



SCHOOL OF APPLIED SCIENCES

M.Sc. Biochemistry Syllabus

With effect from 2019

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Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust

www.reva.edu.in

Chancellor's Message

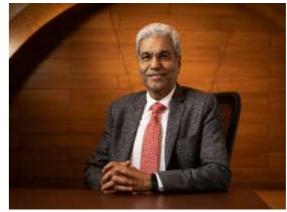
"Education is the most powerful weapon which you can use to change the world."

- Nelson Mandela.

There was a time when survival depended on just the realization of

physiological needs. We are indeed privileged to exist in a time when 'intellectual gratification' has become indispensable. Information is easily attainable for the soul that is curious enough to go look for it. Technological boons enable information availability anywhere anytime. The difference, however, lies between those who look for information and those who look for knowledge.

It is deemed virtuous to serve seekers of knowledge and as educators it is in the ethos at REVA University to empower every learner who chooses to enter our portals. Driven by our



founding philosophy of 'Knowledge is Power', we believe in building a community of perpetual learners by enabling them to look beyond their abilities and achieve what they assumed impossible.

India has always been beheld as a brewing pot of unbelievable talent, acute intellect and immense potential. All it takes to turn those qualities into power is a spark of opportunity. Being at a University is an exciting and rewarding experience with opportunities to nurture abilities, challenge cognizance and gain competence.

For any University, the structure of excellence lies in the transitional abilities of its faculty and its facility. I'm always in awe of the efforts that our academic board puts in to develop the team of subject matter experts at REVA. My faculty colleagues understand our core vision of empowering our future generation to be ethically, morally and intellectually elite. They practice the art of teaching with a student-centred and transformational approach. The excellent infrastructure at the University, both educational and extra-curricular, magnificently demonstrates the importance of ambience in facilitating focused learning for our students.

A famous British politician and author from the 19th century - Benjamin Disraeli, once said 'A University should be a place of light, of liberty and of learning'. Centuries later this dictum still inspires me and I believe, it takes team-work to build successful institutions. I welcome you to REVA University to join hands in laying the foundation of your future withvalues, wisdom and knowledge.

Dr.P.Shyama Raju

The Founder and Hon'ble Chancellor REVA University



Vice-Chancellor's Message

The last two decades have seen a remarkable growth in higher education in India and across the globe. The move towards inter-disciplinary studies and interactive learning have opened up several options as well as created multiple challenges. India is at a juncture where a huge population of young crowd is opting for higher education. With the tremendous growth of privatization of education in India, the major focus is on creating a platform for quality in knowledge enhancement and bridging the gap between academia and industry.

A strong believer and practitioner of the dictum "Knowledge is Power", REVA University has been on the path of delivering quality education by developing the young human resources on the foundation of ethical and moral values, while boosting their leadership qualities, research culture and innovative skills. Built on sprawling 45 acres of green campus, this 'temple of learning' has excellent and state-of-the-art infrastructure facilities conducive to higher teaching-learning environment and research. The main objective of the University is to provide higher education of global standards and hence, all the programs are designed to meet international standards. Highly experienced and qualified faculty members, continuously engaged in the maintenance and enhancement of student-centric learning environment through innovative pedagogy, form the backbone of the University.

All the programs offered by REVA University follow the Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) with Outcome Based Approach. The flexibility in the curriculum has been designed with industry-specific goals in mind and the educator enjoys complete freedom to appropriate the syllabus by incorporating the latest knowledge and stimulating the creative minds of the students. Bench marked with the course of studies of various institutions of repute, our curriculum is extremely contemporary and is a culmination of efforts of great think-tanks - a large number of faculty members, experts from industries and research level organizations. The evaluation mechanism employs continuous assessment with grade point averages. We believe sincerely that it will meet the aspirations of all stakeholders – students, parents and the employers of the graduates and postgraduates of REVA University.

At REVA University, research, consultancy and innovation are regarded as our pillars of success. Most of the faculty members of the University are involved in research by attracting funded projects from various research level organizations like DST, VGST, DBT, DRDO, AICTE and industries. The outcome of the research is passed on to students through live projects from industries. The entrepreneurial zeal of the students is encouraged and nurtured through EDPs and EACs.

REVA University has entered into collaboration with many prominent industries to bridge the gap between industry and University. Regular visits to industries and mandatory internship with industries have helped our students. REVA University has entered into collaboration with many prominent industries to bridge the gap between industry and University. Regular visits to industries and mandatory internship with industries have helped our students become skilled with relevant to industry requirements. Structured training programs on soft-skills and preparatory training for competitive exams are offered here to make students more employable. 100% placement of eligible students speaks the effectiveness of these programs. The entrepreneurship development activities and establishment of "Technology Incubation Centers" in the University extend full support to the budding entrepreneurs to nurture their ideas and establish an enterprise.

With firm faith in the saying, "Intelligence plus character –that is the goal of education" (Martin Luther King, Jr.), I strongly believe REVA University is marching ahead in the right direction, providing a holistic education to the future generation and playing a positive role in nation building. We reiterate our endeavour to provide premium quality education accessible to all and an environment for the growth of over-all personality development leading to generating "GLOBAL PROFESSIONALS".

Welcome to the portals of REVA University!

Dr. S. Y. Kulkarni Vice-Chancellor, REVA University

MESSAGE FROM THE DIRECTOR
FACULTY OF SCIENCE & TECHNOLOGY

The curriculum of an Institution of higher learning is a living entity. It evolves with time, reflects the

ever changing needs of the society and keeps pace with the growing talent of the students and the

faculty. The curriculum of the M.Sc. Biochemistry program of REVA University is no exception. An

experience of a decade in preparing graduates and postgraduates in engineering, architecture, law,

commerce and science for a wide variety of industries & research organizations has led to creation of

the new curriculum. I sincerely believe that it will meet the aspirations of all stake holders – students,

faculty and the employers of REVA University. The curriculum has been designed in such a way that

the teacher enjoys freedom to expand it in any direction he feels appropriate and incorporates the

latest knowledge and stimulates the creative minds of the students. There is also provision for new

experiments with new contents and new techniques. This is going to lead to new teaching – learning

paradigm with experiential, experimental & industry relevant approaches. The present curriculum is

contemporary because it is culmination of efforts of large number of faculty members, experts from

industries and research level organizations. An effort of benchmarking this curriculum with

curriculum of other institutions of repute like NITs and IITs has been done.

The curriculum caters to and has relevance to local, regional, national, global developmental needs.

Maximum number of courses are integrated with cross cutting issues with relevant to professional

ethics, gender, human values, environment and sustainability.

I am very sure that all students of REVA University enjoy this curriculum and take fullest advantage

to expose themselves to fundamentals and applications. Also, imbibe all attributes that are required

to term them as Global Engineers. The innovativeness and creativity being introduced should be

explored fully by our students.

The flexibility in the curriculum permits staff and students to incorporate changes in terms of addition

of new courses and deletion of irrelevant courses keeping the rapid advances in the technology into

consideration.

I also record my personal gratitude to Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and members of Academic

Council who have lent every bit of their wisdom to make this curriculum truly superior.

Dr. N. Ramesh Director, Faculty of Science and Technology

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PREFACE

M.Sc Biochemistry conceived by REVA University is an intensive intellectually challenging programme intended to provide students the deeper knowledge in Biochemistry in general and Applied Biochemistry in particular. It also facilitates students to acquire many transposable skills, gain research and industrial experience in contemporary Biochemistry. The curriculum apart from important Hard Core courses covers good number of specialized courses as electives in the areas of Bioinformatics, Food Technology, Pharmacovigilance and SAS, Clinical Biochemistry and Diagnostics, and Plant & Industry Biochemistry. The short term training in industries / R & D institutions, Internships, Student Projects in Biochemistry, Clinical Research, SAS, Clinical Diagnostics provide opportunity for the students to choose and acquire in-depth knowledge and skills in their area of interest.

The students may also choose fast track learning and acquire additional Proficiency Certificate or Diploma in addition to the curriculum. Interactions with Industries, Diagnostic Laboratories, and Research Institutes are achieved through industrial visits, internships, training in industries and research labs in R & D institutions. To ensure this the University has established collaborations and entered into MOUs with various industries and research institutions. To mention a few:

- FRLHT-The Trans disciplinary University
- CIMAP- CSIR Laboratory
- CIFT & other Central Institutes
- Himalaya Drug Company
- Clinical Research Institutes

These initiatives would not only broaden the exposure of the students but also help them to acquire deeper knowledge and better skills. The students thus will have greater opportunities of employment in reputed Chemical, Biological, Healthcare, Pharmaceutical, Agriculture, Petrochemicals, Cosmetics, Food Industries, Clinical data management industries and Diagnostic Laboratories. They will also have better opportunities to join as research scholars in different R & D institutions within the country and abroad.

I am sure the students choosing MSc Biochemistry at REVA University will enjoy the curriculum, teaching and learning environment, the vast infrastructure and the experienced teachers involvement and guidance. We will strive to provide all needed comfort and congenial environment for their studies. I wish all students a pleasant stay at REVA and grand success in their career.

Prof. Jayashree. S Head, M Sc Biochemistry Program

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RUKMINI EDUCATIONAL CHARITABLE TRUST

It was the dream of late Smt. Rukmini Shyama Raju to impart education to millions of underprivileged children as she knew the importance of education in the contemporary society. The dream of Smt. Rukmini Shyama Raju came true with the establishment of Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust (RECT), in the year 2002. Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust (RECT) is a Public Charitable Trust, set up in 2002 with the objective of promoting, establishing and conducting academic activities in the fields of Arts, Architecture, Commerce, Education, Engineering, Environmental Science, Legal Studies, Management and Science & Technology, among others. In furtherance of these objectives, the Trust has set up the REVA Group of Educational Institutions comprising of REVA Institute of Technology & Management (RITM), REVA Institute of Science and Management (RISM), REVA Institute of Management Studies (RIMS), REVA Institute of Education (RIE), REVA First Grade College (RFGC), REVA Independent PU College at Kattigenahalli, Ganganagar and Sanjaynagar and now REVA University. Through these institutions, the Trust seeks to fulfill its vision of providing world class education and create abundant opportunities for the youth of this nation to excel in the areas of Arts, Architecture, Commerce, Education, Engineering, Environmental Science, Legal Studies, Management and Science & Technology.

Every great human enterprise is powered by the vision of one or more extraordinary individuals and is sustained by the people who derive their motivation from the founders. The Chairman of the Trust is Dr. P. Shyama Raju, a developer and builder of repute, a captain of the industry in his own right and the Chairman and Managing Director of the DivyaSree Group of companies. The idea of creating these top notched educational institutions was born of the philanthropic instincts of Dr. P. Shyama Raju to do public good, quite in keeping with his support to other socially relevant charities such as maintaining the Richmond road park, building and donating a police station, gifting assets to organizations providing accident and trauma care, to name a few.

The Rukmini Educational Charitable Trust drives with the main aim to help students who are in pursuit of quality education for life. REVA is today a family of ten institutions providing education from PU to Post Graduation and Research leading to PhD degrees. REVA has well qualified experienced teaching faculty of whom majority are doctorates. The faculty is supported by committed administrative and technical staff. Over 15,000+ students study various courses across REVA's three campuses equipped with exemplary state-of-the-art infrastructure and conducive environment for the knowledge driven community.

ABOUT REVA UNIVERSITY

REVA University has been established under the REVA University Act, 2012 of Government of Karnataka and notified in Karnataka State Gazette dated 7thFebruary, 2013. The University is empowered by UGC to award degrees any branch of knowledge under Sec.22 of the UGC Act. The University is a Member of Association of Indian Universities, New Delhi. The main objective of the University is to prepare students with knowledge, wisdom and patriotism to face the global challenges and become the top leaders of the country and the globe in different fields.

REVA University located in between Kempegowda International Airport and Bangalore city, has a sprawling green campus spread over 45 acres of land and equipped with state-of-the-art infrastructure that provide conducive environment for higher learning and research. The REVA campus has well equipped laboratories, custom-built teaching facilities, fully air-conditioned library and central computer centre, the well planned sports facility with cricket ground, running track & variety of indoor and outdoor sports activities, facilities for cultural programs. The unique feature of REVA campus is the largest residential facility for students, faculty members and supportive staff.

The University is presently offering 24 Post Graduate Degree programs, 18 Degree and PG Degree programs in various branches of studies and has 14000+ students studying in various branches of knowledge at graduate and post graduate level and 331 Scholars pursuing research leading to PhD in 18 disciplines. It has 900+ well qualified, experienced and committed faculty members of whom majority are doctorates in their respective areas and most of them are guiding students pursuing research leading to PhD.

The programs being offered by the REVA University are well planned and designed after detailed study with emphasis with knowledge assimilation, applications, global job market and their social relevance. Highly qualified, experienced faculty and scholars from reputed universities / institutions, experts from industries and business sectors have contributed in preparing the scheme of instruction and detailed curricula for this program. Greater emphasis on practice in respective areas and skill development to suit to respective job environment has been given while designing the curricula. The Choice Based Credit System and Continuous Assessment Graded Pattern (CBCS – CAGP) of education has been introduced in all programs to facilitate students to opt for subjects of their choice in addition to the core subjects of the study and prepare them with needed skills. The system also allows students to move forward under the fast track for those who have the capabilities

to surpass others. These programs are taught by well experienced qualified faculty supported by the experts from industries, business sectors and such other organizations. REVA University has also initiated many supportive measures such as bridge courses, special coaching, remedial classes, etc., for slow learners so as to give them the needed input and build in them confidence and courage to move forward and accomplish success in their career. The University has also entered into MOUs with many industries, business firms and other institutions seeking their help in imparting quality education through practice, internship and also assisting students' placements.

REVA University recognizing the fact that research, development and innovation are the important functions of any university has established an independent Research and Innovation division headed by a senior professor as Dean of Research and Innovation. This division facilitates all faculty members and research scholars to undertake innovative research projects in engineering, science & technology and other areas of study. The interdisciplinary-multidisciplinary research is given the top most priority. The division continuously liaisons between various funding agencies, R&D Institutions, Industries and faculty members of REVA University to facilitate undertaking innovative projects. It encourages student research projects by forming different research groups under the guidance of senior faculty members. Some of the core areas of research wherein our young faculty members are working include Data Mining, Cloud Computing, Image Processing, Network Security, VLSI and Embedded Systems, Wireless Censor Networks, Computer Networks, IOT, MEMS, Nano-Electronics, Wireless Communications, Bio-fuels, Nano-technology for coatings, Composites, Vibration Energies, Electric Vehicles, Multilevel Inverter Application, Battery Management System, LED Lightings, Renewable Energy Sources and Active Filter, Innovative Concrete Reinforcement, Electro Chemical Synthesis, Energy Conversion Devices, Nano-structural Materials, Photoelectrochemical Hydrogen generation, Pesticide Residue Analysis, Nano materials, Photonics, Nana Tribology, Fuel Mechanics, Operation Research, Graph theory, Strategic Leadership and Innovative Entrepreneurship, Functional Development Management, Resource Management and Sustainable Development, Cyber Security, General Studies, Feminism, Computer Assisted Language Teaching, Culture Studies etc.

The REVA University has also given utmost importance to develop the much required skills through variety of training programs, industrial practice, case studies and such other activities that induce the said skills among all students. A full-fledged Career Development and Placement (CDC) department with world class infrastructure, headed by a dynamic experienced Professor & Dean, and supported by well experienced Trainers, Counsellors and Placement Officers.

The University also has University-Industry Interaction and Skill Development Centre headed by a Senior Professor & Director facilitating skill related training to REVA students and other unemployed students. The University has been recognized as a Centre of Skill Development and Training by NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) under Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana. The Centre conducts several add-on courses in challenging areas of development. It is always active in facilitating student's variety of Skill Development Training programs.

The University has collaborations with Industries, universities abroad, research institutions, corporate training organizations, and Government agencies such as Florida International University, Okalahoma State University, Western Connecticut University, University of Alabama, Huntsville, Oracle India Ltd, Texas Instruments, Nokia University Relations, EMC², VMware, SAP, Apollo etc, to facilitate student exchange and teacher–scholar exchange programs and conduct training programs. These collaborations with foreign universities also facilitates students to study some of the programs partly in REVA University and partly in foreign university, viz, M.S in Computer Science one year in REVA University and the next year in the University of Alabama, Huntsville, USA.

The University has also given greater importance to quality in education, research, administration and all activities of the university. Therefore, it has established an independent Internal Quality division headed by a senior professor as Dean of Internal Quality. The division works on planning, designing and developing different quality tools, implementing them and monitoring the implementation of these quality tools. It concentrates on training entire faculty to adopt the new tools and implement their use. The division further works on introducing various examination and administrative reforms.

To motivate the youth and transform them to become innovative entrepreneurs, successful leaders of tomorrow and committed citizens of the country, REVA organizes interaction between students and successful industrialists, entrepreneurs, scientists and such others from time to time. As a part of this exercise great personalities such as Bharat Ratna Prof. C. N. R. Rao, a renowned Scientist, Dr. N R Narayana Murthy, Founder and Chairman and Mentor of Infosys, Dr. K Kasturirangan, Former Chairman ISRO, Member of Planning Commission, Government of India, Dr. Balaram, Former Director IISc., and noted Scientist, Dr. V S Ramamurthy, Former Secretary, DST, Government of India, Dr. V K Aatre, noted Scientist and former head of the DRDO and Scientific Advisor to the Ministry of Defence Dr. Sathish Reddy, Scientific Advisor, Ministry of Defence, New Delhi and many others have accepted our invitation and blessed our students and faculty members by their inspiring addresses and interaction.

As a part of our effort in motivating and inspiring youth of today, REVA University also has instituted awards and prizes to recognize the services of teachers, researchers, scientists, entrepreneurs, social workers and such others who have contributed richly for the development of the society and progress of the country. One of such award instituted by REVA University is 'Life Time Achievement Award' to be awarded to successful personalities who have made mark in their field of work. This award is presented on occasion of the "Founders' Day Celebration" of REVA University on 6th January of every year in presence of dignitaries, faculty members and students gathering. The first "REVA Life Time Achievement Award" for the year 2015 has been awarded to Shri. Kiran Kumar, Chairman ISRO, followed by Shri. Shekhar Gupta, renowned Journalist for the year 2016, Dr K J Yesudas, renowned play back singer for the year 2017. REVA also introduced "REVA Award of Excellence" in the year 2017 and the first Awardee of this prestigious award is Shri Ramesh Aravind, Actor, Producer, Director, Screen Writer and Speaker.

REVA organises various cultural programs to promote culture, tradition, ethical and moral values to our students. During such cultural events the students are given opportunities to unfold their hidden talents and motivate them to contribute innovative ideas for the progress of the society. One of such cultural events is REVA Cultural Fest organised every year. The event not only gives opportunities to students of REVA but also students of other Universities and Colleges. During three days of this mega event students participate in debates, Quizzes, Group discussion, Seminars, exhibitions and variety of cultural events. Another important event is Shubha Vidaaya, - Graduation Day for the final year students of all the programs, wherein, the outgoing students are felicitated and are addressed by eminent personalities to take their future career in a right spirit, to be the good citizens and dedicate themselves to serve the society and make a mark in their respective spheres of activities. During this occasion, the students who have achieved top ranks and won medals and prizes in academic, cultural and sports activities are also recognised by distributing awards and prizes. The founders have also instituted medals and prizes for sports achievers every year. The physical education department conducts regular yoga classes everyday to students, faculty members, administrative staff and their family members and organises yoga camps for villagers around.

