former Chairman ISRO, Member of Planning Commission, Government of India, Dr.Balaram, Former Director IISc., and noted Scientist, Dr. V S Ramamurthy, Former Secretary, DST, Government of India, Dr. V K Aatre, noted Scientist and former head of the DRDO and Scientific Advisor to the Ministry of Defence Dr.Sathish Reddy, Scientific Advisor, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi and many others have accepted our invitation and blessed our students and faculty members by their inspiring addresses and interaction.

REVA organises various cultural programs to promote culture, tradition, ethical and moral values to our students. During such cultural events, the students are given opportunities to unfold their hidden talents and motivate them to contribute innovative ideas for the progress of the society. One of such cultural events is REVAMP conducted every year. The event not only gives opportunities to students of REVA but also students of other Universities and Colleges. During three days of this mega event students participate in debates, Quizzes, Group discussion, Seminars, exhibitions, and variety of cultural events. Another important event is Shubha Vidaaya, - Graduation Day for the final year students of all the programs, wherein, the outgoing students are felicitated and are addressed by eminent personalities to take their future career in a right spirit, to be the good citizens and dedicate themselves to serve the society and make a mark in their respective spheres of activities. During this occasion, the students who have achieved top ranks and won medals and prizes in academic, cultural and sports activities are also recognised by distributing awards and prizes. The founders have also instituted medals and prizes for sports achievers every year. The physical education department conducts regular yoga class is every day to students, faculty members, administrative staff and their family members and organizes yoga camps for villagers around.

Vision

REVA University aspires to become an innovative university by developing excellent human resources with leadership qualities, ethical and moral values, research culture and innovative skills through higher education of global standards

Mission

- To create excellent infrastructure facilities and state-of-the-art laboratories and incubation centres
- To provide student-centric learning environment through innovative pedagogy and education reforms
- To encourage research and entrepreneurship through collaborations and extension activities
- To promote industry-institute partnerships and share knowledge for innovation and development
- To organize society development programs for knowledge enhancement in thrust areas
- To enhance leadership qualities among the youth and enrich personality traits, promote patriotism and moral values.

Objectives

- Creation, preservation and dissemination of knowledge and attainment of excellence in different disciplines
- Smooth transition from teacher centric focus to learner centric processes and activities
- Performing all the functions of interest to its major constituents like faculty, staff, students and the society to reach leadership position
- Developing a sense of ethics in the University and Community, making it conscious of its obligations to the society and the nation
- Accepting the challenges of globalization to offer high quality education and other services in a competitive manner.

ABOUT SCHOOL OF LEGAL STUDIES

The School of Legal Studies has experienced faculty members specialized in Law and Business Administration and supported by well experienced professors, legal experts and practicing advocates as visiting faculty members. The school has the state-of-art class rooms and well equipped laboratories, drawing and seminar halls. The school offers BA. LL.B (Honours), BBA. LL.B (Honours) and LL.M. in (Business and Corporate Law) & (Criminal Law) program. The curriculum of post graduate degree program has been designed to bridge the gap between judiciary, industry and academia and hence they are practical oriented. The Master of Law programme prepares graduates in legal principles, law, justice, and governance while building in them strong research acumen and subject-matter expertise in Business and Corporate Law. This specialisation is designed to serve the interests of students who intend to practice corporate law. It aims at aligning the objectives of a corporate lawyer with the goals of business organizations. The programme teaches the students about various subjects including laws relating to the corporate sector and makes them specialised in the field by giving them the detailed study of all the legal matters within the corporate sector and prepares them to solve the various corporate legal issues.

VISION

"To achieve excellence in educating professionals, advancing legal scholarship, serving the public, fostering justice and the well-being of society"

MISSION

To provide quality legal education at bachelors and masters level through technologically advanced learning resources and a highly respected and experienced faculty to prepare our students to succeed in a dynamic and ever-evolving legal and business environment and to do research to contribute to the advancement of justice

OBJECTIVES

- Educate graduates who will be excellent professionals: knowledgeable, innovative, thoughtful, practical, ethical, and well-prepared for the practice of law;
- Engage with the community and the University at all levels of our work, including teaching, scholarship, public service, and public policy;
- Create and disseminate knowledge to solve social and legal problems and to promote justice;

		ills and knowledg		ractice,
and respect and engage diverse				
Produce graduates of high qual				stature,
attract excellent students, and t	ake our place amo	ong the very best p	providers of legal	
education.				

BOARD OF STUDIES MEMBERS

1. Prof. Dr. Bharathi. S Chairperson

2. Prof. Dr. Nagaraja V Members

3. Prof. Dr. Aarti Tyagi Members

4. Prof. Dr Kalicharan M L Members

5. Prof. Prof. Dr G R Jagadeesh External Members

6. Prof. Dr. Pranitha B S External Members

7. Prof. Dr. V.Sudesh External Members

8. Dr. Sandeep M N External Members

9. Naman Jhabakh External Members

10. P V Mirandra Kumar Student Representatives

11. Milind Kallappa Toravi Student Representatives

REGULATIONS

1. Title and Commencement:

- 1.1 These Regulations shall be called "REVA University Academic Regulations –Law Degree (LL.M) (1 year) Program 2022-23 Batch subject to amendments from time to time by the Academic Council on recommendation of respective Board of Studies and approval of Board of Management
- 1.2 These Regulations shall come into force from the date of assent of the Chancellor.

2. The Programs:

These regulations cover the Post Graduate - 1 year Law Degree (LL.M) Program of REVA University offered during 2020-21:

LL. M (specialization in Business and Corporate Law)

3. Duration and Medium of Instructions:

- **3.1 Duration:** The One Year Post Graduate Degree program is of 2 Semesters duration. A candidate can avail a maximum of 4 semesters 2 years as per double duration norm, in one stretch to complete the One Year Post Graduate Degree, including blank semesters, if any. Whenever a candidate opts for blank semester, s/he has to study the prevailing courses offered by the School when s/he resumes his/her studies.
- **3.2** The medium of instruction shall be English.

4. Definitions:

4.1 Course: "Course" means a subject, either theory or practical or both, listed under a programme; Example: "Corporate Governance" in LL. M in Business and Corporate Law program is an example of courses to be studied under respective programs.

Every course offered will have two components associated with the teaching-learning process of the course, namely:

L	Lecture
Т	Tutorial

Where:

L stands for Lecture session consisting of classroom instruction.

T stands for **Tutorial** session consisting participatory discussion / self-study/ desk work/ brief seminar presentations by students and such other novel methods that make a student to absorb and assimilate more effectively the contents delivered in the Lecture classes.

4.2 Classification of Courses

Courses offered are classified as: Core Courses and Dissertation

4.2.1 **Core Course:** A course which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate choosing a particular program of study

4.2.2 Dissertation:

School can offer project work/dissertation as a course. Depending on the duration required for completing the project/dissertation work, credits can be assigned. Normally, a minor project carries 4-6 credits and a major project carries double the number of credits of a minor project.

4.2.3 "**Program**" means the academic program leading to a Degree, Post Graduate Degree, Post Graduate Diploma or such other degrees instituted and introduced in REVA University.

5. Eligibility for Admission:

5.1. The eligibility criteria for admission to **One Year Master Degree Program** (2 Semesters) is given below:

Sl.	Program	Duration	Eligibility	
No.				
1	Master of Law in	2 Semesters	3 years/ 5 years Degree in Law from recognized	
	Business and	(1 year)	university / Institution with minimum 50%	
	Corporate Law (LL.		(45% in case of SC/ST) marks in aggregate from any	
	M)		recognized University/Institution. Admission is based	
			on CLAT / LSAT/REVA CET.	