Recognizing the fast growth of the university and its quality in imparting higher education, the BERG (Business Excellence and Research Group), Singapore has awarded BERG Education Award 2015 to REVA University under Private Universities category. The University has also been honoured with many more such honors and recognitions.

ABOUT SCHOOL OF APPLIED SCIENCES

The School of Applied Sciences offers graduate and post graduate programs in Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Chemistry, Physics and Mathematics which are incredibly fascinating. It aims to attract talented youth and train them to acquire knowledge and skills useful to industrial sectors, research laboratories, and educational institutions. The School presently offers M.Sc. degree programs in Bio-Chemistry, Bio-Technology, Chemistry, Physics, Mathematics and B Sc with various combinations viz, Physics Chemistry and Mathematics, Mathematics , Physics and Statistics, Mathematics Statistics and Computer Science, and Biology Mathematics & Computer Science and also Post Graduate Diploma in Clinical Research Management. The School also facilitates research leading to PhD in Biotechnology, Biochemistry, Physics, Chemistry, Mathematics and related areas of study.

The School of Applied Sciences is shouldered by well qualified, experienced and highly committed faculty. The state-of-the-art infrastructure digital classrooms, well equipped laboratories, conference rooms and the serene academic atmosphere at REVA University will enhance the transfer as well as creation of knowledge. The school provides an interactive, collaborative peer tutoring environment that encourages students to break down complex problems and develop strategies for finding solutions across a variety of situations and disciplines. The school aims to develop a learning community of critical thinkers who serves as models of innovative problems solving in the university environment to enrich their academic and professional careers.

Vision

To nurture intellect, creativity, character and professionalism among students and impart contemporary knowledge in various branches of Chemical, Biological, Physical and Mathematical Sciences that are socially relevant and transform them to become global citizens.

Mission

To achieve excellence in studies and research through pedagogy and support interface between industry and academia

VALUES

- Excellence in all our academic and research endeavours
- Dedication and service to our stakeholders
- Leadership through innovation
- Accountability and transparency
- Creating conducive academic environment with service motto
- Integrity and intellectual honesty
- Ethical and moral behaviour
- Freedom of thought and expression
- Adaptability to the change
- Team-work

[&]quot;The constant questioning of our values and achievements is a challenge without which neither science nor society can remain healthy"

— Aage Niels Bohr

Advisory Board

Sl. No.	Members	Designation
1	Dr.N.Ramesh Dean, Faculty of Science and Technology REVA University Email: dir.planning@reva.edu.in	Chairperson
2	Dr. U.V Babu Head- Phytochemistry, Research and Development, Himalaya Drug Company. Bengaluru Email: dr.babu@himalayawellness.com	Member
3	Dr. Arumugam Muruganandam Managing Director & CEO Affigenix Bio Solutions Email: radhasanand@gmail.com.	Member
4	Dr. Senthil Duraisamy Managing Director PharmaGenica Healthcare Pvt Ltd Email: senthildu@gmail.com	Member
5	Dr. Renuka Srihari, Professor, Department of Biochemistry, MLACW, Bangalore Email: rsh1_thesis@rediffmail.com	Member
6	Prof.Jayashree.S Professor & Head School of Chemical and Biological Science REVA University Email: jayashrees@reva.edu.in	Member
7	Dr. Veeraraghavan Professor, School of Chemical and Biological Science, REVA University Email: veeraraghavan@reva.edu.in	Member

M.Sc (Biochemistry)

Programme Overview

Biochemistry explores the chemical processes within and related to living organisms. The subject focuses on processes happening at a molecular level. It focuses on what's happening inside our cells by studying components like proteins, lipids and organelles. It also looks at how cells communicate with each other, for example during growth or fighting illness. Biochemists need to understand how the structure of a molecule relates to its function, allowing them to predict how molecules will interact. By using chemical knowledge and techniques, biochemists can understand and solve biological problems

Biochemistry covers a range of scientific disciplines, including genetics, microbiology, forensics, plant science and medicine. Because of its breadth, biochemistry is very important and advances in this field of science over the past 100 years have been staggering. It's a very exciting time to be part of this fascinating area of study.

Biochemists find opportunities in Hospitals, Universities, Agriculture, Food institutes/organisations, Cosmetics, Forensic crime research, Drug discovery and development, and many other sectors.

In India, the hospital, pharmaceutical, food processing and agricultural sectors are all growing at a significant rate and development of biotech industries is being given prime importance by the Government of India to make it \$100 billion industry by 2025, creating greater opportunities for Biochemists.

In this context, University Programme in Biochemistry at postgraduate level in India remains relevant for the creation of trained human resources.

M. Sc. (Biochemistry) at REVA UNIVERSITY has been designed to meet the human resources needs of existing and futuristic biotech industries and biotech research organizations involved in pharmaceuticals, food processing, agriculture, biomedical devices development; academic institutions and hospitals. The programme is designed to produce graduates with higher order critical, analytical, problem solving and research skills; ability to think rigorously and independently to meet higher level expectations of biotech industries, research organizations, hospitals and academic institutions. The programme in addition to core courses covers a number of specialized electives in the areas of Bioinformatics, Food Technology, Pharmacovigilance and SAS, Clinical Biochemistry and Diagnostics, and Plant & Industrial Biochemistry. The short term training in industries / R & D institutions, Internships, Student Projects in Biochemistry, Clinical Research, SAS and Clinical Diagnostics provide opportunity for the students to choose and acquire in-depth knowledge and skills in their area of interest.

Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs)

The aim of the programme is to produce postgraduates with - advanced knowledge and understanding of biochemistry; higher order critical, analytical, problem solving and attitudinal skills (transferable) to meet expectations of hospitals, biotech industry involving biochemical reactions, academia, and research institutions or to take up entrepreneurial route. Hence,

The Programme Educational objectives are to prepare the students to:

- 1. Develop critical, analytical, problem solving and research skills in biochemistry
- 2. Provide new ideas and experiments to understand how life works
- 3. Enhance the understanding of health and disease and contribute to the development of new solutions for better health of the world
- 4. Work alongside chemists, physicists, healthcare professionals, policy makers, engineers and many more professionals
- 5. Work as techno managers, academicians, administrator or entrepreneurs with strong ethics and communication skills
- 6. Pursue higher education and research in reputed institutes at national and international level
- 7. Aware of environmental and legal Issues, and government regulations
- 8. Adopt lifelong learning for continuous improvement

Programme Outcomes (POs)

After undergoing this programme, a student will be able to:

- 1. Describe biochemical reactions and processes
- 2. Explain the effects of biochemical reactions, processes and address safety and ethical issues
- 3. Propose chemicals, processes and optimize process parameters for effective and safe biochemical reactions
- 4. Use modern tools and techniques for the design, analysis and synthesis of new biochemical
- 5. Instrument and Perform physical experiments for testing and evaluation of biochemical
- 6. Operate and monitor performance of machines and systems used in development and testing of biochemical and interpret results
- 7. Conduct research under supervision
- 8. Choose appropriate online programmes for further learning, participate in seminars and conferences
- 9. Manage information, develop technical reports and make presentations
- 10. Lead a team to successfully complete a project and communicate across teams and set up his/her own enterprise

REVA University Regulations for Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Continuous Assessment Grading Pattern (CAGP) for Postgraduate Degree programs- 2019

(Framed as per the provisions under Section 35 (ii), Section 7 (x) and Section 8 (xvi) & (xxi) of the REVA University Act, 2012)

1. Title and Commencement:

- 1.1. These Regulations shall be called the "REVA University Regulations for Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) and Continuous Assessment Grading Pattern (CAGP) for Post Graduate Degree Programs- 2019".
 - **1.2.** These Regulations shall come into force from the date of assent of the Chancellor.

2. The Programs:

The following programs and all Graduate Degree programs to be instituted and introduced in REVA University in coming years shall follow these regulations.

M. Sc in:

Biochemistry

Biotechnology

Chemistry

Physics

Mathematics

3. Definitions:

Course: Every course offered will have three components associated with the teaching-learning process of the course, namely:

(i) L= Lecture (ii) T= Tutorial (iii) P=Practice; where:

L stands for Lecture session consisting of classroom instruction.

T stands for **Tutorial** session consisting participatory discussion / selfstudy/ desk work/ brief seminar presentations by students and such other novel methods that make a student to absorb and assimilate more effectively the contents delivered in the Lecture classes.

P stands for **Practice** session and it consists of Hands on Experience / Laboratory Experiments / **19** | P a g e

Field S	tudies / Case Studies that equi	p students to acquire	the much-required ski	ll component.
20 P	ıge			

4. Courses of study and Credits

- **4.1.** The study of various subjects in M. Sc., degree program is grouped under various courses. Each of these course carries credits which are based on the number of hours of teaching and learning.
- **4.1.1.** In terms of credits, every **one-hour session of L amounts to 1 credit per Semester.** In terms of credits, every **one-hour session of L amounts to 1 credit per Semester** and a minimum of **two-hour session of T or P amounts to 1 credit per Semester** over a period of one Semester of 16 weeks for teaching-learning process.
- 4.1.2. The total duration of a semester is 20 weeks inclusive of semester-end examination.
- **4.1.3.** A course shall have either or all the four components. That means a course may have only lecture component, or only practical component or combination of any two or all the three components.
- 4.1.4. The concerned BOS will assign Credit Pattern for every course based on the requirement. However, generally, courses can be assigned with 1-4 Credits depending on the size of the course.
- **4.1.5.** Different Courses of Study are labelled and defined as follows:

Core Course:

A course which should compulsorily be studied by a candidate as a core-requirement is termed as a Core course. The CORE courses of Study are of THREE types, viz - (i) Hard Core Course, and (ii) Soft Core Course.

a. Hard Core Course (HC):

The **Hard-Core Course** is a Core Course in the main branch of study and related branch(es) of study, if any that the candidates have to complete compulsorily.

b. Soft Core Course (SC):

A Core course may be a **Soft Core** if there is a choice or an option for the candidate to choose a course from a pool of courses from the main branch of study or from a sister/related branch of study which supports the main branch of study.

c. Open Elective Course:

An elective course chosen generally from other discipline / subject, with an intention to seek exposure to the basics of subjects other than the main discipline the student is studying is called an **Open Elective Course.**

d. Project Work / Dissertation:

Project work / Dissertation work is a special course involving application of knowledge in solving / analysing /exploring a real-life situation / difficult problem. A project work carrying FOUR or SIX credits is called Minor Project work / Dissertation. A project work of EIGHT, TEN, TWELVE or SIXTEEN credits is called Major Project work / Dissertation. A Project work may be a hard core or a Soft Core as decided by the BoS / concerned.

5. Eligibility for Admission:

Bachelor's degree of 3 years with Biochemistry, Chemistry, Microbiology, Agriculture Sciences, Animal Sciences, Medical Laboratory Technology (B. Sc. MLT), Life Sciences as Biochemistry as principal or subsidiary subject with 45% (40% in case of SC/ST) of marks in aggregate form any recognized University/ Institution or eligible for admission to the program.

6. Scheme, Duration and Medium of Instructions:

- **6.1.** M.Sc., degree program is of 4 semesters 2 years duration. A candidate can avail amaximum of 6 semesters (3 years) including blank semesters, if any to successfully completeM. Sc. degree. Whenever a candidate opts for blank semester, he/she has to study the prevailing courses offered by the School when he/she resumes his/her studies.
- **6.2.** The medium of instruction shall be English.

7. Credits and Credit Distribution

7.1. A candidate has to earn 96 credits for successful completion of Two-Year Postgraduate degree with a distribution of credits for different courses as given in Table - 1 given below:

Table-1

Credits and Credit Distribution for Two Year Post Graduate degree programs

Course Type	Credits for Two Year (4 Semesters) Post Graduate Degree Programs
Hard Core Course	80
Soft Core Course	6
Open Elective	4
RULO	6
Total	96

- 7.2. The concerned BOS based on the credits distribution pattern given above shall prescribe the credits to various types of courses and shall assign title to every course including project work, practical work, field work, self-study elective, as **Hard Core** (**HC**) **or Soft Core** (**SC**) **or Open Elective** (**OE**).
- **7.3.** Every course including project work, practical work, field work, self-study elective should be entitled as Hard Core (HC) or Soft Core (SC) or Open Elective (OE) by the BoS concerned.

However, following shall be the

RULO (**REVA Unique Learning Offering**) courses with credits mentioned against them, common to all branches of study. However, the BOS of respective program/discipline shall decide about the total credits for RULO courses.

Sl. No.	Course Title	Number of Credits
1	Sports/Yoga/Music/Dance/Theatre	2
2	SWAYAM/MOOC/Coursera/Soft Skill/Short term training	4
	Total	6

7.4. The concerned BOS shall specify the desired Program Objectives, Program Educational Objectives, Program Specific Outcomes and Course Outcomes while preparing the curriculum of a particular program.

7.5. A candidate can enrol for a maximum of 28 credits and a minimum of 16 credits per Semester. However, he / she may not successfully earn a maximum of 28 credits per semester. This maximum credit does not include the credits of courses carried forward by a candidate.

7.6. Only such full time candidates who register for a minimum prescribed number of credits in each semester from I semester to IV semester and complete successfully 96 credits in 4 successive semesters shall be considered for declaration of Ranks, Medals, Prizes and areeligible to apply for Student Fellowship, Scholarship, Free ships, and such other rewards / advantages which could be applicable for all full time students and for hostel facilities.

8. Add-on Proficiency Certification / Diploma:

8.1 Add- on Proficiency Certification:

To acquire Add on Proficiency Certification a candidate can opt to complete a minimum of 4 extra credits either in the same discipline /subject or in different discipline / subject in excess to 96 credits for the Two Year Post Graduate degree programs.

8.2 Add on Proficiency Diploma:

To acquire Add on Proficiency Diploma, a candidate can opt to complete a minimum of 8 extra credits either in the same discipline /subject or in different discipline / subject in excess to 96 credits for the Two Year Post Graduate degree programs.

The Add on Proficiency Certification / Diploma so issued to the candidate contains the courses studied and grades earned.

9. Assessment and Evaluation

- a) Each course is assessed for a total weight of 100%. Out of the total 100% weight; 50% weight is for Continuous Internal Assessment (CIA or IA) and the remaining 50% for the Semester End Examination (SEE). This applicable for theory, laboratory, workshop, studio and any such courses
- b) Out of 50% weight earmarked for Internal Assessment (IA)- 15% for test-1, 15% for test-2 and 20% for Assignments and this is applicable for theory-based courses
- c) The tests and assignments are conducted as per the semester academic calendar provided by the University

The details as given in the table

Component	Description	Conduction	Weight Percentage
C1	Test-1: IA1	6 th week from the starting date of semester	15
	Test-2: IA2	12 th week from the starting date of semester	15
C2	Assignment (1&2)	7 th week	10
C3	Seminar (1&2)	13th week	10
C4	SEE including practical	between 17 th Week- 20 th Week	50
Results to be Announ	By the end of 21st Week		

Note: IA or CIA includes C1 and C2

Each test must be conducted for a duration of 60 minutes, setting the test question paper for a maximum of 30 marks. The final examination must be conducted for a duration of 3 hours and the question paper must be set for a maximum of 100 marks.

d) Students are required to complete courses like technical skills, placement related courses, Open electives and any such value addition or specialized courses through online platformslike SWAYAM/NPTEL/Coursera Any other reputed online education aggregator. Students are required to choose the courses on the advice of their course coordinator/Director and required to submit the course completion certificate along with percentage of marks/grade scored in the assessment conducted by the online education aggregator. If the online education aggregator has issued a certificate along with the grade or marks scored to students, such courses will be considered for SGPA calculations, in case the aggregator has issued only a certificate and not marks scored, then such courses will be graded through an examination by concerned School, in case, if grading is not possible, students will be given a pass grade and award the credit and the credits will not be considered for SGPA calculations. The Online/MOOCs courses will not have continuous internal assessment component

Such of those students who would like to discontinue with the open elective course that they have already registered for earning required credits can do so, however, they need to complete the required credits by choosing an alternative open elective course.

Setting question paper and evaluation of answer scripts.

- i. For SEE, three sets of question papers shall be set for each theory course out of which two sets will be by the internal examiners and one set will be by an external examiner. In subsequent years by carrying forward the unused question papers, an overall three sets of question papers should be managed and depending on the consumption of question papers either internal or external examiner be called for setting the question paper to maintain an overall tally of 3 papers with the conditioned mentioned earlier. The internal examiner who sets the question paper should have been course tutor
- ii. The Chairman of BoE shall get the question papers set by internal and external examiners.
- iii. The Board of Examiners shall scrutinize and approve the question papers and scheme of valuation. It is the responsibility of the BoE to see that all questions

contained in the question paper are within the prescribed syllabus of the concerned course.

- iv. There shall be single valuation for all theory papers by internal examiners. However, there shall be moderation by the external examiner who has the subject background. In case no external examiner with subject background is available, a senior faculty member within the discipline shall be appointed as moderator.
- v. The SEE examination for Practical work / Field work / Project work/Internship will be conducted jointly by internal and external examiners as detailed below: However, the BoE on its discretion can also permit two internal examiners.
- vi. If a course is fully of (L=0): T:(P=0) type or a course is partly P type i.e, (L=3): (T=0) (P=1), then the examination for SEE component will be as decided by the BoS concerned.

10. Evaluation of Practical's and Minor Project / Major Project / Dissertation

10.3.1 A practical examination shall be assessed on the basis of:

- a) Regular assessment while during practical classes
- b) Knowledge of relevant processes;
- c) Skills and operations involved;
- d) Results /products including calculation and reporting.
- **10.3.2.** In case a course is fully of P type (L=0: T=0:P=4), the performance of a candidate shall be assessed for a maximum of 100 marks as explained below:
 - a) Continuous Internal assessment (CIA) = 50 marks
 - b) Semester end practical examination (SEE) = 50 marks

The 25 marks for continuous assessment shall further be allocated as under (IA or CIA):

I	Conduction, assessment of regular practical and	20 marks
	discipline maintained by the students throughout the	
	semester	
Ii	Maintenance of lab records	10 marks
Iii	Laboratory test and viva	20 marks
	Total	50 marks

The 50 marks meant for Semester End Examination, shall be allocated as under:

I	Conduction of semester end practical examination and	30 marks
	assessment of the performance	
Ii	Write up about the experiment / practical	10 marks
	conducted/spotter	
Iii	Viva Voce	10 marks
	Total	50 marks

- **10.3.3.** The SEE for Practical work will be conducted jointly by internal and external examiners. However, if external examiner does not turn up, then both the examiners will be internal examiners.
- **10.3.4.** In case a course is partly P type i.e, (L=3): (T=0) (P=1), then the examination for SEE component will be as decided by the BoS concerned.
- **10.3.5.** The duration for semester-end practical examination shall be decided by the concerned School Board.