5.2 Provided further that the eligibility criteria are subject to revision by the Government Statutory Bodies, such as BCI from time to time.

6. Courses of Study and Credits

- 6.1 Each course of study is assigned with certain credit value
- 6.2 Each semester is for a total duration of 20 weeks out of which 16 weeks dedicated for teaching and learning and the remaining 4 weeks for IAs and final examination, evaluation and announcement of results.

6.3 The credit hours defined as below:

In terms of credits, every one hour session of L amounts to 1 credit per Semester and a minimum of two hour session of T or P amounts to 1 credit per Semester or a three hour session of T / P amounts to 2 credits over a period of one Semester of 16 weeks for teaching-learning process.

1 credit = 13 credit hours spread over 16 weeks or spread over the semester

The total duration of a semester is 20 weeks inclusive of semester-end examination.

7. Different Courses of Study:

Different Courses of Study are labeled as follows:

- a. Core Course (CC)
- b. Dissertation: School can offer project work/dissertation as a course. Depending on the
 duration required for completing the project/dissertation work, credits can be assigned.
 Normally, a minor project carries 4-6 credits and a major project carries double the
 number of credits of a minor project

8. Credits and Credit Distribution

Registered candidates are required to earn the 48 credits for successful completion of a Post Graduate Law Degree

- 8.1 The concerned BoS based on the credits distribution pattern given above shall prescribe the credits to various types of courses.
- 8.2 The concerned BoS shall specify the desired Program Educational Objectives, Program Outcomes, Program Specific Outcomes and Course Outcomes while preparing the curriculum of a particular program.
- 8.3. A candidate can enrol during each semester for credits as prescribed in the scheme of the program.
- 8.4. Only such full time candidates who register for a minimum prescribed number of credits in each semester from I semester to II semester and complete successfully prescribed number of credits for the award of the degree for one year program in 2 successive semesters shall be considered for declaration of Ranks, Medals, Prizes and are eligible to apply for Student Fellowship, Scholarship, Free ships, and such other rewards / advantages which could be applicable for all full time students and for hostel facilities.

9 Assessment and Evaluation

- 9.1 The Scheme of Assessment will have two parts, namely;
 - i. Internal Assessment (IA); and
 - ii. Semester End Examination (SEE)
- Assessment and Evaluation of each Course shall be for 100 marks. The Internal Assessment (IA) and Semester End Examination (SEE) of 1 year Post Graduate Law degree program shall carry 50:50 marks respectively (i.e., 50 marks internal assessment; 50 marks semester end examination).
- 9.3 There shall be **two Internal Tests** conducted as per the schedule announced below. **The Students' shall attend both the Tests compulsorily.**
 - ➤ 1st test is conducted for 15 marks during 8th week of the Semester;
 - ≥ 2nd test is conducted for 15 marks during **16th week** of the of the Semester;
 - > Suitable number of Assignments/quizzes/presentations are set to assess the remaining 20 marks of IA at appropriate times during the semester
- 9.4 The coverage of syllabus for the said tests shall be as under:
 - > Question paper of the 1st test should be based on first 50% of the total syllabus;
 - Question paper of the 2nd test should be based on second 50% of the total syllabus;
- 9.5 The Semester End Examination for 50 marks shall be held in the 18th and 19th week of the beginning of the semester and the syllabus for the semester end examination shall be entire syllabus.
- 9.6 A test paper is set for a maximum of 30 marks to be answered as per the pre-set time duration (1 hr / 1 hr 15 minutes / 1 hr 30 minutes). Test paper must be designed with School faculty members agreed pattern and students are assessed as per the instructions provided in the question paper. Questions must be set using Bloom's verbs. The questions must be set to assess the students outcomes described in the course document.
- 9.7 The question papers for internal test shall be set by the internal teachers who have taught the course. If the course is taught by more than one teacher all the teachers together shall devise

a common question paper(s). However, these question papers shall be scrutinized by School specific Question Paper Scrutiny Committee formed by the respective School Head /Director to bring in the uniformity in the question paper pattern and as well to maintain the necessary standards. The evaluation of the answer scripts shall be done by the internal teachers who have taught the course and set the test paper.

- 9.8 The evaluation of the answer scripts shall be done by the internal teachers who have taught the course and set the test paper.
- 9.9 Assignment/seminar should be set in such a way, students be able to apply the concepts learnt to a real life situation and students should be able to do some amount self-study and creative thinking. While setting assignment care should be taken such that the students will not be able to plagiarise the answer from web or any other resources. An IA1 and IA2 assignment / Quiz can be set each for a maximum of 5 marks, totals to 10 marks. Course instructor at his/her discretion can design the questions as a small group exercise or individual exercise. This should encourage collaborative learning and team learning and also self-study.
- 9.10 Internal assessment marks must be decided well before the commencement of Semester End examinations
- 9.11 Semester End Examination: The Semester End Examination is for 50 marks shall be held in the 19th and 20th week of the semester and the entire course syllabus must be covered while setting the question paper.
- 9.12 Semester End Examination paper is set for a maximum of 100 marks to be answered in 3 hours duration. Question paper must be prepared as per the respective School set format.
- 9.13 Each question is set using Bloom's verbs. The questions must be set to assess the students outcomes described in the course document. (Please note question papers have to be set to test the course outcomes)
- 9.14 There shall be three sets of question papers for the semester end examination of which one set along with scheme of examination shall be set by the external examiners and two sets along with scheme of examination shall be set by the internal examiners. All the three sets shall be scrutinized by the Board of Examiners. It shall be responsibility of the Board of

- Examiners particularly Chairman of the BOE to maintain the quality and standard of the question papers and as well the coverage of the entire syllabus of the course.
- 9.15 There shall be double evaluation, viz, first valuation by the internal evaluator who has taught the course and second evaluation shall be an external examiner who is familiar with the course. The average marks of the two evaluations (internal examiner & external examiner) shall be the marks to be considered for declaration of results
- 9.16 Board of Examiners, question paper setters and any member of the staff connected with the examination are required to maintain integrity of the examination system and the quality of the question papers
- 9.17 There shall also be an **Program Assessment Committee** (**PAC**) comprising at-least 3 faculty members having subject expertise who shall after completion of examination process and declaration of results review the results sheets, assess the performance level of the students, measure the attainment of course outcomes, program outcomes and assess whether the program educational objectives are achieved and report to the Director of the School. **Program Assessment Committee** (**PAC**) shall also review the question papers of both Internal Tests as well as Semester End Examinations and submit to the Director of the respective School about the scope of curriculum covered and quality of the questions.
- 9.18 The report provided by the **Program Assessment committee** (**PAC**) shall be the input to the Board of Studies to review and revise the scheme of instruction and curriculum of respective program
- 9.19 During unforeseen situation, the tests and examination schedules, pattern of question papers and weightage distribution may be designed as per the convenience and suggestions of the board of examiners in consultation with COE and VC
- 9.20 University may decide to use available modern technologies for writing the tests and SEE by the students instead of traditional pen and paper
- 9.21 Any deviations required to the above guidelines can be made with the written consent of the Vice Chancellor

9.22 **Summary of Internal Assessment, Semester End Examination and Evaluation** Schedule is provided in the table given below.

Summary of Internal Assessment and Evaluation Schedule

Sl.	Type of	when	Syllabus	Max	Reduced	Date by which	
No.	Assessment		Covered	Marks	to	the process	
						must be	
						completed	
1	IA- 1	During	First 50%	30	15	8 th week	
		8 th week					
2	Assignment 1		On or be	efore 8 th w	veek (5 marl	ks)	
3	Presentations		On or be	efore 8 th w	veek (5 marl	ks)	
	1						
4	IA -2	During	Second	30	15	16 th Week	
		16 th	50%				
		Week					
5	Assignment 2		On or be	fore 16 th V	Week (5 mai	rks)	
6	Presentations		On or before 16 th Week (5 marks)				
	2						
7	SEE	19/20 th	100%	100	50	20th Week	
		Week					

Note: 1. Examination and Evaluation shall take place concurrently and Final Grades shall be announced as per notification from the Controller of Examination.

2. Practical examination wherever applicable shall be conducted after 2nd test and before semester end examination. The calendar of practical examination shall be decided by the respective School Boards and communicated well in advance to the Controller of Examination who will notify the same immediately

10 Assessment of Students Performance in Dissertation

The performance in dissertation shall be assessed on the basis of:

- a) Knowledge of relevant processes;
- b) Skills and operations involved;
- c) Research outcome

The duration for semester-end practical examination shall be decided by the concerned School Board.

11. Evaluation of Dissertation:

Right from the initial stage of defining the problem, the candidate has to submit the progress reports periodically and also present his/her progress in the form of seminars in addition to the regular discussion with the supervisor. At the end of the semester, the candidate has to submit final report of the dissertation, as the case may be, for final evaluation. The components of evaluation are as follows:

Component – I	Progress Report 1 (25%)
Component – II	Progress Report 2 (25%)
Component – III	Evaluation of Report and final viva voce (50%)

All assessments must be done by the respective Schools as per the guidelines issued by the Controller of Examinations. However, the responsibility of announcing final examination results and issuing official transcripts to the students lies with the office of the Controller of Examinations.

12. Requirements to Pass a Course:

A candidate's performance from all 3 components will be in terms of scores, and the sum of all three scores will be for a maximum of 100 marks (25 + 25 + 50). A candidate who secures a minimum of 40% in the SEE and an overall 40% (IA1+IA2+SEE) in a course is said to be successful.

The Grade and the Grade Point: The Grade and the Grade Point earned by the candidate in the subject will be as given below:

Marks,	Grade,	Grade Point	Letter
P	G	$(GP=V \times G)$	Grade
90-100	10	v*10	0
80-89	9	v*9	A+
70-79	8	v*8	A
60-69	7	v*7	B+
55-59	6	v*6	В
50-54	5.5	v*5.5	C+
40-49	5	v*5	С
0-39	0	v*0	F
	ABSEN	T	AB

O - Outstanding; A+-Excellent; A-Very Good; B+-Good; B-Above Average; C+-Average; C-

Satisfactory; F- *Unsatisfactory*.

Here, P is the percentage of marks (P=[IA + SEE]) secured by a candidate in a course which is rounded to nearest integer. V is the credit value of course. G is the grade and GP is the grade point.

a. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

The Following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA).

The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student in a given semester, i.e : SGPA (Si) = \sum (Ci x Gi) / \sum Ci where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

Examples on how SGPA and CGPA are computed

Example No. 1

Course	Credit	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade)
Course 1	4	A+	9	4X9=36
Course 2	4	A	8	4X8=32
Course 3	4	B+	7	4X7=28
Course 4	4	0	10	4X10=40
Course 5	4	С	5	4X5=20
	20			156

Thus, **SGPA** = $156 \div 20 = 7.8$

Example No. 2

Course	Credit	Grade letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade point)
Course 1	4	A	8	4X8=32
Course 2	4	B+	7	4X7=28
Course 3	4	A+	9	4X9=36
Course 4	4	B+	7	4X7=28
Course 5	12	В	6	12X6=72
	28			196

Thus, **SGPA** = $196 \div 28 = 7$

b. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

Overall Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of a candidate after successful completion of the required number of credits for the respective programs are calculated taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i. e : CGPA = \sum (Ci x Si) / \sum Ci Where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that

semester.

Example:

CGPA after Final Semester

Semester	No. of Credits	SGPA	Credits x SGPA
(ith)	(Ci)	(Si)	(Ci X Si)
1	20	7.8	20 x 7.8 = 156
2	28	7.0	28 x 7.0 = 196
Cumulative	48		352

Thus, CGPA = 352/48 = 7.33

c. Conversion of grades into percentage:

Conversion formula for the conversion of CGPA into Percentage is:

Percentage of marks scored = CGPA Earned x 10

Example: CGPA Earned 7.33 x 10=73.3

d. The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

13. Classification of Results

The final grade point (FGP) to be awarded to the student is based on CGPA secured by the candidate and is given as follows.

CGPA	Grade (Numerical Index)	Letter Grade		FGP	
	G	Graue		Qualitative Index	
9 >= CGPA 10	10	О	Outstanding	Distinction	
8 >= CGPA < 9	9	A+	Excellent	Distiliction	
7 >= CGPA < 8	8	Α	Very Good	Einst Class	
6 >= CGPA < 7	7	B+	Good	First Class	
5.5 > = CGPA < 6	6	В	Above average	Second Class	
> 5 CGPA < 5.5	5.5	C+	Average	Second Class	
> 4 CGPA <5	5	С	Satisfactory	Pass	
< 4 CGPA	0	F	Unsatisfactory	Unsuccessful	

Overall percentage=10*CGPA

a. Provisional Grade Card: The tentative / provisional grade card will be issued by the

Controller of Examinations at the end of every semester indicating the courses completed successfully. The provisional grade card provides **Semester Grade Point Average** (SGPA).

b. **Final Grade Card:** Upon successful completion of two year Degree a Final Grade card consisting of grades of all courses successfully completed by the candidate will be issued by the Controller of Examinations.

14. Attendance Requirement:

- 14.1 All students must attend every lecture.
- 14.2 Any student with less than 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the courses during a semester shall not be permitted to appear to the end semester examination and such student shall seek re-admission

15. Re-Registration and Re-Admission:

- 15.1 In case a candidate's class attendance in aggregate of all courses in a semester is less than 75% or as stipulated by the University, such a candidate is considered as dropped the semester and is not allowed to appear for semester end examination and s/he shall have to seek re-admission to that semester during subsequent semester / year within a stipulated period.
- 15.2 In such case where in a candidate drops all the courses in a semester due to personal reasons, it is considered that the candidate has dropped the semester and s/he shall seek readmission to such dropped semester.

16. Absence during Internal Test:

In case a student has been absent from an internal tests due to the illness or other contingencies s/he may give a request along with necessary supporting documents and certification from the concerned class teacher / authorized personnel to the concerned Director of the School, for conducting a separate internal test. The Director of the School may consider such request depending on the merit of the case and after consultation with course instructor and class teacher, and arrange to conduct a special internal test for such candidate(s) well in advance before the Semester End Examination of that respective semester. Under no circumstances internal tests shall be held / assignments are accepted after Semester End Examination.