10.4. Evaluation of Minor Project / Major Project / Dissertation:

Right from the initial stage of defining the problem, the candidate has to submit the progress reports periodically and also present his/her progress in the form of seminars in addition to the regular discussion with the supervisor. At the end of the semester, the candidate has to submit

final report of the project / dissertation, as the case may be, for final evaluation. The components of evaluation are as follows:

1	First Dissertation presentation	Should be done a	Weightage: 0%
	describing the problem definition	semester before the	
		project semester	
2	Dissertation Progress presentation-1	7 th week from the start	Weightage: 25%
		date of project	
		semester	
3	Dissertation progress presentation-2	14 th Week from the	Weightage -25%
		start date of project	
		semester	
4	Final project Viva and Dissertation	17 th -20 th Week of	Weightage: 30% for
	Submission	project Semester	Dissertation
			Weightage: 20% for
			Final Viva Voce

11. Provision for Appeal

If a candidate is not satisfied with the evaluation of C1,C2 components, he/she can approach the grievance cell with the written submission together with all facts, the assignments, test papers etc, which were evaluated. He/she can do so before the commencement of semester-end examination. The grievance cell is empowered to revise the marks if the case is genuine and is also empowered to levy penalty as prescribed by the university on the candidate if his/her submission is found to be baseless and unduly motivated. This cell may recommend taking disciplinary/corrective action on an evaluator if he/she is found guilty. The decision taken by the grievance cell is final.

For every program there will be one grievance cell. The composition of the grievance cell is as follows: -

- The Registrar (Evaluation) Ex-officio Chairman / Convener
- One Senior Faculty Member (other than those concerned with the evaluation of the course concerned) drawn from the school / department/discipline and/or from the sister schools / departments/sister disciplines – Member.
- One Senior Faculty Members / Subject Experts drawn from outside the University school
 / department Member.

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12. Eligibility to Appear Semester End Examination (SEE)

12.1 Only those students who fulfil a minimum of 75% attendance in aggregate of all the courses including practical courses / field visits etc, as part of the course(s), as provided in the succeeding sections, shall be eligible to appear for SEE examination.

12.2. Requirements to Pass a Course

Students are required to score a total minimum of 40% (Continuous Internal assessment and SEE) in each course offered by the University/ Department for a pass (other than online courses) with a minimum of 20 (40% of 50) marks in final examination

13. Requirements to Pass the Semester

To pass the semester, a candidate has to secure minimum of 40% marks in each subject / course of the study prescribed in that semester.

13.1 Provision to Carry Forward the Failed Subjects / Courses:

A student who has failed in a given number of courses in odd and even semesters of first year shall move to third semester of second and final year of the study. However, he / she shall have

to clear all courses of all semesters within the double duration, i. e., within four years of admission of the first semester failing which the student has to re-register to the entire program.

13.2 Provision to Withdraw Course:

A candidate can withdraw any course within ten days from the date of notification of final results. Whenever a candidate withdraws a course, he/she has to register for the same course in case it is hard core course, the same course or an alternate course if it is Soft Core Course or Open

Elective

Course.

A DROPPED course is automatically considered as a course withdrawn.

13.3. Re-Registration and Re-Admission:

- a) In case a candidate's class attendance in aggregate of all courses in a semester is less than 75% or as stipulated by the University, such a candidate is considered as dropped the semester and is not allowed to appear for end semester examination (C3) and he / she shall have to seek readmission to that semester during subsequent semester / year within a stipulated period.
- b) In such case where in a candidate drops all the courses in a semester due to personal reasons, it is considered that the candidate has dropped the semester and he / she shall seek readmission to such dropped semester.

14. Attendance Requirement:

- **14.1** All students must attend every lecture, tutorial and practical classes.
- **14.2** In case a student is on approved leave of absence (e.g. representing the university in sports, games or athletics, placement activities, NCC, NSS activities and such others) and / or any other such contingencies like medical emergencies, the attendance requirement shall be minimum of 75% of the classes taught.

- a) Any student with less than 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the courses including practical courses / field visits etc, during a semester shall not be permitted to appear to the end semester (C4) examination and such student shall seek re-admission as provided in 7.8.4.
- b) Teachers offering the courses will place the above details in the School Board meeting during the last week of the semester, before the commencement of C3, and subsequently a notification pertaining to the above will be brought out by the Director of the School before the commencement of C3 examination. A copy of this notification shall also be sent to the office of the Registrar & Registrar (Evaluation).

15. Absence during Mid Semester Examination:

In case a student has been absent from a mid-semester (C1, C2) examination due to the illness or other contingencies he / she may give a request along with necessary supporting documents and certification from the concerned class teacher / authorized personnel to the concerned Head of the School, for make-up examination. The Head of the School may consider such request depending on the merit of the case and after consultation with course instructor and class teacher, and arrange to conduct a special test for such candidate(s) well in advance before the C3 examination of that respective semester. Under no circumstances C1, C2 test shall be held after C3 examination.

16. Grade Card and Grade Point

- **Provisional Grade Card**: The tentative / provisional grade card will be issued by the Registrar (Evaluation) at the end of every semester indicating the courses completed successfully. The provisional grade card provides **Semester Grade Point Average** (SGPA).
- **16.2. Final Grade Card:** Upon successful completion of M.Sc., Degree a Final Grade card consisting of grades of all courses successfully completed by the candidate will be issued by the Registrar (Evaluation).

16.3. The Grade and the Grade Point: The Grade and the Grade Point earned by the candidate in the subject will be as given below.

Marks	Grade	Grade Point	Letter Grade
P	G	(GP=V x G)	
90 >100	10	v*10	0
80 > 90	9	v*9	A+
70 > 80	8	v*8	А
60 > 70	7	v*7	B+
55 > 60	6	v*6	В
50 > 55	5.5	V*5.5	C +
40 > 50	5	v*5	Р
0-40	0	v*0	F
ABSENT	1		АВ

O - Outstanding; A-Excellent; B-Very Good; C-Good; D-Fair; E-Satisfactory; F - Fail

Here, P is the percentage of marks (P=[C1+C2+C3]) secured by a candidate in a course which is **rounded to nearest integer**. V is the credit value of course. G is the grade and GP is the grade point.

16.3.1. Computation of SGPA and CGPA

The Following procedure to compute the Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA)

The SGPA is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses undergone by a student in a given semester, i.e:

SGPA (Si) = \sum (Ci x Gi) / \sum Ci where Ci is the number of credits of the ith course and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the ith course.

Illustration for Computation of SGPA and CGPA

Illustration No. 1

Course	Credit	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Credit x Grade)
Course 1	4	A+	9	4X9=36
Course 2	4	A	8	4X8=32
Course 3	3	B+	7	3X7=21
Course 4	3	0	10	3X10=30
Course 5	3	P	5	3X5=15
Course 6	3	В	6	3X6=18
Course 7	2	О	10	2X10=20
Course 8	2	A	8	2X8=16
	24			188

Thus, **SGPA** = $188 \div 24 = 7.83$

Illustration No. 2

Course	Credit	Grade letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade point)
Course 1	4	A	8	4X8=32
Course 2	4	B+	7	4X7=28
Course 3	3	A+	9	3X9=27
Course 4	3	B+	7	3X7=21
Course 5	3	В	6	3X6=18
Course 6	3	P	5	3X5=15
Course 7	2	B+	7	2X7=21
Course 8	2	0	10	2X10=20
	24			175

Thus, $SGPA = 175 \div 24 = 7.29$

Illustration No.3

Course	Credit	Grade Letter	Grade Point	Credit Point (Credit x Grade point)
Course 1	4	О	10	$4 \times 10 = 40$
Course 2	4	A+	9	$4 \times 9 = 36$
Course 3	3	B+	7	$3 \times 7 = 21$

Course 4	3	В	6	3 x 6 = 18
Course 5	3	A+	9	$3 \times 9 = 27$
Course 6	3	B+	7	$3 \times 7 = 21$
Course 7	2	A+	9	$2 \times 9 = 18$
Course 8	2	A+	9	$2 \times 9 = 18$
	24			199

Thus, SGPA = $199 \div 24 = 8.29$

Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

Overall Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) of a candidate after successful completion of the required number of credits (96) for Two year Post Graduate degree program is calculated taking into account all the courses undergone by a student over all the semesters of a program i. e., $CGPA = \sum (Ci \ x \ Si) \ / \sum Ci$

Where Si is the SGPA of the ith semester and Ci is the total number of credits in that semester.

The SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts.

Illustration: No.1CGPA after Final Semester

Semester	No. of Credits	SGPA	Credits x SGPA
(ith)	(Ci)	(Si)	(Ci X Si)
1	24	6.83	24 x 6.83 = 163.92
2	24	7.71	24 x 7.71 = 185.04
3	24	8.68	24 x 8.68 = 208.32
4	24	9.20	24 x 9.20 = 220.80
Cumulative	96		778.08

Thus, CGPA = 24x6.83 + 24x7.13 + 24x8.68 + 24x9.20 = 8.11

16.3.2. CONVERSION OF GRADES INTO PERCENTAGE:

Conversion formula for the conversion of CGPA into Percentage is:

Percentage of marks scored = CGPA Earned x 10

Illustration: CGPA Earned 8.10 x 10=81.0

16.3.3. Classification of Results

The final grade point (FGP) to be awarded to the student is based on CGPA secured by the candidate and is given as follows.

CGPA	Grade (Numerical Index)	Letter Performance	FGP		
COLA	G	Grade		Qualitative Index	
9 >= CGPA 10	10	0	Outstanding	Distinction	
8 >= CGPA < 9	9	A+	Excellent	Distilletion	
7 >= CGPA < 8	8	Α	Very Good	First Class	
6 >= CGPA < 7	7	B+	Good	I mst class	
5.5> = CGPA < 6	6	В	Above average	Second Class	
>5 CGPA< 5.5	5.5	С	Average		
>4 CGPA<5	5	Р	Pass	Satisfactory	

Overall percentage=10*CGPA

17. Challenge Valuation

a. A student who desires to apply for challenge valuation shall obtain a photo copy of the answer script by paying the prescribed fee within 10 days after the announcement of the results. He / She can challenge the grade awarded to him/her by surrendering the grade card and by submitting an application along with the prescribed fee to the Registrar (Evaluation) within 10 days after the announcement of the results. This challenge valuation is only for SEE.

The answer scripts for which challenge valuation is sought for shall be evaluated by the external examiner who has not involved in the first evaluation. The higher of two marks from first valuation and challenge valuation shall be the final.

b. With regard to any specific case of ambiguity and unsolved problem, the decision of the Vice-Chancellor shall be final.

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M.Sc (BIOCHEMISTRY)

Scheme of Instructions and Detailed Syllabus (effective from Academic Year 2019-20)

Scheme of Instruction

Sl. No	Course Code	Title of the Course	HC/S C/		Cred Patte		Credits	Contact Hours
			FC	L	T	P		
1	M19BC1010	Organic, Biophysical, Biochemical and Environmental Toxicology	НС	2	1	0	3	4
2	M19BC1020	General Physiology	HC	4	0	0	4	4
3	M19BC1030	Metabolism -I	НС	4	0	0	4	4
4	M19BC1040	Analytical Techniques	HC	4	0	0	4	4
5	M19BC1050	Research Methodology & Statistics	НС	2	1	0	3	4
	Practical Cour	ses						
6	M19BC1060	Biophysical chemistry (Laboratory– I)	НС	0	0	2	2	4
7	M19BC1070	Clinical Biochemistry (Laboratory cum Training– II)	НС	0	0	2	2	4
8	M19BC1080	Enzymology (Laboratory– III)	HC	0	0	2	2	4
9	M19BC1090	Microbiology (Laboratory – IV)	HC	0	0	2	2	4
		Total Credits		16	02	8	26	36

Second Semester

Sl.	Course Code	Title of the Course	HC/SC/	Cre	dit P	attern	Credits	Hours
No			FC	L	T	P		
1	M19BC2010	Enzymology	HC	4	0	0	4	4
2	M19BC2020	Biotechnology	HC	4	0	0	4	4
3	M19BC2030	Immunology	НС	4	0	0	4	4
4	M19BC2040	Metabolism -II	HC	3	1	0	4	5
5	M19BC2051	Bioinformatics						
6	M19BC2052	Food Technology	SC	1	1	0	2	3
7	M19BC2060	Sports/Yoga/Music/Dance/ Theatre	RULO	0	0	2	2	3
	Practical Cours	ses						
8	M19BC2070	Protein Chemistry (Laboratory – V)	НС	0	0	2	2	4
38	M19BC2080	Immunology (Laboratory – VI)	НС	0	0	2	2	3
10	M19BC2090	Molecular Biology (Laboratory – VII)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

11	M19BC20X0	Bioinformatics (Laboratory – VIII)	НС	0	0	2	2	3
	7	Cotal Credits		16	2	10	28	37

Third Semester

Sl.	Course Code	Title of the Course	HC/SC/	Cre	dit Pa	ttern	Credit	Hours
No			FC	L	T	P	s	
1	M19BC3010	Molecular Biology	HC	4	0	0	4	4
2	M19BC3020	Nutritional Biochemistry	HC	3	0	0	3	3
3	M19BC3030	Biochemical Genetics	НС	2	1	0	3	4
4	M19BC3041	Pharmacovigilance and SAS						
5	M19BC3042	Clinical Biochemistry and						
		Diagnostics	SC	4	0	0	4	4
6	M19BC3043	Plant and Industrial						
		Biochemistry						
7	M19BC3050	Biochemistry in daily life	OE*	3	1	0	4	4
8	M19BC3060	Soft Skill	RULO	2	0	0	2	2
	Practical Course	es						
9	M19BC3070	Advanced Molecular	HC	0	0	4	4	8
		Techniques (Laboratory – IX)						
10	M19BC3080	Genetic Engineering	НС	0	0	2	2	4
		(Laboratory– X)	TIC	U	U			+
	T		18	2	6	26	33	

Note: Open Elective Course"Biochemistry in daily life" offered is for students other than Biochemistry discipline. The students of M Sc Biochemistry shall have to choose the **Open Elective** course offered in other disciplines.

Fourth Semester

Sl.	Course Code	Title of the Course HC/SC/ Credits Pattern			Credit	Hours		
No			FC	L	T	P	S	
1	M19BC4010	Internship	НС	-	-	4	4	8
2	M19BC4020	Submission of Project work and Evaluation	НС	0	0	10	10	20
3	M19BC4030	SWAYAM/MOOC	RULO	2	-	-	2	-
	T	otal Credits		2	0	14	16	28

Semester-wise Summary of Credit Distribution

Semesters	L	T	P	No. of	No. of
				Credits	Hours
First Semester	16	2	08	26	36
Second Semester	16	2	10	28	37
Third Semester	18	2	06	26	33
Fourth Semester	02	0	14	16	28
Total Credits	52	6	38	96	134

Distribution of Credits Based on Type of Courses

Semester	HC	SC	OE	RULO	FC	CC	TOTAL
I	26	-	-	-	-	-	26
II	24	2	-	2	-	-	28
III	16	4	4	2	-	-	26
IV	14	-	-	2	-	-	16
Total	80	6	4	6	-	-	96

M.Sc (BIOCHEMISTRY)

DETAILED SYLLABUS

(effective from Academic Year 2018)

SEMESTER-I

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1010	ORGANIC, BIOPHYSICAL, BIOCHEMICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICOLOGY	НС	2	1	0	3	4

Course Objectives: The objective of the course is to develop an understanding and appreciation of both structure and chemical transformations of organic molecules instudents

Course Outcomes: The student shall be able to:

- Apply basic techniques in the organic laboratory for preparation, purification and Identification of organiccompounds.
- Apply knowledge on safety rules in the practice of laboratory investigations.
- Design the reaction mechanisms and apply them for laboratoryexperiments
- Classify the Organic reactionmechanisms.
- Analyze the toxic levels of Organic substances.
- Ascertain the biochemical mechanism oftoxicity
- Apply knowledge on buffer preparations and their applications

Course Content: 52 Hrs

Unit-1 13 Hrs

ORGANIC CHEMISTRY: Electronic theory of valency. Electronic displacements in a molecule: Inductive effect, Electronic effect, resonance. The hydrogen bond, hydrophobic interactions. Atomic and molecular orbitals. Shapes of bio molecules, hybridization and tetracovalency of carbon.

Types of organic reactions: Substitution, addition, elimination, rearrangement, condensation and polymerization.

Free radicals in biological system: Oxygen as free radical in the auto oxidation of fats. Antioxidants (free radicals inhibitors in the cell such as vitamin A, vitamin E,vitamin C,Se etc)

Mechanism of substitution in benzene ring: ortho, para and Meta directing groups. The concept of resonance with reference to benzene derivatives. Direct influence of substituents- Electronic interpretation.

Unit-2

Stereochemistry: Structural isomerism, stereoisomerism, geometrical isomerism.

Opticalisomerism,opticalactivity,mesocompounds,specificrotation,chirality,chiralcentreenantiomers,diaste reoisomeres,confirmation and configuration, boat and chair forms,

axialandequatorialbonds, anomers and mutarotation, glycoside, epimers, glucopyranose, fructopyranose, periodic acid oxidation of sugars.

Heterocyclic systems occurring in living systems: Numbering of the ring and properties of pyran, furan, thiazole, indole, pyridine, pyrimidine quinine, purine and pteridine.

Unit-3

Biophysical chemistry

Thermodynamics studies in chemistry and biochemistry: Definition and application of the first and second law of thermodynamics in understanding energies in living cells, chemical potential, equilibrium constant. Phosphate group transfer potentials.

Biological solvents: Water properties, dipole moments, ionic product of water

Acids, Bases and Buffers: pH scale, acids-bases, Henderson-Hasselbalch equation, buffers, ionization behavior of amino acids and proteins, titration curve, buffer solutions and action.

Microbiology: Physical, environmental and nutritional requirements for growth (growth curve).continuos culture of bacteria and synchronous growth of bacteria. Preparation of culture media, staining techniques and isolation of pure cultures. starter cultures for dairy industry. Fermented products. (food and dairy)

Unit-4 BIOCHEMICAL AND ENVIRONMENTAL TOXICOLOGY

Definition and scope of toxicology: Eco-toxicology and its environmental significance. Toxic effects: Basic for general classification & nature. Dose - Response relationship: Synergism and Antagonism, Determination of ED50 & LD50. Acute and Chronic exposures. Factors influencing Toxicity. Pharmacodynamics & Chemodynamics.OECD guidelines.

Principles & procedures of testing for acute toxic effects: Regulatory guidelines, Mammalian systems affected & the clinical signs of Systemic Toxicity. Factors affecting acute Toxicity studies.

Xenobiotic metabolism: Absorption & distribution. Phase I reactions. Oxidation, Reduction, Hydrolysis and Hydration. Phase II reactions/Conjugation: Methylation, Glutathione and amino acid conjugations.

Biochemical basis of toxicity: Mechanisms of Toxicity: Disturbance of Excitable membrane functions. Altered calcium Homeostasis. Covalent binding to cellular macromolecules & Genotoxicity. Tissue specificity of Toxicity.

Pesticidetoxicity: Insecticides: Organochlorines, Anticholinesterases. Organophosphates and Carbamates. Fungicides Herbicides. Environmental consequences of pesticide toxicity. Biopesticides.

Food toxicity: Common food adultrants, detection of adultrants, sources and effects of food toxicants. Toxicology of food additives i.e preservatives, colourants taste enhancers

Metal toxicity: Toxicology of Arsenic, mercury, lead and cadmium, sources and permissible limits of metals in organs, antidotes.