17. Provision for Appeal

If a candidate is not satisfied with the evaluation of Internal Assessment components (Internal Tests and Assignments), s/he can approach the Grievance Cell with the written submission together with all facts, the assignments, and test papers, which were evaluated. S/he can do so before the commencement of respective semester-end examination. The Grievance Cell is empowered to revise the marks if the case is genuine and is also empowered to levy penalty as prescribed by the University on the candidate if his/her submission is found to be baseless and unduly motivated. This Cell may recommend for taking disciplinary/corrective action on an evaluator if s/he is found guilty. The decision taken by the Grievance committee is final.

18. Grievance Committee:

In case of students having any grievances regarding the conduct of examination, evaluation and announcement of results, such students can approach Grievance Committee for redressal of grievances. Grievance committees will be formed by CoE in consultation with VC

For every program there will be one grievance committee. The composition of the grievance committee is as follows:-

- The Controller of Examinations Ex-officio Chairman / Convener
- One Senior Faculty Member (other than those concerned with the evaluation of the course concerned) drawn from the school / department/discipline and/or from the sister schools / departments/sister disciplines – Member.
- One Senior Faculty Members / Subject Experts drawn from outside the University school / department – Member.

19. Eligibility to Appear for Semester End Examination (SEE)

Only those students who fulfil a minimum of 75% attendance in aggregate of all the courses including practical courses / field visits etc., as part of the program shall be eligible to appear for Semester End Examination

20. Provision for Supplementary Examination

In case a candidate fails to secure a minimum of 30% (15 marks) in Semester End Examination (SEE) and a minimum of 40% marks together with IA and SEE to declare pass in the course,

such candidate shall seek supplementary examination of only such course(s) wherein his / her performance is declared unsuccessful. The supplementary examinations are conducted after the announcement of even semester examination results. The candidate who is unsuccessful in a given course(s) shall appear for supplementary examination of odd and even semester course(s) to seek for improvement of the performance.

21. Provision to Carry Forward the Failed Subjects / Courses:

A student who has failed in a given number of courses in odd and even semesters shall move to next semester of immediate succeeding year and final year of the study. However, s/he shall have to clear all courses of all semesters within the double duration, i.e., with four years of admission of the first semester failing which the student has to re-register to the entire program.

22. With regard to any specific case of ambiguity and unsolved problem, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor shall be final.

LL.M (Business and Corporate Law) Program

Scheme of Instruction

(Effective from Academic Year 2018-19)

FIRST SEMESTER

Sl.	Course Code	Course Title	Course	C		Pattern lit Valu		No. of	
No			Type	L	Т	P	Total	Hrs	
FIR	FIRST SEMESTER								
1		Research Methods and Legal							
	M20LM1010	Writing	НС	3	1	0	4	5	
2	M20LM1020	Comparative Public Law	НС	3	1	0	4	5	
3	M20LM1030	Corporate Governance	НС	3	1	0	4	5	
4	M20LM1040	Investment Law and Competition							
		Law	НС	3	1	0	4	5	
5	M20LM1050	Banking and Insurance Law	НС	3	1	0	4	5	
		Total Credits		15	5	0	20	25	
SEC	COND SEMESTE	ER					•		
	M20LM2010	Law and Justice in a Globalizing					0.4		
1		World	НС	3	1	0	04	5	
2	M20LM2020	International Trade Law	НС	3	1	0	04	5	
3	M20LM2030	Maritime Law	НС	3	1	0	04	5	
4	M20LM2040	Intellectual Property Law HC		3	1	0	04	5	
5	M20LM2050	Dissertation	НС	0	2	10	12	18	
		Total Credits		12	6	10	28	38	
	Total Credits of I& II Semesters			27	11	10	48	63	

LL.M (Business and Corporate Law) Program

Detailed Syllabus

(Effective from Academic Year 2018)

FIRST SEMESTER

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С
M20LM1010	Research Methods and Legal Writing	НС	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) To acquaint the student of law with the scientific method of social science research.
- 2) To provide knowledge of the technique of selection, collection and interpretation of primary and secondary data in socio-legal research.
- 3) Emphasis would be laid on practical training in conducting research in this course.

UNIT I: Basics of Legal Research

Meaning, Objectives of legal research – Interdisciplinary research, Kinds of Legal research – doctrinal,traditional and non-doctrinal, empirical research, descriptive and analytical research, applied and fundamental research, historical research- sociological research, Characteristics of scientific method – applicability of scientific method -Relationship between theory and fact - Stages of Research Process.

UNIT II: Research design and Research techniques

Research Design – Meaning and essentials of Research Design, Forms of Research Design, Major steps in Research Design - Research Problem – Definition, Determination, Sources of Data; Hypothesis – Meaning and definitions, Characteristics, Research Questions and Hypothesis -

Testing of Hypothesis – Census and Sampling techniques – Advantages and disadvantages – Various kinds of Sampling - Survey and Case study method - scaling and content analysis.

UNIT III: Data Collection techniques

Sources of data collection - Social and legal survey - Primary and Secondary Sources - Sociometrics and Jurimetrics - Questionnaire Schedule; Literature Review - Observation and interview - Use of Modern Technology/ Computer Assisted Research - Data processing.

UNIT IV: Tabulation and Interpretation

Classification and Tabulation of Data - Analysis and interpretation of Data - Inductive and deductive method - Use of Statistical methods and computers in legal research - socio- metric and jurimetrics.

UNIT V: Legal Writing

Reporting and Methods of Citations – Use of legal maxims and idioms in legal writing - Doctrines in legal research - Book review and case comments - Ethical and Legal Issues: Plagiarism and Copyright Violation

Reference Books:

- 1. William J. Goode, P.K. Hatt, Methods in Social Research, 1952, McGraw-Hill
- 2. Pauline Vislick Young, Calvin Fisher Schmid, Scientific Social Surveys and Research, 4th ed., 2008, Prentice-Hall
- 3. Morris L. Cohen, Kent C. Olson, Legal Research in a Nutshell, 2010
- 4. Victor Tunkel, Legal Research Law Finding & Problem Solving, 1991, Gaunt
- 5. Shashi Kant Verma, Mohammad Afzal Wani, Legal Research and Methodology, 2001, Indian Law Institute
- 6. Anwarul Yaqin, Legal Research and Writing, 2007, Lexis Nexis
- 7. C.R. Kothari, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, 2011, New Age International
- 8. John A. Yogis, I.M. Christie, Legal Writing and Research Manual, 1988, Butterworth Pub. Ltd
- 9. Harvard Law School, The Bluebook: A Uniform Style of Citation

- 10. Whitney, F.L, The elements of Research.
- 11. Amy E Sloan, Basic Method Research Tools and Materials
- 12. Robert Watt- Concise book on Legal Research
- 13. Ram Ahuja-Research Method
- 14. S.K. Verma&Afzal Wani- Legal Research Methodology

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	C
M20LM1020	Comparative Public Law	НС	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) To provide a comparative study of public law in various jurisdictions.
- 2) Detailed analysis of the system of government in various jurisdictions.
- 3) To make students comprehend the system of law that they follow with special emphasis on their constitutional, administrative and criminal justice processes.

Course Content:

UNIT-I: Public Law

Concept of Public Law – Origin and development - Expanding role of Public Law in Private Law – Comparative Public Law in the context of globalization – Division of powers – Legislature, Executive, Judiciary – Powers and functions.