Reference Books:

- 1. Stereo chemistry of organic compounds (1994) by E L Eliel & SHW Awley. Inter Science Pub.30. Wiley and sons.Inc.
- 2. Organic Chemistry (6th ed. 2000) by R T Morrison & R N Boyd. Prentice Hall of India. New Delhi.
- 3. Organic Chemistry Vol.1 Fundamental Principles (6th Ed. 2003) by IL Finar, ELBS
- 4. Organic Chemistry, 11th edition 2014, by T W Graham Solomons, Craig B Fryhle and Scott A Synder.
- 5. Organic chemistry by Stanley H. Pine (4th Edition, 1987) Tata Mc-Graw hill.
- 6. Vol.2 Stereo Chemistry and the Chemistry of Natural Products. (5th ed. 1985) by I L Finar, ELBS.
- 7. Lehninger's Principles of Biochemistry (2nd Ed 2000) D L Nelson and M M Cox, Macmillan Worth pub. Inc NY.
- 8. Physical Biochemistry by Kansal Edward Van Holde (1971) Prentice Hall Inc. New Jersey.
- 9. Physical biochemistry 2nd nd (1982) by David Friedfelder, W H Freeman and Co. NY.
- 10. General and Applied Toxicology 1995 by Marrs and Turner. Macmillan Press Ltd.
- 11. Basic Envionmental Toxicology (1994) by Lorris G. Corkerhem and Barbara S S Shane CRP Press Inc.
- 12. Introduction to Food Technology by Talayurki Shibamato & Leonard F Bzeldanes.
- 13. Molecular Biotechnology 2nd ed 1994 by Barnard R Glick & J J Pasternak.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1020	GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objective:

To study the basic concepts of cellular physiology and the fundamental properties of eukaryotic cell

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the students shall be able to:

- Investigate the various causes for specific diseases and diagnose the clinical symptoms of various diseases
- Acquire the complete knowledge and analyze the proper functions of variousorgans.
- Apply the knowledge on various disorders and detect the real symptoms for curing certaindiseases.

Course Content: 52 Hrs

Unit-1: 13hrs

Muscular System: Ultra structure of smooth, skeletal and cardiac muscle fibers. Contractile and other proteins of muscle. Energy metabolism in muscle; Phosphagens, neuro-muscular junctions, excitation of striated muscles. Organization of sarcolemma, transverse-tubular system and sarcoplasmic reticulum, mechanism of muscle contraction. Regulation of contraction in striated and smooth muscle. Calmodulin and its regulatory role, muscular dystrophies.

Resting potentials and action potentials of excitable cells, contraction of skeletal, cardiac and smooth muscles

Cardiovascular system: Anatomy and physiology of blood vessels, structure of heart, cardiac cycle, heart sounds, ECG, blood pressure and haemorrhage.

Unit-2

Nervous system: Types and structure of neuron. Neurotransmitters and receptors, mechanism of synaptic transmission. Briefly about membrane potential, resting potential and action potential. Briefly about EEG and epilepsy. Outline and function of CNS and PNS.Neuromuscular junctions.

Biochemistry of cancer – carcinogenesis, characteristics of cancer cell, agents promoting carcinogene Respiratory system: Anatomy of lungs, mechanism and regulation of respiration, transport of gases O_2 and CO_2 respiratory, mechanism of acid and base balance with briefly the disorders of respiratory system.

Unit-3:

Blood and Body fluids: Composition and functions of blood. Erythrocytes including Hb, leukocytes and thromobocytes plasma proteins in health and diseases. Blood coagulation – mechanism and regulation. Fibrinolysis, anticoagulants, transfers of blood gases – oxygen and carbon dioxide. Hydrogen ion homeostasis- Factors regulating blood pH – buffers. Composition and functions of lymph and CSFAcid-base balance, metabolic and respiratory acidosis and alkalosis.

Digestive system: Secretions, functions and regulation of saliva, gastric, pancreatic, intestinal and bile juice.

Digestion and absorption of carbohydrates, lipids, proteins, nucleic acids, minerals and vitamins.

Unit-4

Renal physiology and Excretion: Structure and functional unit of kidney, mechanism of urine formation (Glomerular filtration, Tubular reabsorption and Tubular secretion), concentration of urine, tubular function test, kidney hormones, regulation of acid-base balance, electrolyte and water balance. Renal failure, nephrosis and nephrites

Endocrine system: Chemistry of hormones and hormonal activity. Site of synthesis, secretion, functions and Circulation in blood of hypothalamus, pituitary, thyroid, adrenal cortex, parathyroid and pancreas, local hormones and their biological significance. Degradation and peripheral transformation. Receptors and the mechanism of hormone action. Disorders of endocrine system.

Reference Books:

- 1. Molecular Biology of the Cells (3rd edn 1994) by Alberts et al., Garland Publications inc NY and London.
- 2. Cell Biology (1993) by E S Sedava, Jones and Barlett Publishers Boston, London.
- 3. Cell and Molecular Biology (8th ed. 2001) by E D P de Robertis & E M F de Robertis (Jr) Lippincott Williams &Wilkins, Philadelphia.
- 4. Principles of Cell Biology (1988) by Klein Smith and M.Kish. Harper-Cellins Pub. Inc. New Delhi.
- 5. Text book of Medical Physiology (10th ed. 2001) by A C Guyton & J E Hall. Harcourt Asia.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1030	METABOLISM - I	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

Understand the fundamental energetic of biochemical processes, and the relation between biochemical defects and metabolic disorders.

Recognize and understand basic mechanisms of pathway regulation.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Acquire the knowledge of carbohydrates and Lipids which makes students easier to study about advanced course in Biochemistry and Molecular Biology.
- Correlate knowledge of carbohydrates and Lipids to central Biochemical processes.
- Acquire the knowledge about the fundamentals of energetic biochemical processes.
- Integrate biochemical defects and metabolic disorders.
- Demonstrate an understanding of the diversity of metabolic regulation, and how this is specifically achieved in different cells.
- Apply the knowledge about the fundamental of energetic biochemical processes. Develop an integrative approach for biological problems.

Course Content:

12hrs

Unit-1

Bioenergetics: Energy transformation, Laws of thermodynamics, Biological oxidations, oxygenases, hydroxylases, dehydrogenases and energy transducing membranes. Gibbs energy, free energy changes and redox potentials, phosphate potential, chemo-osmotic theory. Proton circuit and electrochemical gradient, ionophores. Uniport, antiport and symport mechanisms, shuttle systems.

The mitochondrial respiratory chain, order and organization of carriers, proton gradient, iron sulphur proteins, cytochromes and their characterization. The Q cycle; P/O ratio. Reversed electron transfer, respiratory controls and oxidative phosporylation, uncouplers and inhibitors of energy transfer. Fractionation and reconstitution of respiratory chain complexes.

ATP – synthetase complex., partial reduction of oxygen, superoxides.

Unit-2

Chemistry of Carbohydrates:

Biological importance:Monosaccharides: Elucidation of structure of glucose (open chain and ring structure); Epimers and Anomers-defination and example; Brief review on configurational and conformational aspects of carbohydrates; Derived monosaccharides: structures and biological importance of: Amino sugars: glucoseamine and galactosamine and their Nacetylated forms, Sugar phosphates: Dribose-5-P,β-D-ribose-5-P,glucose-6-P and fructose -1,6- diphosphate, Sugar acids: types with examples; Disaccharides: Structure of isomaltose, cellobiose and trehalose; brief discussion on reducing property; Polysaccharides: classification with examples; structure,properties and importance of homo and hetero polysaccharides-Blood group and bacterial polysaccharides; glycosaminoglycans, cardioglycosides, Glycoproteinsstructure and functions, Lectins-characteristics andbiologicalimportance.

Unit-3: Metabolism of carbohydrates

13hrs

Intermediary metabolism: Approaches for studying metabolism. Introduction to metabolism. **Carbohydrates Metabolism:** Glycogenesis and glycogenolysis, Glycolysis, citric acid cycles, its function in energy generation and biosynthesis of energy rich bonds, pentose phosphate pathway and its regulation. Alternate pathways (glyoxalic and uronic acid pathways) of carbohydrate metabolism. Gluconeogensis. Interconversions of sugars. Biosynthesis of starch and oligosaccharides. Regulation of blood glucose homeostasis. Hormonal regulation of carbohydrate metabolism. Disorders: Pentosuria, Hexose interconversion, fructose and lactose intolerance, fructosuria, galactosemia and glycogenstoragediseases

Unit-4: Lipids 13 hrs

Chemistry of Lipids: Structure, Classification, Characteristics and biological importance of lipids. Behavior of amphipathic lipids in water, formation of micelles and lioposomes. Prostaglandins. Bio membranes, membrane composition and fluid mosaic model.

Lipid Metabolism: Acetyl CoA carboxylase, Fatty acid synthase, desaturase and elongase. Fatty acid oxidation: α , β , ω oxidation and lipoxidation. Lipid Biosynthesis: Biosynthesis of triacyglycerols, phosphoglycerides and sphingolipids, Biosynthetic pathways for terpenes, steroids and prostaglandins. Ketone bodies: Formation and utilization. Metabolism of circulating

lipids: chylomicrons, LDL, HDL and VLDL. Free fatty acids. Lipid levels in pathological conditions.

Disorders: Sphingolipidodystrophies, Lipoproteinemias, fatty liver, hypercholesterolemia.

Reference Books:

- 1. Biochemistry; Voet, D. and Voet, J.G. [Eds.] (1999) 3 Ed. Jhon Wiley andsons.
- 2. Biochemistry; David Rawn, J. (1989) Neil PattersonPublishers.
- 3. Principles of Biochemistry; Smith et al., [Ed.] (1986) McGarwHill.
- 4. Bioenergetics; A Practical Approach, G.C. Brown and C.E. Cooper (1995) IRL-Oxford UniversityPress.
- 5. Photosynthesis, D.O. Hall and K. K. Rao, (1999), 6th Edn. Cambridge UniversityPress.
- 6. Hawk's Physiological Chemistry, Oser (1976) 14th EdnTata-McGraHill.
- 7. Advances in Carbohydrate Chemistry and Biochemistry; Horton, Elseveir(1994).
- 8. Biochemistry of Foods, Eskin Elseveir(2012).
- 9. Text Book of Biochemistry with Clinical correlations; 6th Edn. Thomas M.A.Devlin, Wiley Liss(2012).
- 10. Lehninger- Principles of Biochemistry; D. L. Nelson and M.M. Cox 6th Edn Macmillan Publications(2012).
- 11. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; 5th Edn. D. Papachristodoulou, A. Snape, W.H. Elliott, and D. C. Elliott, Oxford University Press(2014).
- 12. Biochemistry; David Rawn, Panima Publishers (2012).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1040	ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

To develop the skills among students to understand the theory and practice of bio analytical techniques

To provide among students the scientific understanding of analytical techniques and detail interpretation of results

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Integrate the applications and usage of chromatography in real time industrial environments.
- Acquire knowledge about the interaction of electromagnetic radiations with matter and apply analytical techniques to accurately determine the elements present in the given sample
- Explain the theory for image formation, contrast, resolution of variousmicroscopes
- Correlate the relevance of microscopic approaches to life sciencesinquiries.
- Acquireknowledgeabout thevarioustechniquesofcentrifugation, extractions, chromatography, electrophoresis, Microscopy and spectroscopy

Course Content:

Unit-1 13hrs

Centrifugation: Basic principles of centrifugation. Factors affecting sedimentation, Sedimentation Coefficient, Instrumentation and applications of Desktop, High speed and Ultra centrifuges; Preparative and Analytical centrifugation; Density gradient and differential centrifugation and Isopycnic Centrifugation,

Extraction methods for preparation of samples:Preparation of extracts for biochemical investigations, physicochemical properties of metabolites and drugs extracts from biological materials. Physico-chemical properties of solvents, solubility and missibility, ionic bonds, and salting out. Partition, ionization, buffering and their effect on extraction. Choice of solvent for solvent extraction, mixed solvents, solid phase extraction.

Unit-2

Chromatography: Introduction, partition coefficient, phase systems-liquid and solid phases. Principle, instrumentation and applications of paper and thin layer chromatography.column chromatography-Ion exchange, Affinity and gel permeation Chromatography, HPLC.

Gas Chromatography: Principle and design of instrument. Factors affecting GC, .Types of detectors (flame ionization, thermionic, electron capture, mass spectrometer).G.L.C; principle and application.

Unit-3

Electrophoresis: Basic principles of electrophoresis and factors effecting electrophoretic mobility, Agarose gel electrophoresis of nucleic acids, capillary and pulse field, capillary electrophoresis. SDSPAGE. Electro blotting: Western, southern, northern equipments and application. GIMSA assay.

Microscopic techniques: Types of microscopy(light, Phase Contrast,florescence,dark field.Electron Microscopy- Working principle and applications of TEM and SEM, advantages.Immune gold, cryoelectron and Trans focal microscopy.

Unit-4

Spectroscopic techniques: Electromagnetic spectrum, transition in spectroscopy. Principle, design and application of UV-Visible, fluorescence,

IR, Raman IR, Atomic Absorption Spectroscopy, Flame photometer.

Principle, instrumentation and applications of X-RAY crystallography, NMR, ESR,

Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, overview of MS experiment, ionization modes: MALDI, equipments in MS analysis (Identification of metabolites). Interfacing MS with other methods; MS/MS, LC/MS, GC/MS.

Reference Books:

- 1. Instrumental methods of analysis H.H.Wilard,L.L.Merritt, J A Dean.
- 2. Instrumental Methods of Chemical analysis.
- 3. Analytical Chemistry G.D. Chritiain. Wiley
- 4. Introduction of instrumental analysis. R.P.Braun
- 5. Biophysical chemistry by Upadhyay and Upadhyay.
- 6. Principles and Techniques of Practical Biochemistry by <u>Keith Wilson</u>, <u>John Walker</u>, 5th Edition, 2000. Cambridge Univ.Press
- 7. Organic Spectroscopy by Willium Kemp,3rd edition 2008.
- 8. Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry- H.J. Arnikar
- 9. A text book of quantitative Inorganic analysis A I Vogel.
- 10. Pharmacopoeia of India, British Pharmacopoeia
- 11. Standard methods of Chemical analysis A Series of Volumes Edited F.J.Welcher R.G. Krieger Publishing Company.
- 12. Principles of Instrumental Analysis Fifth edition Skoog, Holler, Niemay
- 13. Principles and techniques of practical Biochemistry. K.Wilson and J. Walker. 4thEdn. Cambridge University Press (2012).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1050	RESEARCH METHODOLOGY & STATISTICS	НС	2	1	0	3	4

Course Objective:

To introduce the students to the fundamental aspects of research methods and statistics

To familiarise them with various research techniques such as experimentation, observation etc, and recording data and also interpreting the data and writing report

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Understand the importance of research and various research methods and techniques
- Identification of new method and applying them to molecular biology, Immunology and other relatedfields.
- Identify novel methods of preparation of hormones, steroids and other biological macromolecules.
- Examine, explore and classify the reaction mechanisms and their pathways
- Correlate the analytical data, patients profile etc. using statistics

Course Content:

Unit-1

Methodology of scientific research. The nature of scientific methods. Quantitative biochemical measurements: Analytical considerations and experimental errors, nature of experimental errors-random and systemic errors. Identification of systemic errors, SOPs. Performance of analytical methods, precision, accuracy, detection limit, analytical range, specificity, sensitivity, and robustness.

Unit-2

Collection and review of research literature, sources of literature and their evaluation. Designing research methodologies. General strategies for preparation of research proposals. Data representation in technical reports, posters, presentation in scientific conferences and workshops. Preparation of manuscripts for publication in national and international journals. Yardsticks employed in evaluation of manuscripts for publications.

Unit-3

Gaussian distribution (normal) of data, quantification of precision by standard deviation, coefficient of variation and variance, (data to be provided forcalculation of each parameter). Assessment of accuracy; Population statistics- confidence limitsand confidence intervals, student's t-test, standard error of mean, examples for calculation. Qtests, examples and applications, Null hypothesis, use of t-test to validate analytical methodsunpaired, paired, one-sample, two-sample tests with examples. Calibration methods; Least meansquare method of fitting straight line to data with example. Correlation andregression analyses. ANOVA, one way andtwo-wayANOVA.

Unit - 4 11 Hrs

Principles and practice of statistical methods in biological research, Basic statistics: samples and populations ,measures of average, measures of dispersion, standard error, confidence limits; Probability distribution: normal, binomial and Poisson distribution; correlation and regression, test of statistical significance, and analysis of variance, Distribution of student's -t, chi-square (X2), F- test, latest software, introduction of software, exercise on biochemical problems.

Reference Books:

- 1. Biostatistics: A foundation for analysis in the health. (7th ed. 1999) by W W Daniel John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York.
- 2. Choosing and Using Statistics; A Biologist Guide, Clavin Dythan, Blackwell Scientific (1999).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1060	BIOPHYSICAL CHEMISTRY (LABORATORY - I)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objective:

To be able to communicate and discuss the various methods available to purify and characterize the biological molecules based on their physical and chemical properties.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Demonstrate basic competencies in a range of practical clinicaltechniques
- Explore the biochemical and molecular tools for the various hereditary and

Course Contents:

1. Preparation of buffers; Acetate, phosphate and trisbuffer.

Chromatographic techniques :Paper
 Chromatographic Techniques: TLC
 Chromatographic Techniques: Column

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1070	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY (LABORATORY II)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objectives:

- To Compare and contrast human body chemistry levels under normal and abnormal conditions.
- To perform, evaluate and explain clinical chemistry procedures and correlate test results with patient conditions.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Examine the biochemical tests and interpret the results performed on body fluids to support diagnosistreatment
- Monitor various diseases to perform diagnostictests.

Course Contents:

- 1. Qualitative Tests for bio constituents in biological sample.
- 2. Estimation of cholesterol, urea and glucose in biological sample.
- 3. Estimation of Serum bilirubin by Diazomethod.
- 4. Estimation of Hemoglobin.
- 5. Microscopic examination and chemical analyses of blood, urine and stools.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1080	ENZYMOLOGY (LABORATORY III)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objectives:

To explore the different enzymes used in industries for various applications and to evaluate the activity of the enzymes

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Acquire training with respect to variousenzymes
- Explore regarding the functions of differentenzymes
- Outline the activity relationship and kinetics of the enzymes indetail

Course Content:

- 1. Assay of salivary amylases,
- 2. Assay of Alkaline phosphatises
- 3. Assay of SGOT, SGPT andLDH

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC1090	MICROBIOLOGY (LABORATORY IV)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objective:

To attain experience in handling microbes and to illustrate the physical and chemical characteristics of themicroorganisms

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Attain the experience to handle the microbes to facilitate working in variouslaboratories
- Improve their skill and competency in various experimentations

Course Contents:

- 1. Isolation of air microflora Colony characteristics and Counting, pure culture techniques.
- 2. Biochemical tests for microbial culture, testing water quality by microbial method.

SEMESTER-II

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2010	ENZYMOLOGY	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

To enable students to gain fundamental knowledge on classification, structure, mechanism, Enzyme kinetics, inhibitors and related diseases of enzymes

To integrate the practical aspects of Enzymology with the kinetic theories to provide a mechanistic overview of enzyme activity and regulation in cells

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Acquire knowledge about structure, functions and the mechanisms of action of enzymes.
- Attain concepts of kinetics of enzyme catalyzed reactions and enzyme inhibitory and regulatoryprocess.
- Compare and contrast the historical uses of enzyme technology with current applications in a diverse range of industries.
- Demonstrate foundation knowledge in Biochemistry in the areas of Theory & Practical Biochemistry
- Generate a contemporary application of enzyme technology or metabolic engineering and present the results in a well-structured oralpresentation.