UNIT-II: Forms of Governance

Constitutional Law in Common Law and Civil Law systems – Unitary and Federal type of governments - USA, UK, India, France – Organisation of legislatures - Parliamentary Sovereignty

UNIT-III: Comparative Constitutional Law

Constitutionalism - Fundamental rights - Amendment of the Constitution - Public Interest Litigation - Judicial Review - Judicial activism - Judicial self-restraint - Judicial independence

UNIT-IV: Comparative Criminal Law

Comparative Criminal Law: Accusatorial and Inquisitorial Systems - Structure and hierarchy of courts in England, India, US, France and China - burden of proof - comparative perspective - jury trial - Plea bargaining – Juvenile justice – Protection of women - victim participation in criminal proceedings.

UNIT - V Comparative Administrative Law

Rule of law and Separation of Powers - Delegated legislation - Principles of natural justice - Administrative Tribunals - Control of corruption and maladministration - Ombudsman - Lokpal and Lokayukta - Right to information.

Reference Books:

- 1. A.M Bhattacharjee, Equality, Liberty and Property under the Constitution of India, Eastern Law House, 1997
- 2. A.V. Dicey, *An Introduction to the study of the Law of the Constitution*, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2003, Part II- Chapter IV,V,VI,VII.
- 3. A.V. Dicey, An Introduction to the study of the Law of the Constitution, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2003
- 4. D.D. Basu, Comparative Federalism, Prentice-Hall, 1987
- 5. Granville Austin, The Indian Constitution Cornerstone of a Nation, Oxford University Press, 7th Ed, 2004, Chapter III, IV.
- 6. Granville Austin, Working of a Democratic Constitution: a history of the Indian experience, Oxford University Press, 2003
- 7. K. C. Wheare, Federal Government, 4th ed., 1963
- 8. Konrad Zweigert, Hein Kötz, Introduction to Comparative Law, 2. ed. (Oxford: Clarendon Press, 1993)
- 9. M. Delmas-Marty, J. R. Spencer (eds.), European Criminal Procedures, Cambridge 2002
- 10. M.P. Singh, Comparative Constitutional Law, Eastern Book Co. 2011
- 11. M.V. Pylee, Our Constitution, Government and Politics, Universal Law Publishing Co. Pvt.Ltd., New Delhi, 2002
- 12. S.K Agarwal, Public Interest Litigation in India-A Critique, N.M. Tripathi, 1985
- 13. V. V. Devasia, LeelammaDevasia, *Principles Women, Social Justice, and Human Rights*, APH Publishing, New Delhi, 2ndedn. (2009)
- 14. Wade, Administrative Law, Oxford University Press, 2009

Course Code	Course Title	Course	L	T	P	С
		Type				
M20LM1030	Corporate Governance	HC	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) To provide a deep understanding of concepts related to corporate affairs.
- 2) To understand the legal procedures involved in Corporate Reconstruction, Merger and Amalgamation and winding up.
- 3) To ensure that the students understand the ethical side of corporate practices such as CSR.

Course Contents:

UNIT I: Introduction to Corporate Governance

Evolution of law relating to corporate governance in UK, USA and in India – Corporate personality – Registration and Incorporation of a company – Kinds of Companies - Promoters.

UNIT II: Management of Corporate Affairs

Management and control of companies - Shares - Shareholders - Share capital - Board of Directors - Responsibilities and Duties of Directors - Majority rule and minority rights - Protection of minority shareholders - Oppression and Mismanagement - Remedies in case of mismanagement - Accounts and audit - Divisible profits - Appointment of statutory auditors - Powers and duties.

UNIT III: Corporate Reconstruction, Merger and Amalgamation

Strategic Planning and formulation towards Corporate reconstruction – Compromises and arrangements with members and creditors – Role of Tribunal - Introduction and meaning of amalgamation and merger - Reasons and objectives of merger - Categories of merger - Sick industrial Companies - Important provisions of Sick Industrial Companies (Special Provisions) Act, 1985 - Revival of sick companies – Amalgamation in public interest – Defunct companies-Appointment of Administrator.

UNIT IV: Winding up

Introduction and meaning - Kinds of winding up - Winding up through court - Grounds for winding up by the Court - Rights of filing petition for winding up before the court - Provisions and procedures - Voluntary winding up and winding up under the supervision of Court - Kinds of voluntary winding up - Provisions and procedure - Consequences of winding up - Appointment of liquidators, powers and duties of liquidators - Process of winding up - Offences and penalties for defaults - Officers in defaults; - Recovery of damages - Compounding of offences.

Unit V: Corporate Social Responsibility

Concept of CSR - Importance of Corporate Social Responsibility - Corporate Governance and Corporate Social Responsibility - National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business (NVG, 2011) - Corporate Social Responsibility under Companies Act of 2013 - Preference to Local Area - CSR Committee - Comply or Explain approach - Social Responsibility - A Comparison between Companies Act, 2013 and UK Companies Act, 2006 - Business Ethics - Committee Reports on Corporate Audit and Governance - Principles of Good Governance and Code of Best Practices.

Reference Books:

- 1. Gower & Davies, Principles of Modern Company Law, Sweet & Maxwell, 9thedn, 2014
- 2. A.Ramaiya: Guide Companies Act, Wadhwa& Company, Nagpur
- 3. Dr. Avtar Singh: Indian Company Law, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow, 16thedn, 2015.
- 4. Taxmann, A Comparative Study of Companies Act 2013 and Companies Act 1956
- 5. Institute of Company Secretaries of India, Companies Act 2013, CCH WolterKluver
- 6. Business, 2013
- 7. Charles Wild & Stuart Weinstein Smith and Keenan, Company Law, Pearson Longman, 2009
- 8. L.M.Sharma: Amalgamation, Mergers, Takeovers, Acquisitions Principles, Practices & Regulatory framework; Company Law Journal, New Delhi

Course Code	Course Title	Course	L	T	P	C
		Type				
M20LM1040	Investment and Competition	HC	3	1	0	4
	Law					

Course Objectives:

- 1) To enable the students a comprehensive knowledge on capital markets and anti-competitive agreements with special emphasis on the respective regulatory frameworks.
- 2) To provide detailed focus on national legislations such as Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, SEBI Act, Depositories Act and Competition Act.
- 3) To provide comprehensive analysis of protection of investments, foreign exchange investment, restrictive trade practices etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I: Capital Market

Introduction to Capital Market – Origin of Security Law in India – Types of Investments – Kinds of Securities - Loan and investment by Company – Protection of Investors in the Companies Act, 2013.

UNIT-II: Regulatory Framework

Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act. 1956 – Recognition of Stock Exchange –SEBI Act, 1992–Depositories Act, 1996 – Securitization and Reconstruction of Financial Assets and Enforcement of Security Interest Act, 2002

UNIT-III: NBFI and Foreign Exchange Management

NBFI – Classifications – Law related to NBFI – FERA1973 - FEMA 1999 – Foreign Contribution Regulation Act, 2010.

UNIT-IV: Introduction to Competition Law

Background of Competition law – Transition from MRTP to Competition Act – Definitions – cartel – Anticompetitive agreements - Abuse of Dominant position – Price fixing – Tie in arrangement – Protection of certain agreements – Predatory pricing – Restrictive trade practices.

UNIT-V: Statutory Authorities

Competition Commission of India – Duties, powers and functions – Competition Appellate Tribunal – Appeals.

Reference Books

- 1. Ramappa T: Competition Law in India (2006) (Oxford University Press)
- 2. C. Singhania- Foreign Collaborations and Investments in India: Law and Procedures, 1999.
- 3. Taxman's: Guide to Competiton Law (2009)
- 4. Vinod Dhall: Competition Law Today, 2007
- 5. Saxena, Ashok: Bharat's Foreign Exchange Manual- 2008
- 6. Ramaiya: Guide to Companies Act
- 7. Taxman's: SEBI Manual Volume- 2- 2010
- 8. Ferran, Eilis: Principles of Corporate Finance Law (Oxford University Press, 2008)
- 9. Dr. S.R. Myneni, Law of Investments and Securities, Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 2ndedn, 2017
- 10. PratapGisir. Investment Banking: Concepts, Analyses and Cases, McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 1stedn, 2013.
- 11. VershaVahini, Indian Competition Law, Lexis Nexis, 2016
- 12. Avtar Singh, Indian Competition Law, EBC, Lucknow, 1stedn, 2012

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С
M20LM1050	Banking and Insurance Law	HC	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) To appreciate and understand the undergoing transformation in banking and insurance sector.
- 2) To provide detailed focus on national legislations such as RBI Act, Banking Regulation Act, 1949, NI Act and Insurance Act.

3) To provide comprehensive analysis of the recent amendments made in regard to negotiable instruments, insurance law etc.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I: Banking

Definition of bank and banking companies – Essentials of a banking company – Relationship between Banker and Customer – Customer Accounts and Banks – Letter of Credit – e-banking.

UNIT-II: Legal Regulation

RBI Act, 1934 – Banking Regulation Act, 1949 – Lending and Recovery – Recovery of Debts due to Banks and Financial Institutions Act, 1993 – Role of courts- Government Control over banks – Ombudsman.

UNIT-III: Negotiable Instruments Act

Nature and scope of NI Act— Kinds of Negotiable Instruments — Promissory Note — Bill of Exchange — Open and crossed cheques — Holder and holder in due course — Rights and liabilities — Payment in due course — Endorsement - Presentment — Dishonour of cheques — Judicial Interpretations.

UNIT-IV: Insurance

General Principles – Nature of Insurance contracts – Indemnity – Life Insurance – Medical Insurance - Fire Insurance – Motor Vehicle Insurance - Burglary Insurance – Marine Insurance – Consumer Insurance

UNIT-V: Legal Regulation

Insurance Act, 1938 – Amendments to the statute – Insurance Regulatory Authority act, 1999 – Public Liability Insurance Act, 1991.

- 1. Bird's Modem: Insurance Law (Sweet & Maxwell)
- 2. Banerjee: Law of Insurance, Asia Law House

- 3. R.N. Chaudhary, Banking Laws, Central Law Publishers, Allahabad, 4thedn, 2016.
- 4. Avtar Singh, Law of Insurance, EBC, Lucknow, 3rdedn, 2017
- 5. M. Srnivasan: Insurance Law (Eastern Law House)
- 6. Tannon's Banking Law and practice, Lexis Nexis
- 7. M. Hopgood: Pagets Law of Banking, (London: Butterworth)

SECOND SEMESTER

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С
M20LM2010	Law and Justice in a Globalizing World	НС	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the process of globalization and its impact on law and justice in a historical perspective.
- 2. To critically analyse the concept of global justice and the mechanisms designed to achieve it.
- 3. To better appreciate the demands for change raised by different groups to the international legal order and institutions in the light of globalization.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I: Law - Theoretical perceptions

Law – Meaning and purpose – Jurisprudential dimensions – Law and social change —Concept of Globalization - Different dimensions of Globalization: Social, Political, and Economic - Globalization and and and and adversariant to development.

UNIT-II: Justice - Theoretical perceptions

Concept of Justice - Law and Justice - Individual and social justice - Distributive and Corrective justice - Theories of Rawls and Amartya Sen - Access to justice and Challenges - Legal aid and law reform - Effect of globalization on the law and justice

UNIT-III: Globalization and its impact

Emergence of Transnational Law in a Globalizing World - Impact of globalization on Sovereignty of States - Human Rights and Trade Law - International Economic law - WTO, Investment laws &IPRs - Globalization and Free Market - Impact of globalization on Natural Resources, Environment and people at large.

UNIT-IV: Globalization and TNCs

Globalization and its effect on Human Rights -International Human Rights Law Institutions – Transnational Corporations and Human Rights Responsibility – Role of international institutions such as ILO, ICC and ICJ.

UNIT-V: Need for Reforms

Limitations of domestic law - Need for Reforms in International Law and global institutions – Globalization and Third World - MNC as a subject of international law – Reforms in International Criminal Law.

- 1. Andrew Kuper, Democracy Beyond Borders: Justice and Representations in Global Institutions (OUP, 2006).
- 2. Anthony McGrew, David Held (eds.), Governing Globalization: Power, Authority and Global Governance (Polity Press, 2002).
- 3. David B. Goldman, Globalization and the Western Legal Tradition: Recurring Patterns of Law and Authority (Cambridge University Press, 2008)
- 4. David Held, A Globalizing World? Culture, Economics, Politics.
- 5. David Kinley, Civilizing Globalization: Human Rights and the Global Economy (Cambridge University Press, 2009).
- 6. UpendraBaxi, The Future of Human Rights (OUP)
- 7. Laura Valentini, Justice in a Globalizing World: A Normative Framework, (OUP, 2011)
- 8. Jean-Marc Coicaud, Michael W. Doyle et al (eds.), The Globalization of Human Rights (United Nations University Press, 2003)
- 9. John Rawls, A Theory of Justice, Harvard University Press, 2009
- 10. Amartya Sen, The Idea of Justice, Belknap Press; Reprint edition (2011)
- 11. R.W.M. Dias, Jurisprudence (1994) Indian Reprint, Adithya Books, Delhi
- 12. Edgar Bodenheimer, Jurisprudence, Harvard University Press, 1974
- 13. Andrew Clapham, Human Rights In The Private Sphere (1996)
- 14. Andrew Clapham, Human Rights Obligations Of Non-State Actors (Oxford University Press 2006)
- 15. Antonio Cassere, International Law In A Divided World (Clarendon Press, Oxford 1988)
- 16. AnuradhaDayal-Gulati, Global Corporate Citizenship (Northwestern University Press, 2007)
- 17. Christine A. Mallin (Ed.), Corporate Social Responsibility: A Case Study Approach (Edgar Elgar, UK 2009)

- 18. Cynthia Day Wallace, The Multinational Enterprise And Legal Control: Host State Sovereignty In An Era Of Economic Globalization (MartinusNijhoff Publishers 2002)
- 19. D Mcbarnet Et Al., The New Corporate Accountability: Corporate Social Responsibility And The Law (Cambridge University Press 2007)
- 20. Henry J. Steiner & Detlev F. Vagts, Transnational Legal Problems: Materials & Text (University Case Book Series, 1st ed. 1981)
- 21. I. Brownlie, Principles Of Public International Law (Oxford 2003)
- 22. Jennifer A. Zerk, Multinationals And Corporate Social Responsibility: Limitations And Opportunities In International Law (1st edn Cambridge University Press, New York 2006)
- 23. Olivier De Schutter, Transnational Corporations And Human Rights (Hart Publishing, 12th ed. 2006)

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С
M20LM2020	International Trade Law	HC	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) To enable the students a comprehensive knowledge on WTO jurisprudence with special emphasis on the export import policies of the nation.
- 2) To provide detailed focus on national legislations such as Customs Act, Foreign Exchange Management Act etc,
- 3) To provide comprehensive analysis of transnational commercial laws and dispute settlement mechanisms including international commercial arbitration.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I: Introduction