Course Content:

Unit-1 13hrs

Introduction to Enzymes: Nomenclature and classification of enzymes. Mechanism of enzyme actions. Monomeric and oligomeric enzymes and multi- enzyme complexes with examples viz. Pyruvate dehydrogenase and fatty acid synthetase. Isoenzymes

The investigation of active site structure: The identification of binding sites and catalytic sites—trapping the E-S complex, use of substrate analogs, enzyme modification by treatment with proteolytic enzymes, photo – oxidation and chemical modification of amino acid side chains. The 3-D structural features of active sites.

Unit-2

Factors affecting enzyme activity: pH, temperature, substrate concentration, enzyme concentration.

Enzyme catalysis: Chemical nature of enzyme catalysis-General acid-base catalysis,

electrostatic catalysis, covalent catalysis, intramolecular catalysis and enzyme catalysis.

Mechanisms of action of the following enzymes-lysozyme, ribonuclease, serine proteases and Triose phosphate isomerases.

Co-enzymes and cofactors: Water soluble vitamins and structure and function of their coenzymes.Metallo enzymes.

Unit-3

Enzyme kinetics: Kinetics of single substrate enzyme catalysed reactions; Michaelis Menton equation; determination of Vmax and Km values; Line-Steady State Kinetics, Eadie-Hofste plot; Kinetics of multi substrate enzymecatalysed reaction- reorder, order and Ping-Pong mechanism. Use of initial velocity, inhibition and exchange studies to differentiate between multi substrate reaction mechanisms.

Enzyme inhibition: Types-reversible, irreversible, competitive, non-competitive, mixed inhibition, partial inhibition, substrate inhibition and allosteric inhibition; irreversible inhibition.

Unit-4 12hrs

Enzyme regulation: General mechanisms of enzyme regulation: Feed Back Inhibition and Enzyme repression control of enzymic activity by products and substrates; Allosteric enzymes, Sigmoidal kinetics and their physiological significance.

Fundamentals of enzyme assay – enzyme units, coupled kinetic assay. Criteria of purity of enzymes.

Industrial uses of enzymes: Amylases, cellulose degrading enzymes, proteolytic enzymes in meat and leather industry, detergents and cheese production; immobilisation of enzymes and their applications; introduction to biosensors.

Reference Books:

- 1. The chemical kinetics of enzyme action by K J Laidler and P S Bunting, Oxford University Press.
- 2. Enzymes by M Dixon, E C Webb, CJR Thorne and K F Tipton, Longmans, London.
- 3. Enzyme structure and mechanism (1977) by Alan Fersht, Reading, USA.
- 4. Enzymatic reaction mechanism (1979) by Cheristopher Walsh, freeman Pub., San Francisco.
- 5. Immobilized enzymes (1978) by Ichiro Chibata, Haisted Press Book.
- 6. Enzyme structure and function by S Blackburn (1976) marcel Dekker, Inc., NY.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2020	BIOTECHNOLOGY	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

To recognize the importance of recombinant DNA technology in the advancement of animals and plants;

To distinguish the difference in plant cell culture and animal cell culture giving an outline of different fermenters used for each of them.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Analyze various tools and techniques used in recombinant DNA technology
- Explain the advancement in sequencing technology.
- Incorporate the recombinant genes and their products in agriculture, industry and environment relatedfields.
- Illustrate the manufacture of fermenters and to execute efficient fermentation process
- Figure out the importance and applications of plant tissue culture and animal cell culture in modern lifescience.

Course Content:

Unit-1

Gene transfer to plants: callus culture, Acclimatization of micro propagated plants. Agrobacterium mediated transformation, Ti plasmid, mechanism of T-DNA transfer, Function of T-DNA genes, Ti-plasmid derivatives as plant vectors (disarmed T-DNA), cointegrate and binary vectors, selectable markers for plants, Direct DNA transfer to plants: particle bombardment, chloroplast transformation, electroporation.

Animal tissue culture:

Cell culture media, monolayer and suspension culture, In vitro fertilization and embryo transfer. Transgenic animals as bioreactors for production of recombinant proteins, Bone marrow transplantation, organ culture: techniques. Stem cells and therapeutics, novel sources of MSC, ethical issues regarding genetically modified organisms.

11hrs

Unit-2

Recombinant DNA Technology

Introduction to recombinant DNA technology, importance of recombinant DNA technology, construction and screening of genomic and cDNA libraries, cloning vectors (-phage, plasmid, cosmids, BAC and YAC vectors) ,properties of restriction endonucleases and their mode of action.

10hrs

Unit-3 Sequenicng

Sequencing of DNA by Sanger's method, Maxam Gillbert method, shot gun method Principle and technique of pyrosequencing, Protein sequencing by Edman degradation method, site directed mutagenesis, RFLP,RAPD, PCR, DNA finger printing, Phage display ,Yeast-two-hybrid (Y2H), Three hybrid assay.

10hrs

Unit-4

Fermentation technology

Primary and secondary metabolites in fermentation, continuous and batch type culture techniques, principle types of fermentors for animal and plant culture, fermentation processes brewing, manufacture of penicillin, production of single cell proteins, production strategies for other antibiotics and organic compounds.

10hrs

Reference Books:

- 1. Molecular Cloning; A laboratory manual; Michael R. Green, CSHL Press (2012).
- 2. Molecular Cell Biology; Lodish et al., 7th Edn. W.H. Freeman and Co (2012).
- 3. Molecular Biology of the Cell; 7th Edn. Bruce Alberts et al., (2008), Garland Publications
- 4. Molecular Biology; Robert F. Weaver, McGraw Hill (2012).
- 5. Principles and Techniques of Biochemistry and Molecular Biology; 7th Edn. Keith Wilson and John Walker (2010).
- 6. Principles of Gene Manipulations; 6th Edn. S.B. Primrose, R.M. Twyman, and R.W. Old, Blackwell Science (2012).
- 7. Gene Cloning and DNA analysis- An Introduction; T. A. Brown, 5th Edition, Wiley-Blackwell publishing (2006).
- 8. Molecular biology and Biotechnology; 4th Edn. J.M. Walker and R. Rapley, RSC (2000).
- 9. Plant Biotechnology and Agriculture; Arie Altman and Paul Hasegawa Academic Press(2011).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2030	IMMUNOLOGY	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

Provide students with knowledge on how the immune system works building on their previous knowledge from biochemistry, genetics, cell biology andmicrobiology.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

Autoimmune disorders.

- Describe the basic mechanisms, distinctions and functional interplay of innate and adaptive immunity
- Define the cellular/molecular pathways of humoral/cell-mediated adaptiveresponses
- Define the basic mechanisms that regulate immune responses and maintaintolerance
- Explain the cellular and molecular aspects of lymphocyte activation, homeostasis, differentiation, andmemory.

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit-1 13 hrs

Introduction to Immune System

Memory, specificity, diversity, innate and acquired immunity, self vs non-self discrimination. Structure and functions of primary and secondary lymphoid organs.

Cells Involved in Immune Responses

Structure and functions of Lymphocytes, Granulocytes, Macrophages, Dendritic cells and mast cells

Nature of Antigen and Antibody

Antigen vs Immunogen, Haptens ,Structure and functions of immunoglobulins ,Isotypic, allotypic and idiotypipc variations.Clonal selection theory – concept of antigen specific receptor.

Unit-2

Humoral and Cell Mediated Immune Responses

Complement activation and its biological consequences, Antigen processing and presentation Cytokines and costimulatory molecules: Role in immune responses.T and B cell interactions.

Major Histocompatibility Complex (MHC) Genes and Products

Polymorphism of MHC genes, Role of MHC antigens in immune responses, MHC antigens in transplantation.

Unit-3

Immunological Techniques.

Production of polyclonal and monoclonal antibodies: Principles, techniques and applications.

Agglutination and precipitation techniques, Radio immunoassay, ELISA, Immunofluorescence assays: Fluorescence activated cell sorter (FACS) technique.

Hypersensitivity

Jamune g tolerance, Immunosuppression, Hypersensitivity (Type I, II, III and IV).

Unit-4

Immune Responses in Diseases

Immune responses to infectious diseases: viral, bacterial and protozoal, Cancer and immune system, Immunodeficiency disorders, Autoimmunity.

Immunization

Active immunization (immunoprophylaxis), Passive immunization (immunotherapy), Role of vaccines in the prevention of diseases.

Reference Books:

- 1. Immunology (4th edn. 1998) by Ivan Roitt, J Brostoff and David Mole (4th edn) Mosby Times Mirror Int. Pub.Ltd.
- 2. Essential Immunlogy (9th ed. 1997) by Ivan Roitt Blackwell Science Ltd.
- 3. Immunology (1992) by Janis Kuby W H Freeman and Co. Ltd. USA.
- 4. Immunology (2nd edn. 991) by Edwards S Golub, Sinauer Associate, Sunderland.
- 5. Antibodies A Laboratory Manual; E. D. Harlow, David Lane, 2nd Edn. CSHL Press (2014).
- 6. Basic and Clinical Immunology; Stites et al., [Ed] (1982) Lange.
- 7. Roitt's Essential Immunology; Ivan, M. Rohitt & Petrer J Delves (2001) Blackwell Science.
- 8. Immunology: Roitt et al., Mosby (2001),
- 9. Kuby Immunology; Oven, Punt, Stranford, 7th Edn. W. H. Freeman (2013).
- 10. Immune System; M. C. Connel et al., Eds. (1981) Blackwell Science.
- 11. Immunology at a Glance: J.H.L. Playfare [ed.] Blackwell Science, (1987).
- 12. Immunology; Jan Klein [Ed.], Blackwell Science (1990).
- 13. Introduction to Immunology; Kim Bell [Ed.,] 3rd Edn. McMillan (1990).
- 14. NMS for Immunology; Hyde and Patnide [Eds.] John Wiley (1990).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2040	Metabolism-II	НС	3	1	0	4	5

Course Objective:

- Understand the fundamental energetic of biochemical processes, and the relation between biochemical defects and metabolic disorders.
- Recognize and understand basic mechanisms of pathway regulation.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

Apply the knowledge of Bio molecules to carry out research and Projects.

• Attain the chemical logic of metabolic pathways

• Describe and appreciate the modern techniques utilized in understanding the key mechanistic steps at atomic-leveldetail.

• Apply the knowledge about the fundamental of energetic biochemical processes. Develop an integrative approach for biological problems.

Course Content: 13 hrs

Unit 1: Chemistry of Amino Acids and Proteins

Structure, Classification and properties of amino acids and proteins. Structural organization of proteins-Keratin, silk fibroin, collagen, myoglobin, haemoglobin, Integral membrane proteins,,concanavalin-A and Rossmann fold, ribonuclease, glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase, lysozyme, chymotrypsin, Triosephosphateisomerase.

Unit 2: Amino Acid Metabolism 13 hrs

Overall nitrogen metabolism, digestion of dietary proteins, transamination reaction (ALT, AST), mechanism of action of aminotransferases. Urea cycle and its regulation. Metabolism of ammonia and its disorders. Biosynthesis and degradation of essential and non essential amino acids and their regulation. Synthesis and degradation of catecholamines. In-born errors of amino acid metabolism: Phenylketonuria, alkaptonuria, homocystinuria, maple syrup urine disease.

Heme Metabolism: Biosynthesis and degradation of porphyrin and their regulation, porphyrias, jaundice and Hemoglobinopathies

Unit 3: Chemistry of Nucleic Acids

13 hrs

Nucleic Acids: Structure and properties of Nucleosides and Nucleotides. Structure of nucleic acids—primary, secondary and tertiary structure of DNA. Physico- chemical properties of nucleic acids - effect of alkali, acid and heat (denaturation and renaturation),

Isolation, fractionation and characterization of nucleic acids. Secondary structure of tRNA and role of secondary structure in mRNA stability. Chemical synthesis of oligonucleotides (phosphate and phosphite method). Nucleoproteins – histoneandnonhistone.

Unit 4: Nucleic Acid Metabolism:

13 hrs

Biosynthesis of purines and pyrimidines. Degradation of purines and pyrimidines. Regulation of purine and pyrimidines biosynthesis. Structure and regulation of ribonucleotide reductase. Biosynthesis of ribonucleotides, deoxy ribonucleotides and polynucleotides. Inhibitors of nucleic acidbiosynthesis. Salvage pathways. Disorders of nucleic acid metabolism: Gout, hyperuricemia, orotic aciduria, Lesch-Nyhan Syndrome

Reference Books:

- 1. Biochemistry- R. Garret, Charles M Grisham, Belmont (2013)
- 2. Biochemistry; Geoffrey Zubey, (1998), WCB Publishers.
- 3. Biochemistry; David Rawn, Panima Publishers, (1989).
- 4. Text Book of Biochemistry with Clinical correlations; 6th Edn. Thomas M. Devlin (2012), Wiley-Liss.
- 5. Lehninger- Principles of Biochemistry; D. L. Nelson and M.M. Cox 6th Edn. Macmillan Publications (2012).
- 6. Principles of Biochemistry; Smith et al., [Ed.] (1986) McGarw Hill.
- 7. Bioenergetics; A Practical Approach, G.C. Brown and C.E. Cooper (1995) IRL-Oxford University Press.
- 8. Biochemistry Ed. Donald Voet & Judith G. Voet, John Wiley & Sons, Inc. (2010).
- 9. Bioenergetics; David Nicholls and Stuart Ferguson, Elsevier (2013).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2051	BIOINFORMATICS	SC	1	1	0	2	3

Course Objectives:

To make the students familiar with the use of a wide variety of internet applications, biological database so that they will be able to apply these methods to research problems.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Analyze and solve biological problems from the molecular level to ecosystem level using basic biological concepts.
- Apply Biological data in drug design using differentsoftwares.
- Develop new methodology by designing newsoftwares.
- Apply knowledge in the areas of Biotechnology, Pharmaceuticals and softwarefields.

• Draw the structures of complex molecules of chemical and biologicalorigin

Course Content: 26hrs

Unit-1 13 hrs

Computer basics, Introduction, Scope of Bioinformatics and Biological data bases

- MS windows basics, UNIX basics.
- PC X Windows (NCD PCXWARE).
- File management.
- E-Mail (PINE, EUDORA, NETSCAPE MAIL).
- File transfer (ftp, WSftp).

Operating Systems: System and application software, evolution of operating systems, layered structure of operating system, CUI and GUIs, DOS internet & external commands, Batch files.

Office Applications: MS-office including MS-Word, MS-Excel, and MS-Powerpoint.

Data bases: Databases structure Organization and management of data bases, Data mining. Retrieval tools of biological data. Biological information resources, Nucleic acid and protein data bases.

Unit 2

Sequence Alignment and prediction of structure of protein

Database similarity searches: BLAST and FASTA, Sequence Alignment. Methods of local and global alignment. Dynamic programming, scoring matix, PAM, BLOSUM, Pairwise and multiple sequence alignment. Phylogenetic tree construction and software, Methods of prediction of structure of protein and structure prediction softwares, Drug designing: Chemo-informatics in Biology.

Reference Books:

- 1. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics, Campbell A M & Heyer L J, 2nd Edn. Benjamin Cummings, (2007).
- 2. Protein Bioinformatics; M. Michael Gromiha, Academic Press (1983).
- 3. Principle and Practice of Bioanalysis; Richard F. Venn (Ed.) Taylor and Francis (2000).
- 4. Attwood, T. and P.S. David. 2006. Introduction to Bioinformatics. Pearson Education Ltd., New York.
- 5. Baxevanis, A.D., and Ouellette, B.F.F. (eds) 2006. Bioinformatics A Practical Guide to Analysis of Genes and Proteins. 3rd Edition, John Wiley and Sons, New York.
- 6. Attwood T.K. and Higgs, P.G. 2005. Bioinformatics and molecular evolution. Blackwell Publishers, London.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2052	FOOD TECHNOLOGY	SC	1	1	0	2	3

Course Objectives:

- To develop the knowledge among students about healthy food and safety technologies
- To evaluate the quality food products which are new to the market
- To develop the methods to improve the quality of food products

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Attain fundamental understanding of food science and principles of foodpreparation.
- Apply scientific knowledge to assess and solve food scienceproblems.
- Apply critical thinking and problem solving skills to address current challenges in the food industry.
- Design and conduct experiments related tofood qualityand analyze research findings.

Course Content: 26hrs

Unit 1 13hrs

Introduction and Constituents of foods

Food: source, functions of food – food groups – basic five food groups, usage of the food guide – food in relation to health – objectives of cooking.

Water: Purification processes – Ion exchangers, reverse osmosis, activated charcoal treatment. Use of chlorination, ozone, and UV light disinfection. Specification of drinking water. Water borne diseases – microbiological examination. Sources and detection.

Milk: Composition and effectiveness as a diet. Fat content in milk, whole and skimmed. Effect of cooking and heat processing of milk – pasteurization. Preservation of milk. Deep freeze

preservation, dairy products – cheese, butter, ghee and kova. Spray drying technique – milk powder, infant food preparation. Lactose intolerance. Milk substitutes – vegetable milk. Toned milk.

Effect of cooking on the nutritive value of carbohydrate, protein, fat, vitamins and minerals food products. Emulsions and emulsifiers, rancidity of fats – chemistry of fat and oil processing, Fortification with vitamins and minerals. Effect of cooking on different methods of cooking of vegetables, fruits – dehydrated fruits, canned fruit, canned fruit juices. Estimation of thiamine, riboflavin (fluorimetry) and metals in tea dust.

Unit 2:

FOOD ADDITIVES, ADULTERATION AND HYGIENE

Enzymes in food processing. Enzymic browning – mode of action and prevention of enzymic and non-enzymic browning. Artificial sweetening agents. rancidity of fats; storage of fats. Fortification with vitamins and minerals.

Food Additives: Food additives: Artificial sweeteners – saccharin, cyclomate, asparatame – food flavours – esters, aldehydes and heterocyclic compounds. Antioxidants. Food colours – changes in cooking..Restricted use. Spurious colours. Emulsifying agents, preservatives – leavening agents.Baking powder –Yeast. Taste enhancers – MSG-vinegar Modern food: Mushroom cultivation and types, . Production of bread, bun and biscuits. Raw materials, methods and machinery required.Functions anduses of food additives.

Beverages: Composition of soft drinks. Preservation of tetrapack. Nitrogen preservation and packing of fruit juices.

Food Adulterants: Common adulterants in different foods – milk and milk products, vegetable oils, fats, spices, cereals and pulses. Prevention of food adulteration

Food preservation and processing: Food deterioration, methods of preservation and processing. Quality control: Specifications and standards: PFA, FPO, FDA, drug license, WHO standards, ISI,AGMARK.

Reference Books:

- 1. Swaminathan M. Advanced Text Book on Food and Nutrition , volume I and II Printing and Publishing CO., Ltd., Bangalore. 1993.
- 2. Swaminathan M. Text Book on Food chemistry, Printing and Publishing CO., Ltd., Bangalore. 1993.
- 3. Norman N. Potter, Food science, CBS publishers and distributors, New Delhi. 1994.
- 4. Lillian Hoagoland Meyer, Food Chemistry, CBS publishers and distributors, New Delhi. 1994.
- 5. Owen R Fennema, Food Chemistry, Marcel Decker Inc., New York. 1996.
- 65 16: a Sridakshmi B., Food Science, New age International Pvt. Ltd. Publishers, III ed. 2003.