International Trade – Origin, nature and scope – Free trade – Trade barriers – Balance of payments – Instruments of Trade Policy and India's Trade Policy

UNIT-II: GATT and International Trade

GATT – GATT Negotiation rounds – Bilateral and Multilateral Agreements of GATT – MFN – National treatment – Quantitative restrictions - Anti-dumping duties - Countervailing duties Dispute settlement – India and GATT

UNIT-III: WTO and International Trade

WTO – Scope and functions – Structure – WTO Agreement on Textile and Clothing – TRIPs – GATS – TRIMs – SPS – FSA - AoA - Anti Dumping –Settlement of disputes – Regional Trade Agreement – India and WTO

UNIT-IV: International Sale of Goods

Transnational Commercial Laws - International Sale of Goods and Payments — Export-Import Policies of India - Foreign Trade Policy and Procedures — Method of Realizing Export Payments and Ensuring Guaranteed Export Payment — Central Excise Clearance Formalities — Customs Regulations and Clearance Formalities for Exports & Imports — Foreign Exchange Risk Management — UNDROIT principles — Hague Convention — UNCISG — UNCITRAL Model Law on International Credit Transfer — ICC — Commercial Letter of Credit — International Carriage of Goods

UNIT-V: International Commercial Arbitration

International Commercial Arbitration – ICCA – LCIA – ICSID – AAA – UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial Arbitration – UNCITRAL Rules – Rules of ICC – International Court of Arbitration – Recognition and Enforcement of Foreign Judgments and Awards – UNCITRAL Model Law on International Commercial Conciliation – UNCITRAL Conciliation Rules – Arbitration in India.

- 1. International Business by K Awasthappa, Mc Graw Hill
- 2. International Business Justin Paul, PHI Publications
- 3. Schimithoff's Export Trade: The Law and practice of International Trade (Sweet & Maxwell)
- 4. Jay E. Grenig: International Commercial Arbitration (West Thomson, 2014)
- 5. P.C. Rao and William Sheffield: Alternative Dispute Resolution (Universal Publication. New Delhi)
- 6. Ashwini Kumar Bansal: International Commercial Arbitration Practice and Procedure. (Universal Law Publications, 2014)
- 7. Michael K Levine- Inside international trade policy formulation
- 8. Rao M B- WTO & international trade, 2/edn
- 9. Indira Carr- International trade law

- 10. Chauh J C T- Law of International trade, 3/edn.
- 11. Bhagirat Lal Das: The World Trade Organisation, 1998. Eastern Book Company-1999
- 12. Eugen Langan: Transnational Commercial Law: Netherlands, International Publg. Co.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	C
M20LM2030	Maritime Law	HC	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1) Familiarisethe students with law of the sea and the international conventions relating to law of the sea.
- 2) Focus on specific concepts such as Nationality and Registration of Ships, Arrest of Ships, Maritime Liens and Privileges and Carriage of Goods by Sea.
- 3) A comprehensive understanding on marine insurance and marine collisions with special reference to international conventions relating to the same.

Course Contents:

UNIT I: Introduction to Maritime Law

Law of the Sea - Convention on the Territorial Sea and the Contiguous Zone, 1958 - Convention on the Continental Shelf, 1958 - Convention on the High Seas, 1958 - Convention on Fishing and Conservation of the Living Resources of the High

Seas, 1958 - 1958 Geneva Convention on Fishing and the Conservation of the Living Resources of the High Seas - UNCLOS - International Seabed Authority - International Tribunal for the Law of the Sea - Jurisdiction of Flag States - Jurisdiction of Port States & Coastal States - Marine Pollution - MARPOL - International Convention on the Prevention of Marine Pollution by Dumping of Wastes and Other Matter, 1972 - International Convention on Civil Liability for Oil Pollution Damage, 1969 - International Convention on the Establishment of an International Fund for Compensation for Oil Pollution Damage, 1992 - International Convention on Civil Liability for Bunker Oil Pollution Damage, 2001 - Piracy, Hijacking and Armed Robbery Against Ships.

UNIT II: Shipping Law

Nationality of Ships - Registration and Ownership of Ships - Closed Registries - Open Registries - International Registries - Regular Registration - Bareboat Registration - Ship Registration in the Convention on the High Seas, 1958 - Provisions in the UNCLOS - United Nations Convention on Conditions for Registration of Ships, 1986 - Shipbuilding Contracts - Sale and Purchase of Second-hand Tonnage - Ships Mortgages - Hypothecs - Maritime Liens and Privileges - Types of Maritime Liens and Privileges - Enforcement of Maritime Liens and Privileges - Extinction of Maritime Liens and Privileges - International Conventions on Maritime Liens and Mortgages - Arrest of Ships - International Convention Relating to the Arrest of Sea-Going Ships, 1952 - International Convention on the Arrest of Ships, 1999 - Mareva Injunction and Attachment.

UNIT III: Carriage of Goods and Passengers by Sea

Bills of Lading - Conventions Relating to International Carriage of Goods by Sea - Hague Rules - Hague-Visby Rules - Hamburg Rules - Rotterdam Rules - Charterparties - Different Types - Obligations of the Carrier - Rights and Immunities of the Carrier - Limitation of Liability - Seaworthiness - Deviation; Reasonable Despatch - Safe Ports - Dangerous Cargoes - Multimodal Transport Documents - United Nations Convention on International Multimodal Transport of Goods, 1980 - Athens Convention, 1974 - Athens Convention 2002 - IMO Reservation and Guidelines 2006.

UNIT IV: Marine Collisions

International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law Relating to Collision between Vessels, 1910 - Jurisdiction in Collision Cases - International Convention on Certain Rules Concerning Civil Jurisdiction in Matters of Collision, 1952 - Rio Rules 1977 - International Convention for the Unification of Certain Rules of Law Relating to Penal Jurisdiction in Matters of Collisions or Other Incidents of Navigation, 1952 - Convention on the International Regulations for Preventing Collisions at Sea, 1972 - Apportionment of Fault - Law of Salvage - International Convention on Salvage, 1989 - Lloyds Open Form of Salvage Agreement - Nairobi International Convention on the Removal of Wrecks, 2007 - Law of General Average - York-Antwerp Rules - Towage Contracts - Collisions Occurring During a Towage Service - Law of Pilotage - Liability of a Pilot, Master and Harbour Authorities - International Pilotage Associations.

Unit V: Marine Insurance

History of Marine Insurance - Types of Policies - Valued, Unvalued, Voyage, Time - Formation of Marine Insurance Contract - Subject matter insured - Insurable Interest - Warranties - Perils of the Seas - The Inchmaree Clause - P & I Insurance - Risks Insured - Types Of Loss - Actual Total Loss - Constructive Total Loss - Partial Loss - Salvage - Subrogation and return of Premium.

Reference Books:

- Jonathan Gilman QC, Arnould's Law of Marine Insurance and Average, Sweet & Maxwell (2008)
- 2. Howard Bennet, The Law of Marine Insurance, OUP-Oxford (2006)
- 3. Chorley & Giles, Shipping Law, Pitman, London, (1980)
- 4. Chalmers, Marine Insurance Act, 1906, Butterworth's, London, (10thedn, 1993)
- 5. Insurance Institute of India, Marine Insurance Claims (1991)
- 6. N.G. Hudson, Marine Claims Handbook, Lloyd's of London Press(1996)
- 7. B.C. Mitra, The Law Relating to Marine Insurance, University Book Agency(1993)
- 8. Rose, F, Marine Insurance: Law and Practice (LLP: London, 2004)

Course Code	Course Title	Course	L	T	P	C
		Type				
M20LM2040	Intellectual Property Law	HC	3	1	0	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To understand the international protection of IPR in a historical and current perspective.
- 2. To critically analyse the concept of various forms of IPRs and the role of judiciary in protecting those.
- 3. To evaluate the existing loopholes in the system related to protection of IPRs.