- 7. Siva Sankar B., Food Processing and Preservation. Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi. 2002.
- 8. Ramakrishnan S., Prasannam K.G and Rajan R Principles. Text book of medical biochemistry. Orient Longman Ltd. III ed. 2001.
- 9. Shakuntala Manay N. and ShadaksharaswamyM. FOODS: Facts and Principles. New age International Pvt. Ltd. Publishers

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2060	YOGA / SPORTS / MUSIC / DANCE/ THEATRE	RULO	0	0	2	2	3

Note: Music, Dance, and Theatre courses are offered by the School of Performing Arts, whereas the Sports and Yoga courses are offered by the Department of Physical Education. The students have to choose any **ONE** of these courses.

A. YOGA FOR HEALTH

Course Objectives:

Following are the Course Objectives.

- To prepare the students for the integration of their physical, mental and spiritual faculties;
- To enable the students to maintain good health;
- To practice mental hygiene and to attain higher level of consciousness;
- To possess emotional stability, self control and concentration; and
- To inculcate among students self discipline, moral and ethical values.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course learners will be able to:

- Practice yoga for strength, flexibility, and relaxation.
- Learn techniques for increasing concentration and decreasing anxiety
- Become self disciplined and self-controlled
- Improve physical fitness and perform better in studies
- Gain self confidence to face the challenges in the society with commitment to serve the society

Course Content

Unit-I:

Yoga: Introduction, Tips from Sage Patanjali's Yoga Sutras

Surya Namaskara: 10 counts, 12 counts, 16 counts

Unit-II:

Asanas: Sitting-Vajrasana, Dandasana, Padmasana, Matsyasana, Ardha Matsyendrasana, Suptavajrasana, Paschimottasana, Bakasana, Simhasana, Shirasasana.

Asanas: Standing-Tadasana, Trikonasana, Parshwa konasana, Veerabadrasana, Parivrutta trikonasana.

Unit-III:

Asanas: Prone Position-Bhujangasana, Dhanurasana, Shalabhasana.

Asanas: Supine Position-Sarvangasana, Sethubandha sarvangasana, Halasana,

Karnapeedasana.

Mudras- Dhyana mudra, Chinmaya mudra, Namaste mudra, Nasika mudra

Unit-IV:

Pranayams:- Ujjayi, Nadi Shodhana, Anuloma — Viloma, Basthrika, Bhramari, Sheethali **Dhyana & its types**

Competition format, Rules and their interpretations

B. SPORTS (VOLLEYBALL)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn the rules, fundamental skills, and strategies of volleyball.
- 2. To develop skills in passing, setting, serving, spiking, and blocking.
- 3. To learn basic offensive and defensive patterns of play.
- 4. To develop a positive attitude towards volleyball as a lifetime sport and to improve physical fitness through participation in volleyball.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course learners will be able to:

- 1. Learn basic skills and knowledge associated with volleyball.
- 2. Apply these skills while playing volleyball and exhibit improved performance
- 3. Improve physical fitness and practice positive personal and lifestyle.
- 4. Gain an understanding of the value of sports in attaining wellness, maintaining good health and developing spirit of teamwork.

Course Content:

Unit-I

- Introduction about Volleyball
- Players Stance, Receiving and passing
- The Volley (Overhead pass), The Dig (Underhand pass), Service Reception

Unit-II

- Service- Under Arm Service, Tennis Service, Side Arm Spin Service, Round Arm Service, High spin service, Asian serve / American serve (floating)
- Setting the ball- Set for attack, Back set, Jump set

- Smash/Spike- Straight smash, Body turn smash, Wrist outward smash, Wrist inward smash
- Block- Single block, Double block, Three-man block
- Rolls-Overhead pass & back rolling, One hand underhand pass with side rolling, Forward dive

Unit-IV

- Attack Combination, Defense Systems, Libero play
- Court marking, Rules and their interpretations and Duties of officials

C. SPORTS (BASKETBALL)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn the rules, fundamental skills, and strategies of Basketball
- 2. To develop technical skills in passing, in ball handling, individual offense, individual defense, rebounding, screen, team offense, team defense and fast break.
- 3. To learn basic offensive and defensive strategies of play.
- 4. To develop a positive attitude towards Basketball as a lifetime sport and to improve physical fitness through participation in Basketball.
- 5. To develop positive understanding and appreciation of the basketball game.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course learners will be able to:

- 1. Learn basic skills and knowledge associated with basketball.
- 2. Apply these skills while playing basketball and exhibit improved performance
- 3. Improve physical fitness and practice positive personal and lifestyle.
- 4. Gain an understanding of the value of sports in attaining wellness, maintaining good health and developing spirit of teamwork.

Course Content:

Unit-I

- Basketball: Introduction
- Grip; Player stance- Triple threat stance and Ball handling exercises
- Passing (Two hand/one hand)- Chest pass, Bounce Pass, Over head pass, Underhand pass, Hook Pass, Behind the back pass, Baseball pass, Side arm pass and passing in running.
- Receiving-Two Hand receiving, One hand receiving, Receiving in stationary position, Receiving while jumping, Receiving while running.

Unit-II

- Dribbling- How to start dribble, How to stop dribble, High / Low dribble with variations
- Shooting- Layup shot and its variations, One hand set shot, One hand jump shot, Free throw, Hook shot, Tip-in shot.
- Stopping-Stride/Scoot, Pivoting and Faking /Feinting footwork.

- Rebounding- Defensive rebound, Offensive rebound, Box out, Rebound Organization.
- Individual Defensive-Guarding the man with the ball and without the ball.
- Offensive drills, Fast break drills, Team Defense/Offense, Team Tactics

Unit-IV

- Court marking, Rules and their interpretations
- D. SPORTS (FOOTBALL)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To learn the rules, fundamental skills, and strategies of football.
- 2. To develop skills in passing, receiving, controlling the ball, dribbling, shielding, shooting, tackling, beating a defender and heading in football.
- 3. To learn basic offensive and defensive patterns of play
- 4. To use different parts of the body in utilizing the above skills while playing football
- 5. To develop a positive attitude towards football as a lifetime sport and to improve physical fitness through participation in football.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course learners will be able to:

- 1. Learn basic skills and knowledge associated with football.
- 2. Apply these skills while playing football and exhibit improved performance
- 3. Use the knowledge and understanding to perform, refine and adapt the above skills and related skills with precision, accuracy, fluency and clarity in any situation.
- 4. Improve physical fitness and practice positive personal and lifestyle.
- 5. Gain an understanding of the value of sports in attaining wellness, maintaining good health and developing spirit of teamwork.

Course Content:

Unit-I

- 1. Football: Introduction
- Kicks- Inside kick, Instep kick, Outer instep kick, Lofted kick, Chipping, Volley, Half Volley
- Trapping-Trapping rolling the ball, Trapping bouncing ball with sole

Unit-II

- Dribbling- With instep and outer instep of the foot.
- Heading- From standing, running and jumping.
- **69** | P a Feinting- With the lower limb and upper part of the body.

- Tackling- Simple tackling, Slide tackling.
- Throw-in- Standing and Sliding
- Goal Keeping-Collection of balls, Ball clearance, throwing and deflecting.

Unit-IV

• Ground marking, Rules and their interpretations

E. SPORTS (TRACK AND FIELD)

Course Objectives:

- 1. To teach students the skilled techniques in sprints, relay running, hurdles, long jump, high jump, and shot put and practice them.
- 2. To develop competence among students in demonstrating all the techniques covered in the course.
- 3. To make students understand some of the scientific and empirical principles and their rationale underlying the development of skilled performance.
- 4. To inculcate among students the habit of team work and cooperative learning and develop competence in detecting / correcting technique errors.
- 5. To develop a positive attitude towards sports in general and athletics in particular and to improve physical fitness through participation in various athletic games / sports activities.

Course Outcomes:

On completion of the course learners will be able to:

- 1. Display competencies in executing basic techniques and skills associated with select track and field events.
- 2. Develop basic skills and techniques to improve one's running posture and take-off position for different jumps.
- 3. Learn regular practice of select track and field events and improve physical fitness
- 4. Appreciate track and field events by applying sports science knowledge to explain the execution of the events.

Course Content:

Unit-I

- Athletics: Introduction
- Track Events Steeple Chase, Race Walking, Middle and Long distance races
- Race walking Technique, Faults and Officiating.
- Middle and Long distance races Technique and Training

Unit-II

• Jumping Events - High Jump and Triple Jump: Basic Skills and techniques

- High Jump Straddle Roll & Flop Technique, Approach, Take-off, Technique in the air,
 Clearance over the bar & Landing
- Triple Jump Hop, Step and Jump Technique, Approach, Take-off & Landing

- Throwing Events Discus Throw and Hammer Throw: Basic Skills and techniques
- Discus Throw -Standing and Rotatory techniques, Grip, Stance, Rotation Technique, Power stance, Release and Reverse (Follow through)
- Hammer Throw Grip, Swings, Rotation foot work, Release and Follow through

Unit-IV

• Rules, Officiating and Marking - Ground / Sector Marking, Interpretation of Rules.

Reference Books:

(Athletics Part-I and Athletics Part-II)

- 1. Arthur E. Ellison (ed) (1994). Athletic Training and Sports Medicine.
- 2. Ballisteros, J.M. (1998). Hurdles Basic Coaching Manual, IAAF.
- 3. Bosen K.O. (1993). Teaching Athletics Skills and Technique.
- 4. Bosen K.O. (1990). Study Material on Hurdles for the Regular Course Students.
- 5. Doherty K. (1995). Track and Field Omni book.
- 6. Martin, David E. Peter N. Coe (1991). Training Distance Runner.
- 7. Howard S. (1981). Science of Track and Field Athletics.
- 8. Briggs Graeme (1987). "Track and field coaching Manual", Australian Track and Field Coaches Association. Rothmans Foundation National Sports Division.
- 9. Carr, Gerry (1999). "Fundamentals of Track and Field. Track Athletics 1 Title G.V. 1060 5.e. 368.
- 10. I.A.A.F. Level-II (2001). Text Book on Jumping Event.
- 11. Jarver, Jesse (1987). "The Jumps", Track and Field Coaching Manual Australia.

F. DRAMATICS

Pre-requisites: Students with background in Theatre Arts/ Keen interest in Dramatics.

Course Objectives:

- •To imbibe the acting skills.
- •To understand the broader applications of theatre studies in allied arts forms.
- 71 1 To be able to use body language for better communication.

• Students shall also be able to understand voice modulation and Navarasas.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, students should be able to:

- 1. Freely express improvisation in non-verbal communication.
- 2. Shall hone good acting skills and be able to emote better.
- 3. Be able to put up a theatre act and play a key role.
- 4. Be able to differentiate good acting and understand the importance of good lyrics, stage crafting, music, dance, costume and lighting.

Course Content:

UNIT-1

Working on Body:

Body and its analysis. Understanding physical abilities (Anga, Pratyanga and Upanga). Challenges of the body. Using body as metaphor and language. The class's bodies as a collective, an ensemble, a collaborative team.

UNIT - 2

Sound and Movement:

Awareness of creating sound patterns, voice modulations, rhythm in speech and diaologues. Understanding the rhythm and patterns of movements like walking, framing, shaping, primitive and animal movements.

UNIT - 3

Characterization and Improvisation:

Observation of people around. Getting into the role and living it. Developing a character from establishment (pace and rhythm). Improvisation techniques of body and mind.

UNIT-4

Group work and Production:

Develop a theme, concept or a play and include all the theatre skills, stage craft, costuming and put up an act. Choosing theme and characters.

Reference Books:

- 1. All about Theatre Off stage Chris Hogget.
- 2. Rangadalli Anataranga K V Subbanna
- 3. The Indian Theatre Hemendranath Das Gupta.
- 4. A Practical handbook for an Actor Milisa Bruder, ee Milchel Cohn, Madeleine Oliek et al, Zigler Publisher.

G. INDIAN CLASSICAL DANCE FORMS (Bharathanatyam, Kuchipudi ,Mohiniyattam)

Prerequisites: Background of classical dance training or any other dance forms. Note: Non-classical dancers can also join.

Course Objectives:

- To develop an understanding about the Indian classical dance forms and its universal application.
- To be able to understand the fine nuances of Classical dance.
- To understand the importance of health through Indian classical dance, strengthen the body capacity.
- To understand mythology and its characters in Indian classical dance form through lessons of Abhinaya.

Course Outcomes:

- To be able to identify and appreciate the classical dance forms.
- To be able to execute basics of Adavus with finesse.
- To be able to express through abhinaya.
- To be able to perform to perform the fundamentals in the chosen dance form.

Course Content:

Unit 1

An introduction to Indian classical dance forms: Bharatanatyam, Kuchipudi, Mohiniyattam.

Unit 2

Learning of Fundamentals: Exercises and Adayus- I (Bharathanatyam, Kuchipudi, Mohiniyattam).

Unit 3

Adavus – II (Bharathanatyam, Kuchipudi, Mohiniyattam)

Unit 4

Learn a basic composition in the chosen dance form.

Reference Books:

- 1. Indian classical dance forms –U S Krishna Rao, U K Chandrabhaga Devi
- 2. Classical Dances Sonal Mansingh, Avinash Parischa
- 3. Kuchipudi Sunil Kothari
- 4. Bharatanatyam An in depth study- Saroja vydyanathan
- 5. Mohiniyattam Bharathi Shivaji

H. PERCUSSION INSTRUMENT (TABLA AND MRIDANGAM)

Pre-requisites: Students with background in Percussion instruments and knowledge of Rhythm/ Keen interest in studying Mridagam / Tabala.

Course Objectives:

- •To understand the Rhythmology.
- •To understand the importance of Laya, Taala.

•To be able to understand the fine finger techniques of playing the instrument.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of this course, students should be able to:

- To be able to set instrument to Sruthi.
- To be able to play the fundamentals on instrument.
- To be able to learn and perform a particular taala.

Course Content:

UNIT 1

- 1. Introduction to Musical Instruments
- 2. Percussion Instruments
- 3. Mridangam and its History

UNIT 2

- 1. Introduction to Tala System
- 2. Definitions of 5 jaathis and their recitation
- 3. Adi Talam and its various forms
- 4. Definitions and recitation of different gathis

UNIT 3

- 1. Tisra Jaathi
- 2. Khanda Jaathi
- 3. Misra jaathi
- 4. Sankeerna Jaathi

UNIT 4

- 1. Learning of Jathi Formation
- 2. Basic jathis
- 3. Jathis for Dance forms
- 4. Some Basic Definitions of Korvai, Teermanam etc.,

- 1. Mridangam- An Indian Classical Percussion Drum Shreejayanthi Gopal
- 2. Theory and practice of Tabala Sadanand Naimpally.
- 3. Theory and practice of Mridangam Dharmala Rama Murthy
- 4. The Art of the Indian Tabala Srdjan Beronja.
- 5.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2070	PROTEIN CHEMISTRY (LABORATORY - V)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objective:

To provide general knowledge on protein structure and function, as well as the experimental techniques in protein chemistry, to develop the ability of identifying the experimental techniques required to solve specific problems related to proteins and enzyme functions and also to train students in the evaluation of the consequences of biochemical and biological tools in their professional activities.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Apply the knowledge about standard laboratory equipment, modern instrumentation & classical techniques to carry outexperiments
- To explain the importance of protein–protein interactions in biological systems.

Course Content:

- 1. Isolation, separation and identification of protein/enzyme using thin layer chromatography.
- 2. Purification of an enzyme using column chromatography(ion-exchange columns/gel filtration/affinity chromatography).
- 3. Estimation of protein by Lowry's method.
- 4. Estimation of tyrosine by Millon's method.
- 5. Molecular weight determination and kinetic studies on purified enzymes.
- 6. Protein synthesis in a cell free protein synthesizing system from animal and plant source.(industrial visit)

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2080	IMMUNOLOGY (LABORATORY VI)	НС	0	0	2	2	3

Course Objective:

To familiarize students with the various immunological techniques that include antigen-antibody interactions, quantitation of antigens or antibody, ELISA, agglutination reactionsetc.

Course outcomes:

- Design experiments to confirm interactions between known proteins using immune precipitationreactions.
- Apply the knowledge of blood group antigens to determine the bloodgroups.

Course Content:

- 1. Demonstration of Ag-Ab interaction: Radial immuno-diffusion and ODD.
- 2. Demonstration of direct agglutination reaction using human blood group antigens.
- 3. Bacterial agglutination (WIDAL)
- 4. Antibody titration ELISA; Direct, Indirect ELISA.
- 5. Rocket electrophoresis.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC2090	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY (LABORATORY VII)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objective:

To have the knowledge about the importance of solvents and their uses in the isolation of genomic DNA and plasmid DNA from various sources like plants, bacteria and animalsource.

Course Outcomes: The student shall be able to:

- Demonstrate and handle various disease producing microorganisms.
- Differentiate the old techniques used in molecular biology while using latesttechniques.
- Apply the short form techniques and they may examine and avoid the unwanted steps and harmful chemicals for producing betterresults.
- Construct the recent techniques for isolation of various molecular components like DNA, RNA and Cellorganelles.
- Explore the disadvantage while using harmful microorganism for the production of large scaleproducts.

Course Content:

- 1. Isolation of DNA from cauliflower, sheep liver and bacterial source.
- 2. Isolation, separation, identification and Determination of molecular weight of Proteins by SDS-PAGE.

- 3. Subcellular fractionation of organelles from liver cells and identification by the use of marker enzymes.(industrial visit)
- 4. Separation of Protein in HPLC

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC20X0	BIOINFORMATICS (LABORATORY VIII)	НС	0	0	2	2	3

Course Objective:

To make the students familiar with the use of a wide variety of internet applications, biological database so that they will be able to apply these methods to research problems.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- To describe the contents and properties of the most important bioinformatics databases, perform text- and sequence-basedsearches,
- Analyze and discuss the results in light of molecular biologicalknowledge

Course Content:

- 1. Writing a BASIC computer program to plot graphs of enzyme kinetic data by a variety of linear transforms and the Michaelis- Menten hyperbolic plot.
- 2. Predictionofstructureofabiomoleculebyusing various softwares.(Rasmol, PDB,Identification of ligands/substrate through docking, chemsketchetc,...)
- 3. Subcellular fractionation of organelles from liver cells and identification by the use of marker enzymes.(industrial visit)

SEMESTER - III

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3010	MOLECULAR BIOLOGY	НС	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

To understand the scientific process, in the context of learning the fundamental biological and chemical 'facts' of molecular biology.

To propose hypotheses and explain biological phenomena by adopting scientific methods

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Analyze the molecular mechanisms by which DNA controls development, growth or morphological characteristics oforganisms
- Explain concepts such as gene structure and function, gene regulation, microbial genetics, mutation and DNA
- Describe the importance of recent discoveries and the applications and potential of molecular biology and the ethical issues associated with these newtechnologies
- Develop effective, creative and innovative solutions, both independently and cooperatively, to current and future research problems in MolecularBiology
- Analyse, evaluate the information from a wide variety of sources to understand the key principles of Molecular Biology

Course Content: 52 hrs

Unit -1 12hrs

INTRODUCTION: Principle of DNA sequencing, automated sequencing, extending the sequence, shot gun sequencing. Interpretation of DNA sequences. Role of counterions, deep and narrow grooves, single stranded DNA, A, B and Z DNA etc. Chirality of the helix, syn/antiparallel complementary stands.

Physical properties of RNA: Classes of RNA, rRNA, tRNA, mRNA, HnRNA etc.