Course Contents:

UNIT-I: General Principles

IPR – Nature and scope of IPR – Evolution of concept of IPR – Kinds of IPRs – International Protection of IPRs – WIPO – TRIPS

UNIT-II: Copyright

History of copyright protection in the US, UK and India – Idea expression dichotomy – Berne Convention – Concept of originality in copyright – Works protected under Copyright Law – Rights under Copyright Law – Authorship and ownership of copyright – Term of Protection – Infringement of copyright – Exceptions – Fair use – Remedies – Copyright and Internet

UNIT-III: Trademarks

Nature and scope – Kinds of marks – Concept of distinctiveness in Trade and Service marks – Registrable marks – Procedure – Refusal of registration – Assignment and licensing – Infringement – Passing off – Domain name disputes - Remedies

UNIT-IV: Patents

Origin and meaning – Concept of Novelty, Inventive Step and Utility – Patentable inventions – Rights under Patent Law – True and first inventor and the Patentee – Pharmaceutical products – Plant variety protection and Farmer's Rights – Traditional Knowledge – Patent Applications – Procedure – Licensing and Revocation – Infringement – Remedies - Biotechnology and Intellectual Property Rights - Patenting of microorganisms - Genetically modified drugs and foods.

UNIT-V: GI, Industrial Designs, Semiconductor Integrated Circuits

Statutory protection of GI – Registration - Conditions of registration – Effect of registration – Offences and remedies – Definition of designs – Registration of Designs – Procedure for registration – Prohibition of registration – Authorities under the Designs Act - Semiconductor and IPR– Statutory protection – Registration – Powers of Registrar - Conditions of registration – Jointly owned layout design – Assignment and transmission – Appellate Board – Offences and penalties.

- 1. W.R. Cornish: Intellectual Property (London: Sweet & Maxwell), latest Edition
- 2. Paul Goldstain: Intellectual Property Law
- 3. P. Narayanan: Intellectual Property Law (Calcutta, Eastern Law House)
- 4. Torel on Patents, 2010
- 5. Brian C. Reid: Patent Law and Policy: Cases and Material.
- 6. Shavaksha K.P.: The Trade Marks Act, 1999 (Butterworths)
- 7. Christopher Waldow: The law of Passing off.
- 8. Kerly's Law of Trademarks (15th Ed) Thomson, (Sweet & Maxwell)
- 9. S.R. Iyenga: Copyright Act (Butterworth India, 2005)
- 10. BerntHugenholtz and Lucie Guibamt (Ed.): Copyright Cases (Wolter Kluwer)
- 11. Whale on Copyright, 1996
- 12. Paul Torrenaus and Ian Holyoak : Intellectual Property Law , 7th Ed. (Oxford University Press)
- 13. BibekDebroy (Ed.): Intellectual Property Rights
- 14. Dr. S.R. Myneni, Law of Intellectual Property Rights, Asia Law House, Hyderabad, 8thedn, 2017
- N.S. Gopalakrishnan& T.G. Agitha, Principles of Intellectual Property, EBC, Lucknow, 2ndedn, 2014
- Dr. B.L. Wadehra, Law Relating to Intellectual Property, Universal Law Publishing, 5thedn, 2016
- 17. Avtar Singh, Intellectual Property Law, EBC, Lucknow, 1stedn, 2013
- 18. Phillip Grabb: Patents for Chemicals, Pharmaceuticals and Biotechnology
- 19. U. Baxi: Biotechnology and Legal Order, New Dilemmas of the Future of Law and Human Nature

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	C
M20LM2050	Dissertation	HC	0	2	10	12

Course Objective:

This course is designed to test the research and analytical skills of the students. It is aimed at enabling the students to hone their skills as a researcher that would be of immense help to them in their career.

Students are required to select their dissertation topic at the beginning of the academic year (1st Semester) and register with a faculty member for Guidance.

Dissertation work carries 100 marks in total and research report has to be submitted before the commencement of the examination of 2nd semester.

Evaluation Criteria	Marks
Research Proposal	10
Final Dissertation	70
Presentation	10
Viva	10

CAREER DEVELOPMENT AND PLACEMENT

Having a degree will open doors to the world of opportunities for you. But Employers are looking for much more than just a degree. They want graduates who stand out from the crowd and exhibit real life skills that can be applied to their organizations. Examples of such popular skills employers look for include:

- 1. Willingness to learn
- 2. Self motivation
- 3. Team work
- 4. Communication skills and application of these skills to real scenarios
- 5. Requirement of gathering, design and analysis, development and testing skills
- 6. Analytical and Technical skills
- 7. Computer skills
- 8. Internet searching skills
- 9. Information consolidation and presentation skills
- 10. Role play
- 11. Group discussion, and so on

REVA University therefore, has given utmost importance to develop these skills through variety of training programs and such other activities that induce the said skills among all students. A full-fledged Career Counseling and Placement division, namely Career Development Center (CDC) headed by well experienced senior Professor and Dean and supported by dynamic trainers, counselors and placement officers and other efficient supportive team does handle all aspects of Internships and placements for the students of REVA University. The prime objective of the CDC is to liaison between REVA graduating students and industries by providing a common platform where the prospective employer companies can identify suitable candidates for placement in their respective organization. The CDC organizes preplacement training by professionals and also arranges expert talks to our students. It facilitates students to career guidance and improve their employability. In addition, CDC forms teams to perform mock interviews. It makes you to enjoy working with such teams and learn many things apart from working together in a team. It also makes you to participate in various student clubs which helps in developing team culture, variety of job skills and overall personality.

The need of the hour in the field of Legal Studies is not only knowledge in the subject, but also the skill to do the job proficiently, team spirit and a flavour of innovation. This kept in focus, the CDC has designed the training process, which will commence from second semester along with the curriculum. Special coaching in personality development, career building, English proficiency, reasoning, puzzles, and communication skills to every student of REVA University is given with utmost care. The process involves

continuous training and monitoring the students to develop their soft skills including interpersonal skills that will fetch them a job of repute in the area of his / her interest and march forward to make better career. The School of Legal Studies of REVA University also has emphasised subject based skill training through lab practice, internship, project work, industry interaction and many such skilling techniques. The students during their day to day studies are made to practice these skill techniques as these are inbuilt in the course curriculum. Concerned teachers also continuously guide and monitor the progress of students.

The University has also established University-Industry Interaction and Skill Development Centre headed by a Senior Professor & Director to facilitate skill related training to REVA students and other unemployed students around REVA campus. The center conducts variety of skill development programs to students to suite to their career opportunities. Through this skill development centre the students shall compulsorily complete at least two skill / certification based programs before the completion of their degree. The University has collaborations with Industries, Corporate training organizations, research institutions and Government agencies like NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) to conduct certification programs. REVA University has been recognised as a Centre of Skill Development and Training by NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) under Pradhan Mantri Kaushal VikasYojana.

The University has also signed MOU's with Multi-National Companies, research institutions, and universities abroad to facilitate greater opportunities of employability, students' exchange programs for higher learning and for conducting certification programs.