Unit -2

DNA Replication: Replication origin and replication fork, mapping origin of Replication by autoradiography and electrophoresis, semi-conservative and semi-discontinuous replication; DNA Polymerases, Semi-discontinuous synthesis, Replication apparatus of phage. Properties and functions of DNA polymerase-I, Korenberg enzyme, Subunit composition of polymerase – III holoenzyme, telomerase, topoisomerase and gyrase.

Genetic code; Properties of genetic code, coding properties of mRNA, Coding properties of tRNA, triplet binding assay, Khorana and Neirenberg experiments, base pairing between codon and ani-codon, Wobble base pairing, deviation from universal genetic code.

Unit-3 15hrs

Transcription in prokaryotes: RNA synthesis and processing (transcription factors and machinery, formation of initiation complex, transcription activator and repressor, RNA polymerases, capping, elongation, and termination, RNA processing, RNA editing, splicing, and polyadenylation, structure and function of different types of RNA, RNA transport).

Protein synthesis and processing (Ribosome, formation of initiation complex, initiation factors and their regulation, elongation and elongation factors, termination, genetic code, aminoacylation of tRNA, tRNA-identity, aminoacyl tRNA synthesise, and translational proof-reading, translational inhibitors, Post-translational modification of proteins).

Unit -4

DNA Repair: Damaging agents and damagerecognition, direct repair, Miss-match repair assay for mismatch repair, Base excision repair(BER), Nucleotide excision repair (NER) systems; components and mechanism of repair, errorprone repair, SOS and Rec-A.

Satellite DNA: C-value paradox, possible functions of satellite DNA, Mechanical strength, gene library, suppressor mutation, centromeric DNA, split genes

Chromatin: Histone and non-histone proteins . Nucleosomes, role of H1.

- 1. Molecular cloninig:a laboratory manual (Vol.1,2&3) 1989) by T.Maniatis, E.F.Fritsch, J. Sambrook. Cold SpringHarbor Laboratory Publications.
- RNA Isolation and Analysis by P.Jones, J.Qiu, D.Rickwood (1st ed.1994) Bios Scientific Publishers.
- 3. Gene and Probes: A practical Approach Series (1995) by B D Hames and S J Higgins. Oxford universityPress.

- 4. Gel Electrophoresis of nuclei Acids: A practical Approach (1990) by D.Rickwood and B.D.Hames. OxfordUniversity Press.
- 5. Biochemistry and Molecular Biology of Plant; Buchanan, Gruissum and Jones, (2000), ASPP, USA.
- 6. Biochemistry; David Rawn, Panima Publishers (2012).
- 7. The Bacteriophages; Richard Calendar, 2nd Edition, Oxford University Press (2005).
- 8. Basic Virology; Wagner and Hewlett; Blackwell Science, (2004)
- 9. LEWINS Gene XI; J.E. Krebs, E.S. Goldstein, and S.T. Kilpatrick, Jones and Barttlett Publishers (2012).
- 10. Molecular Biology of the Cell, Alberts et al., Garland Publications, (2012).
- 11. Molecular Biology, David Freifelder, Narosa Publishers, (1997).
- 12. Molecular Biology Robert F. Weaver, McGraw Hill (2012).
- 13. Microbial Genetics; Maloy et al., Jones and Bartlett Publishers, (1994).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3020	NUTRITIONAL BIOCHEMISTRY	НС	3	0	0	3	3

Course Objective:

To make the students familiar with various classes of nutritional food groups, contents and their biochemical importance in various health conditions.

Course Outcome:

After completing the course the students shall be able to:

- Acquire the knowledge and analyse the nutritional importance of foodgroups.
- Acquire the knowledge about the allergic substances present in various foods.
- Attain the knowledge about fortification and food supplementation.
- ➤ Understand the purpose of food analysis to avoid various food related diseases.

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit-1 15hrs

Introduction of Nutrition: Energy concept of foods- Definition and characteristic feature of balanced diet, proximate analysis of foods for carbohydrates, proteins, fats, fibre material. Determination of calorific value of foods, like carbohydrates, fats and proteins. Biochemical importance of R.Q. BMR, measurement of BMR, direct and indirect method, factors affecting BMR.

Biological Oxygen Demand: Definition and importance. Energy requirement for different physical activities. Standard Dynamic Action (SDA) of food. Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) – Definition **80**fb various food and physical activities.

Unit-2

Carbohydrates: carbohydrate reserves of the human body, nutritional importance of carbohydrates.

Proteins: Protein reserves of human body. Nitrogen balance studies and factors influencing nitrogen balance. Essential amino acids for man and concept of protein quality. Protein energy malnutrition:

Marasmus, Kwashiorkor, causative factors, symptoms, treatment & prevention

Lipids: Major classes of dietary lipids. Properties and composition of plasma lipo-proteins. Dietary needs of lipids. Essential fatty acids and their physiological functions.

Unit-3

Nutritional importance of vitamins: Classification, sources, daily requirement and functions. Hypervitaminosis of fat soluble vitamins

Nutritional importance of Minerals: Definition, classification, sources, daily requirement and deficiency, symptoms. The process of digestion, absorption, functions, toxicity interaction with other nutrients.

Unit-4

Biochemical aspects of oxidative stress and antioxidants. Free radicals- formation and biological importance in human system. Natural antioxidants, role of free radicals and antioxidants in health & diseases.

Starvation: Protein metabolism in prolonged fasting. Protein sparing treatments during fasting. Basic concept of high protein, low caloric weight reduction diets.

Obesity: Definition and classification. Genetic and environmental factors leading to obesity. Obesity related diseases and management of obesity.

- 1. Nutrition: An integrated approach (3rd edn. 1984) R L Pike and M L Brown, Wiley & Sons Inc., NY.
- 2. Text Book of Biochemistry and Human Biology G P Talwar, Prentice Hall.
- 3. Mechanism and Theory is food chemistry (1996) DWS Wong, CBS, New Delhi.
- 4. Text Book of Human Nutrition (1996) M S Bamji N Pralhad Rao and V Reddy, Oxford & IBH Publishers.
- 5. Nutritional Biochemistry and Metabolism Linten.
- 6. Principles of Food Science-I (Food chemistry) Fennemona D R.
- 7. Human Nutrition and Dietetics (8th Ed. 1982) by Davidson and Passmore ELBS.

8. Modern Nutrition in Health and Diseases (7th ed. 1988) by Maurice E Skills and V R Young K M VargheseCo. Bombay.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3030	BIOCHEMICAL GENETICS	НС	2	1	0	3	4

Course Objective:

To develop and demonstrate an understanding of the structure and function of genes and the organization of the human genome; the patterns of inheritance and clinical manifestations of genetic diseases; chromosomes, chromosomal abnormalities, and the clinical features of common chromosomal disorders; population genetics; inborn errors of metabolism;

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Demonstrate an understanding of how the principles of genetics underlie much of the basis of modern molecularbiology.
- Understand the relationship between the phenotype and genotype in human quantitative traits
- Describe the gene expression regulated at different levels.
- Attain knowledge of basic concepts of hereditary, population genetics and master the calculations of fundamental genetics
- Describe examples of human genetic disorders caused by gene mutations and chromosomal rearrangements

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit 1

Introduction: Chromosomes and genes. Mutation: types of mutation, mutagens, mechanism of mutation Quantitative Genetics: Human quantitative traits, discontinuous traits and continuous traits, Breeding analysis, estimation of Heritability Index 13 hrs

Unit 2

Classical Genetics: Review of classical genetics; work on Pisum sativum, Drosophila Melanogaster.Inheritance (sex-linked and others). Population genetics, extranuclear inheritance. Sex determination, Morgan's discovery of sex linked inheritance of sex linked genes, X;linked traits in humans. Identification of sex chromosomes, XX,XY, mechanism of sex determination

13 hrs

Unit 3

Human Genetics: Biochemical events occurring during mitosis and meiosis. Structure of chromatin; nucleosomes and higher orders of organization. Chromosome banding, Chromosome mapping based on recombination frequency data. Transposons. Overview of human genome project, mapping of human genes; techniques used, assignment of important genes. Transposition in human chromosomes. Chromosomal abnormalities.

13 hrs

Unit 4

Bacterial Genetics: Bacterial chromosomes, plasmids; fertility, resistance, colicinogenic and others.

Recombination in bacteria.

5 hrs

Viral Genetics: Life cycles of bacteriophages, lytic cycle; replication of T-phages. Lysogeny and its regulation. Transduction; specialized, generalized and abortive. Fine structure analysis of T- phages; Benzers work, conceptofcistrons. **8hrs**

- 1. Discovering Genomics, Proteomics and Bioinformatics, Campbell A M & Heyer L J, 2nd Edn. Benjamin Cummings, (2007).
- 2. Introduction to Genetics: A Molecular Approach; T A Brown, Garland Science (2011).
- 3. Molecular Cell Biology; Lodish et al., 7th Edn. W.H. Freeman and Co. (2012).
- 4. Molecular Biology of the Cell; 7th Edn. Bruce Alberts et al., Garland Publications (2008)
- 5. Principles of Developmental Genetics; S.A. Moody, Academic Press (2007).
- 6. The Cell; Geoffrey Cooper, and Robert E.; 5th edn. Hausman Sinauer Associates (2009).
- 7. Human Genetics; Lewis, 7th Edn. WCB & McGraw Hill (2007).
- 8. Essential Genetics: A Genomics Perspective; Daniel L. Hartl, 6th Edition, Jones and Barlett Learning (2012).
- 9. Bacterial and Bacteriophage Genetics; Edward A. Birge, 5th Edition, Springer (2006).
- 10. Nucleosome Histone, and Chromatin; Part-A; Carl Wu and C. Allis, Academic Press (2012).

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3041	PHARMACOVIGILANCE AND SAS	SC	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. Develop special expertise in the corresponding clinical domain and/or research methods.
- 2. Enable students to gain in-depth knowledge on the best way to collect and report adverse events and safety data
- 3. Manage the risks associated with certain products.
- 4. Provide students with the key skills and knowledge needed to operate a fast, effective drug safety or Pharmacovigilance program

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Compile, analyse and evaluate reports from scientific literature anddatabases about adverse drug reactions.
- Explain the importance of pharmacogenomics for individual variation in adverse drug reactions.
- Analyse methods for Pharmacovigilance.
- Analyse and assess warnings, risk management and risk communication about adverse drugreactions.
- Analyse and assess the effects and safety ofdrugs.

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit-1 13hrs

Drug Development Process and Pharmacoepidemiology

Drug discovery, Permulation and formulation, ICH-GCP Guidelines, ICMR Guidelines, USFDAguidelines, Indian Regulatory Authority Frame Work-CDSCO Regulations, DCGI, Data to be submitted along with the application to conduct clinical trials/import/manufacture of new drugs for marketing in the country, Data required to be submitted by an applicant for grant of permission to import and manufacture

a new drug already approved in the country. Structure, Contents and Format for clinical study reports.

Definitions: epidemiology, Disease distribution, disease determination, disease frequency, Aims of epidemiology, Difference between epidemiology and clinical medicines, Epidemiological approach, Measurements in epidemiology, (rates, ratios, and proportions) Measurement of mortality: international death certificate, limitations and use of mortality data, mortality rates and ratios, crude death rates, specific death rates, case fatality ratio, proportional mortality ratio, survival rate, standardize rates, direct standardization, indirect standardization, Measurement of morbidity: Incidence, Prevalence, uses of prevalence, relationship between incidence and prevalence.

Unit-2

Clinical Trial Management and Clinical Data Management:

Definition: Clinical Research, Different phases, study designs in research, glossary, Different parties involved in Clinical research, Regulatory Authorities, IRB/IEC, Sponsor, CRO, SMO, Investigator, Patients, Clinical Research History, Food, Drug & Cosmetic Act, Nuremberg Code, Declaration of Helsinki, ICH, Thalidomide Disaster

Different Regulatory Bodies- an overview, FDA, DCGI, MHRA, MHLW, TGA, IRB/IEC, Schedule Y, IND & NDA Application, Regulatory requirements & Forms, Clinical Trials process & monitoring, Roles of different parties, Clinical Trialprocess and design, Informed Consent Process, TMF (Trial Master File), Investigator Boucher, Essential Documents

CDM Overview, CRF Design – Theory & Practical Design of the pCRF (Paper CRF) &eCRF (electronic CRF), Data Entry & DE Guidelines, Discrepancy Management, Data Validation, CDISC (SDTM), Query Management, QA, QC in CDM, Audits & Inspections (Indian DCGI & USFDA), SAE Reconciliation, Data Management Systems and Tools, Medical Coding and Medical Dictionaries – MedRA& WHODD, Documentation and Document Management System, Data Archival, Software's in CDM, CDM, SAS

Unit-3

Pharmacovigilance, Introduction and use of SAS

Introduction, Scope, definition and Aims of Pharmacovigilance. Adverse drug reactions – Classification, mechanism, predisposing factors and casualty assessment. Role of clinical pharmacist in Reporting, evaluation, monitoring, prevention and management of ADR Adverse drug

reaction.Signal detection, PSUR (Periodic safety update report), Safety specification, and Risk management. Exporting and monitoring Drug induced diseases.

Environment of SAS, Library structure in SAS, Data steps and Procstep, manipulating the data-Converting the numeric data to character and vice versa. Using logical operators and where conditions, Merging of the datasets, Writing the data into multiple datasets. Debugging errors in the program. Writing the procedure-Tabulate, Univariate, Means, Median, Mode, Report, Sort, Mixed, Transpose etc. Creating the html reports.Importing the data to SAS and exporting the data from SAS.Overview of SAS macros.

Unit-4 13hrs

Regulatory Affairs, Medical & Scientific writing

Basic Fundamentals of Regulatory Affairs, Introduction to Regulatory Bodies, Introduction to Quality Standards for Regulatory Compliance, Common Technical Documents - CTD (API & Formulation), Introduction to eCTD, ASEAN Common Technical Dossier (ACTD), Marketing Authorization Procedures in USA, Marketing Authorization Procedures/ Channels in Europe, Marketing Authorization Procedures in India, Marketing Authorization Procedures in ROW markets, Maintenance and Annual updates for Marketing authorizations, Reference on Further reading & Dissertation.

What is Medical Writing, Scope of Medical Writing, Medical Writing in Clinical trials, Medical Writing and Scientific Writing, Fundamentals of Medical Writing, Regulatory Medical Writing, The Writing Process, Good Writing Skills:Introduction to basic rules, Elements of style Good Clinical Practice guidelines, The Clinical Study Report

Introduction to publication writing, Regulations and Industry Standards, Writing Effective Documents, Writing standard operating procedures policies, procedures, instructions and methods, Writing quality manuals and plans

- 1. Basic and Clinical Pharmacology, Prentice hall, International, Katzung, B.G.
- 2. Clinical Pharmacology, Scientific book agency, Laurence, DR and Bennet PN.
- 3. Clinical pharmacokinetics, Pub. Springer Verlab, Dr. D.R Krishna, V. Klotz
- 4. Remington Pharmaceutical Sciences, Lippincott, Williams and Wilkins
- 5. Drug interaction, Kven Stockley. Hamsten
- 6. Drug interaction, Basic Bussiness Publ, Bombay, J.K. Mehra
- 7. Clinical pharmacology and drug therapy Grahame smith and Aronson,
- 8. Text Book of Therapeutics Drug and Disease Management Hardbound. Richard A Helms,
- 9. Clinical Pharmacy and therapeutics Herfindal E T and Hirschman JL, Williams and Wilkin

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3042	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY AND CLINICAL DIAGNOSTICS	SC	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

- 1. To describe the principle involved in the measurement of analyses in the clinical biochemistry laboratory,
- 2. Outline how biochemical analysis can be employed to differentiate between normal and diseased conditions
- 3. Discuss the function, structure, laboratory investigation and diseases of the different bodysystems.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Illustrate the various metabolic disorders and analyze the diagnostic procedures to find remedy.
- Attain the knowledge of causes, symptoms of various diseases.
- Construct the new diagnostic tools to demonstrate the blue print of various diseases

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit-1 13hrs

Human Physiology

Rhythmical excitation of heart, basic theory of circulatory function, blood flow and resistance, function of arterial and venous systems

Microcirculation and lymphatic system, control of blood flow, regulation of arterial pressure, cardiac output.

Spinal cord and motor functions, role of brain stems in controlling motor functions, functions of cerebellum, functions of cortical areas, the limbic system and cerebrospinal fluid system.

Medico –informatics

Introduction to Medical Network Design & Development Emergence of Medical Informatics as a Discipline; Library facilities & Logistics; Online Resources; Grading and Class Policies, Medical data acquisition and database systems: PC based multichannel data acquisition system; storage, analysis and Barleval techniques.

Basics of sequence analysis-

Dot matrix method, Needleman–Wunsch Algorithm and Smith-Waterman algorithm, Alignments using BLAST and FASTA, Multiple Sequence Alignment (CLUSTAL-X and CLUSTAL-W), Application of multiple sequence alignment.

Unit-2

Analysis tools: Analysis by TreeView, Genedoc and Lasergene. Protein Structure Prediction in Bioinformatics- Ab initio based methods, Homology based methods, prediction with neural networks, secondary structure prediction (helical membrane proteins, beta-barrel membrane proteins). Protein structure comparison of intermolecular and intramolecular methods Phylogenetics- construction by distance based methods, character based methods.

Visual programming concepts

Visual Basic environment, tools and controls; Dynamic data exchange; VB based Medical information System. Basic concepts of Multimedia; Design of Multimedia information systems; Components of virtual reality; Virtual reality applications in medicine. Medical Informatics and its levels; Design and development of educational packages on medical sciences; Integrated design concepts; Interactive multimedia, Virtual and digital libraries, Internet and its applications.

Hospital Information System its design and functional characteristics; Pattern Recognition, Neural Network and Fuzzy Logic in Medicine. Autonomous, Decision-Support & "Expert" System: History of Artificial Intelligence in Medicine; Expert Systems in Medicine; Clinical Software Overview Risks of Decision-Support Systems, Computational Statistics in medical biology.

CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY

UNIT – 3

Concepts of accuracy, reproducibility, reliability and other factors in quality control:Specimen collection and processing, collection of blood- venepuncture, arterial puncture and anticoagulants.

Collection and analysis of normal and abnormal urine samples, preservation, clinical

significance of sugars, ketone bodies, proteins & bilirubin. Theories of CSF collection, composition and analysis.

Disorders of carbohydrate metabolism: Blood sugar levels, hyper and hypoglycemia, regulation of blood glucose level. Diabetes mellitus- types, causes and symptoms. GTT, HbAIC, GSD, HMP Shunt, fructosuria & fructose intolerance.

Disorders of lipid metabolism: Lipid levels in various conditions, lipoproteins, clinical inter-relationship of lipids.

Diagnostic tests for apolipoproteins, HDL-C, LDL-C, and triglycerides levels in healthy & diseases conditions. Hypercholestremia, fatty liver and myocardial infarction.

Disorders of protein metabolism: Non-protein nitrogenous constituents in blood- urea, uric acid & creatinine. Plasma protein abnormalities, multiple myeloma, proteinuria, haemoglobinopathies, PKU, AKU, homocystinuria, albinism & Bence Jones proteins.

UNIT – 4 13hrs

Disorders of nucleic acid metabolism: Disorders of purine metabolism- Gout- causes & symptoms, xanthinuria, orotic acidic uria & L-N syndrome.

Disorders of mineral metabolism: Hypercalcemia, hypocalcemia, hypophosphatemia & hyperphosphatemia.

Disorders of vitamins & trace elements: Hypervitaminosm- causes & symptoms, trace elements deficiency disorders.

Evaluation of organ function test: Assessment and clinical manifestation of renal, pancreatic, gastric and intestinal functions.

Disorders of heme metabolism: Jaundice- types, causes & symptoms. Clinical importance of diagnostic enzymes- SGOT, SGPT, creatine kinase, aldolase, LDH, CPK, troponin 'C'

Renal and gastric functional test: Acute and chronic renal failure, urinary tract, observation and analysis of urinary calculi, LFT, pancreatic and gastric function test.

- 1. R. D. Lele, "Computer in Medicine", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1997.
- 2. Tay Vaughan, "Multimedia making it work', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 1997.
- 3. Davis Chapman, "Teach Yourself Visual Basic 6 in 21 days", New Delhi, 1997.
- 4. Harold Sackman, "Biomedical Information Technology', Academic Press, New York, 1997.
- 5. Tietz Fundamentals of Clinical Chemistry (5th edn.) C A Burtis, E R Ashwood (eds.) Saunders WB Co.

- 6. Notes on Clinical Chemistry Whitby L G, A F Smith, G J Beckett, S M Walker, Blackewll science Inc.
- 7. Practical Clinical Biochemistry methods and later ,3rd edition,2003,2006 by Ranjna Chawla.
- 8. Practical Clinical Biochemistry, 4th edition, 2005, by Harold Valley.
- 9. Practical Biochemistry-Principles and Techniques,5th edition by Keith Wilson and John Walker(2000).
- 10. Introductiory Practical Biochemistry-3rd edition,2005 by S.K.Sawtrey,Randhir Singh.
- 11. Biochemical Methods- 3rd edition,2008,by S.Sadasivan and A.Manickam.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3043	Plant and Industrial Biochemistry	SC	4	0	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

- To acquire a good working knowledge of the chemistry of important biological processes in plants,
- To understand and explain secondary metabolites and their potential therapeutic and nutritional uses
- To enable students to readily assess current developments in plant and industrial biochemistry.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Acquire knowledge about how light energy is captured and transformed to power the functions
 of cells and wholeplants.
- Analyze the response of plants for various factors
- Attain knowledge about the structure, function and biosynthetic pathways of essential biochemical molecules and their key chemical and physical properties
- Develop an understanding of various aspects of BioprocessTechnology.
- Develop skills associated with screening of industrially importantStrains

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit-1 13hrs

Structure and functions of plant cell (including cell wall, plasmodesmata, meristematic cells, vacuoles, secretary systems and root quiescent zone), Isolation of cell organelles, absorption, adsorption and transport of water and ions in plants. Evapotranspiration.

Biological nitrogen fixation and ammonia assimilation. Nitrate and sulphate reduction and their incorporation into amino acids. Translocation of inorganic and organic substances. Metabolism of sucrose and starch. Important routes (pathways) of biosynthesis-phenyl propanoid pathway; Mevalonate pathway; Acetate-mevalonate pathway

Photosynthesis – structure of organelles involved in photosynthesis in plants and bacteria. Proton gradients and electron transfer in chloroplasts of plants and in purple bacteria – differences from mitochondria. Light receptors – chlorophyll, light harvesting complexes, bacteriorhodopsin, rhodopsin as ion pump.

Photosystems I and II, their location, mechanism of quantum capture and energy transfer between photosystems – ferridoxin, plastocyanin, plastoquinone, carotenoids.

The Hill reaction, photophosphorylation and reduction of CO₂.C₃, C₄ and CAM metabolism, light and dark reaction. Light activation of enzymes, regulation of photosynthesis. Photorespiration.

Unit-2 13hrs

Special features of secondary plant metabolism, formation of phenolic acids, tannins, lignins, lignans, pigments, terpenes, terpenoids, plant phenolics, alkaloids and surface waxes – their biosynthesis and function, cell wall components.

Plant hormones – Growth regulating substances and their mode of action. Molecular effects of auxin in regulation of cell extension and of gibberllic, abscisic acids and cytokinins in the regulation of seed dormancy, germination, growth and development and embryogenesis. Biochemistry of seed development and fruit ripening. Defence system in plants. Tissue culture and transgenic plants.

Plant responses to biotic and abiotic stresses:Introduction; Plant pathogens and diseases; plantdefense systems-hypersensitive response; systemic acquired resistance; induced systemic resistance; Plant abiotic stress responses-Salt stress, drought and heavy metal stress responses; osmotic adjustment and significance of osmotic agents such as proline, sugar alcohols andquaternary ammonium compounds; An overview of oxidative stress and oxidative damage. Antioxidant enzymes and stress tolerance. Plant biotic stress response – pathogen and insects.

INDUSTRIAL BIOCHEMISTRY

Unit-3

Nanobiotechnology: Types of nanoparticles, DNA based nanostructures, nanosized carriers for drug delivery. Role of nanoparticles in drug delivery. Nanobiotechnology in gene therapy, tissue engineering andtransplantation.

Pharmaceutical Biochemistry and Vaccine Development

Development of new drug/molecules and elucidation of their mechanisms of actions; formulations; pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics; factors affecting drug efficacy drug resistance; traditional medicines; biotransformation; large scale production of humanized monoclonal antibodies; vaccine development.

Food Biochemistry

Introduction to different categories of food; constituents of food products and their functional properties; introduction to food processing; food spoilage; intrinsic and extrinsic factors affecting the quality and life of food material; food storage and preservation techniques; food poisoning; molasses and alcohol production. Industrial production of proteases; carbohydrases; lipases and their applications, vaccine production by rDNA technology; downstream processing.

Unit -4 13hrs

Fermentation technology- surface, submerged and continuous culture techniques. Design and operation of fermentors, Agitation and Aeration, selection and growth of microorganisms in controlled environments, medium development. Strategies for improvement and maintenance of the industrial strains, Bioreactors. Production of fermented milks, cheese, alcoholic beverages, breads by yeast. Fermentation production of Antibiotics- pencillin, streptomycin, Organic acid, citric acid, lactic acid, Enzymes –amylase, proteases, Amino acid-glutamic acid, lysine and Vitamins-B12 and vitamin C.

Microbial transformation

Types, techniques and commercial applications. Bioleaching and biosorption, Biodegradation and Bioremediation, Biomass and Bioenergy, Biopolymers and Biosurfactants. Enzyme electrodes and biosensors. Sewage water treatment – primary, secondary and tertiary treatments. Bio-control agents-Insecticidal toxins of Bacillus thuringenesis.

Bioethics and Biosafety, biosafety guideline and regulations, animals in research, Legal and socioeconomic impacts of Biotechnology, Ethical, legal and social implications (ELSI) of HGP.Ethics in clinical trials. Intellectual property rights and protections for biological inventions. Patent and process involved in patenting.

Reference Books:

- 1. Handbook of photosynthesis (ed) mohammad pe sarakle, marcel Dekkar, Inc. NY. Basel. Hong Kong 1997.
- 2. Introduction to plant biochemistry (1983) T W Goodwin and E I mercer. Pergaman press, Oxford, NY< Toronto, Sydney, Paris, Frankfurt.
- 3. Seed: physiology of development and germination (2nd ed. 1994) J D Bewley and M Black Plenum Press.
- 4. Biochemistry of energy utilization in plants D T Dennis Blackie, Glasgow and London 1987.
- 5. Industrial Microbiology by Prescott, 4th ed. CBS Publishers.
- 6. Biotechnology by Crueger, PANI Publishers.
- 7. Principles of Fermentation Technology by Stanbury.
- 8. Industrial Microbiology by A.H.Pate

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3050	BIOCHEMISTRY IN DAILY LIFE	OE	3	1	0	4	4

Course Objectives:

- To provide the students with theoretical information on micronutrients, water and electrolytes in nutritional biochemistry and their functions in metabolism.
- To develop knowledge about malnutrition and obesity
- To impart knowledge about various diseased conditions and their prevention

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Attain knowledge about importance of water, macro and micro nutrients, malnutrition and obesity.
- Analyse the causes, symptoms of various diseased conditions and their prevention.

Course Content: 52hrs

Unit 1

Nutrition

Water; General consideration, role of water in lifeBalanced diet. Nutritional importance of Energy giving, Body building and Protective foods (Vitamins and Minerals) Dietary fiber. Malnutritiondiseases, Overweight and obesity.

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Unit 2

Diseases 1

Incidence, symptoms, Prevention and dietary management. of various Diseases:

Diabetes, diseases of Liver, & Pancreas-Hepatitis: alcoholic liver diseases. Renal disease: Acute and Chronic renal failure. Dialysis, medical and nutrition therapy.

13hrs

Unit 3

Diseases 2

Incidence, symptoms, Prevention and dietary management. of various Diseases:

Gastrointestinal diseases, Gastritis, Peptic, stomach and duodenal ulcer, Diarrhoea, constipation. Cancer and HIV/AIDS: Types, stages of cancer, and colon cancer. HIV infection and social issues.

13hrs

Unit 4

Interpretation of Diagnostic Reports

Commonly used bio chemical tests for diagnosis of various diseases and their interpretation. Total blood count, Blood glucose and urea; serum lipid–cholesterol, LDL and HDL triglyceride, and serum proteins. *Urine* creatinine, Glucose and protein (albumin). *Enzymes:* SGPT, SGOT

13hrs

Reference Books:

- 1. Physical Biochemistry. Kansal Edward Van Halde. Prentice Hall.
- 2. Practical Clinical Biochemistry, ed. Harold Varley, 4th edn. CBS Publishers (1988).
- 3. Practical Clinical Biochemistry: Methods and Interpretation, ed. Ranjna Chawla, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers (1996).
- 4. Practical and Clinical Biochemistry for Medical Students, ed. T.N. Pattabhiraman, Gajanna Publishers (1994).
- 5. Hawk's Physiological Chemistry, ed. Oser, 14th Edn.(1976), Tata-McGrawHill.
- 6. Kuby Immunology; Oven, Punt, Stranford, 7th Edn. W. H. Freeman (2013).
- 7. Hepatology- A clinical text book by k Mauss, Berg, Rockstroh, Sarrazin, Wedemeyer H (2017)
- 8. Hepatology: a Textbook of Liver Disease, 4th edition by Zakim, Boyer 2003.
- 9. Text book of Diabetes 5th edition by Richard I. G. Holt, Clive Cockram, Allan Flyvbjerg, Barry J. Goldstein John Wiley & Sons 2011.
- 10. Molecular Biology of the Cell; 6 th Edn. Bruce Alberts, Alexander Johnson, Julian Lewis, David Morgan, Martin Raff, Keith Roberts, Peter Walter; Garland Science (2014).

	Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	T	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
94	M19BC3060	SOFT SKILL	RULO	2	0	0	2	2

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Soft skill training aid the students to know the recent developments in their field and become job-ready. It includes instrument training, Computational Biology and Clinical Research.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3070	Advanced Molecular Techniques (LABORATORY IX)	НС	0	0	4	4	8

Course Objective:

Acquire an advanced level of knowledge on the activity of genes and genomes and the mechanisms of genome regulation at the transcriptional and post-transcriptional level, in the contexts of development, differentiation, cellular homeostasis and cancer.

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Understand key principles of how cells work, including gene regulation, protein synthesis and signaltransduction.
- Develop an understanding of the observational and experimental character of science, including
- Learn appreciation of the need for good experimental design and scientific research practices

Course Content:

- 1. DNA and RNA techniques using nitrocellulose Southern and Northern Blotting.
- 2. Electroblotting of DNA restriction fragments.
- 3. Sequencing of DNA and RNA on polycrylamide gels.(Industrial Visit)
- 4. Rapid amplification of polymorphic DNA(RAPD).
- 5. Amplification of desirable gene by PCR
- 6. Real Time-Polymerase Chain Reaction RT-PCR. (Industrial Visit)
- 7 .Sequencing of DNA and RNA on polyacrylamide gels.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	C	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC3080	Genetic Engineering (LABORATORY X)	НС	0	0	2	2	4

Course Objectives:

To achieve basic understanding of molecular genetics, structure, function and regulation of genes in both prokaryotes and eukaryotes, as conceptualized

To provide a firmer conceptual basis for all of genetics

Course Outcomes:

After completing the course the student shall be able to:

- Describe techniques involved in genetic engineering and apply this technology to combine genetic material from two differentspecies
- Diagnose the alternation of an organism's genetics, or hereditary material to eliminate undesirable characters or to produce desirable characters.

Course Content:

- 1. Preparation of plasmid DNA from bacterial source.
- **2.** Digestion by endonucleases and separation of DNA restriction fragment on agarose gel electrophoresis.
- **3.** Ligation of DNA.
- **4.** Preparation of competent cells
- 5. Isolation, quantification and characterization of total RNA from plant and microbial source.
- **6.** Digestion of endonucleases and separation of DNA restriction fragment on agarose gel electrophoresis.

SEMESTER - IV

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC4010	INTERNSHIP	НС	0	0	4	4	8

Internship: Minimum of four weeks duration internship should be carried out by the student either in industry or in an R&D organization, including educational institutes with excellent research culture. In case, if a student is unable to secure internship either in industry or in an R&D organization, a project may be carried out within the university. The student is expected to submit a formal report at the end of the internship programme. The student shall be awarded the marks for internship based on the (a) presentation and (b) comprehensive viva by the panel of examiners constituted by the school.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC4020	Submission of Project work and Evaluation	НС	0	0	10	10	20

Course Objective:

To carry out the research under the guidance of supervisor and in the process learn the techniques of research.

Course Outcomes:

On successful completion of the project, the student shall be able to:

- 1. Familiarize with literature search
- 2. Conduct the experiments related to research and formulate computational techniques
- 3. Interpret the scientific data.
- 4. Write report and defend the research findings.

Project:

Each student will choose the topic of research particularly from any area of soft cores studied and work under the guidance of allocated faculty member. The project shall preferably be application oriented or industry need based that could be useful to the society. In case of industry need base project the student may opt co-supervisor from the concerned industry. The student will have to make a preliminary survey **97 1** P a g e

of research done in broad area of his/her area of interest and decide on the topic in consultation with his/her supervisor(s). The project work floated should be completed within 16 weeks and project report has to be submitted within the stipulated date by the University/ within 18 weeks whichever is earlier. The student has to meet the concerned supervisor(s) frequently to seek guidance and also to produce the progress of the work being carried out. The student should also submit progress report during 5th week and 10th week of the beginning of the semester and final draft report with findings by 15th week. After the completion of the project the student shall submit project report in the form of dissertation on a specified date by the School.

Course Code	Course Title	Course Type	L	Т	P	С	Hrs./ Wk.
M19BC4030	SWAYAM/MOOC	RULO	2	1	1	2	3

Massive Open Online Courses (MOOCs) are online courses that allow participants free access and unrestricted participation to any course of their choice. Besides the conventional modes of teaching such as lectures, videos and reading material; MOOCs also provide a platform for interactive forums.

Globally, MOOC platforms are gaining much popularity. Considering the popularity and relevance of MOOCs, Government of India has also launched an indigenous platform, SWAYAM. SWAYAM (Study Webs of Active Learning for Young Aspiring Minds) is basically an integrated MOOCs platform for distance education that is aimed at offering all the courses from school level (Class IX) to post-graduation level. The platform has been developed collaboratively by MHRD (Ministry of Human Resource Development) and AICTE (All India Council for Technical Education) with the help of Microsoft and is capable of hosting 2,000 courses.

A student shall register and successfully complete any of the courses available on SWAYAM / MOOC. Student shall inform the MOOC/SWAYAM coordinator of the school about the course to which he/she has enrolled. The duration and credits of the course shall vary depending upon the agency offering MOOC / SWAYAM courses. The student should submit the certificate issued by the agency offering SWAYAM / MOOC courses to the Coordinator of the school, the grades obtained in the course shall be forwarded to concerned authority of the University.

Career Development and Placement

Having a degree will open doors to the world of opportunities for you. But Employers are looking for much more than just a degree. They want graduates who stand out from the crowd and exhibit real life skills that can be applied to their organizations. Examples of such popular skills employers look for include:

- 1. Willingness to learn
- 2. Self motivation
- 3. Team work
- 4. Communication skills and application of these skills to real scenarios
- 5. Requirement of gathering, design and analysis, development and testing skills
- 6. Analytical and Technical skills
- 7. Computer skills
- 8. Internet searching skills
- 9. Information consolidation and presentation skills
- 10. Role play
- 11. Group discussion, and so on

REVA University therefore, has given utmost importance to develop these skills through variety of training programs and such other activities that induce the said skills among all students. A full-fledged Career Counselling and Placement division, namely Career Development Center (CDC) headed by well experienced senior Professor and Dean and supported by dynamic trainers, counsellors and placement officers and other efficient supportive team does handle all aspects of Internships and placements for the students of REVA University. The prime objective of the CDC is to liaison between REVA graduating students and industries by providing a common platform where the prospective employer companies can identify suitable candidates for placement in their respective organization. The CDC organizes preplacement training by professionals and also arranges expert talks to our students. It facilitates students to career guidance and improve their employability. In addition, CDC forms teams to perform mock interviews. It makes you to enjoy working with such teams and learn many things apart from working together in a team. It also makes you to participate in various student clubs which helps in developing team culture, variety of job skills and overall personality.

The need of the hour in the field of Biochemistry is knowledge in the subject, but also the skill todo the job proficiently, team spirit and a flavour of innovation. This kept in focus, the CDC has designed the training process, which will commence from second semester along with the curriculum. Special coaching in personality development, career building, English proficiency, reasoning, puzzles, and communication skills to every student of REVA University is given with utmost care. The process involves continuous training and monitoring the students to develop their soft skills including interpersonal skills that will fetch them a job of repute in the area of his

/ her interest and march forward to make better career. The School of Chemical and Biological sciences also has emphasised subject based skill training through lab practice, internship, project work, industry interaction and many such skilling techniques. The students during their day to day studies are made to practice these skill techniques as these are inbuilt in the course curriculum. Concerned teachers also continuously guide and monitor the progress of students.

The University has also established University-Industry Interaction and Skill Development Centre headed by a Senior Professor & Director to facilitate skill related training to REVA students and other unemployed students around REVA campus. The center conducts variety of skill development programs to students to suite to their career opportunities. Through this skill development centre the students shall compulsorily complete at least two skill / certificationbased programs before the completion of their degree. The University has collaborations with Industries, Corporate training organizations, research institutions and Government agencies like NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) to conduct certification programs. REVA University has been recognised as a Centre of Skill Development and Training by NSDC (National Skill Development Corporation) under Pradhan Mantri Kaushal Vikas Yojana.

The University has also signed MOU's with Multi-National Companies, research institutions, and universities abroad to facilitate greater opportunities of employability, students' exchange programs for higher learning and for conducting certification programs.

FACULTY MEMBERS

Name	Designation
Dr. Jayashree. S	Professor and Head School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Dr. V. Veeraraghavan	Professor, School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Dr. Ramesh Kumar Kushwaha	Assistant Professor, School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Dr. Sikandar Mulla	Assistant Professor, School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Dr. Satish Kumar M	Assistant Professor, School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Mr. Charan Raj	Assistant Professor, School of Biochemistry,
	REVA University
Mrs. Deepa. H N	Assistant Professor, School of Biochemistry,
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